

MANUEL DOS SANTOS







SuperGoal 1 Student Book

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Scope and Sequence

	Unit Title	Functions	Grammar
1	Good Morning! Pages 2–9	Greet people / Say goodbye Introduce yourself and others Talk about school supplies	Verb: be Possessive adjectives: my, your, his, her
2	What Day Is Today? Pages 10–17	Use days of the week and months Use the numbers 1 to 1,000 in context Use ordinal numbers Talk about your age Follow and give classroom instructions	Possessive adjectives: our, your, their Question words: what, when, how old Prepositions: in, on with dates
3	What's That? Pages 18-25	Give commands and instructions Ask for identification of things	Demonstrative pronouns: this/that/ these/those Imperatives Indefinite and definite articles: a/an, the
4	Around the World Pages 26-33	Talk about countries and nationalities Ask for information with yes/no questions Give basic personal information	Verb: be Question word: where Prepositions: from, in, on Can/will for requests and offers
5	Families, Families Pages 34-41	Identify family members Describe families	Verb: have Quantity expressions: any, a lot of/lots of Possessives: 's Question words: how many, who Regular and irregular plural nouns
	EXPANSION Units 1–5 Pages 42–47	Language Review Reading: Win a Free Trip to the Caribbean! Writing: Write about your country	
6	Is There a View? Pages 48-55	Talk about rooms in a house and objects in the rooms Describe the location of objects Describe houses	There is/there are Prepositions: in, in front of, behind, on, under Conjunctions: and, but, or
7	Where Do You Live? Pages 56-63	Name places in a city Describe location Ask for and give directions	Verb: live + preposition Prepositions of place: across from, between, next to, on, near, far from Imperatives for a command, instruction or advice Comparative and superlative adjectives
8	What Are You Doing? Pages 64-71	Talk about what people are doing	Present progressive tense Questions with what + present progressive Would like and would like to





Listening	Pronunciation	Reading	Writing
Listen to conversations for specific information	Sentence intonation	A New Student!	Write a conversation Make and illustrate a list of greetings (Project)
Listen to conversations for specific information	Stressed syllables	How Old Are They?	Complete a form with personal information Write about animal life spans (Project)
Listen for specific details	Voiced th and unvoiced th	Museum of Science	Write about things in a museum Make a brochure for a museum (Project)
Listen for specific information—telephone numbers, emails, and addresses	Telephone numbers, emails, addresses	Lapland: The Land of the Midnight Sun	Write your name, address, telephone numbers, and email for a class directory Make an information poster about your country (Project)
Listen for specific information about a family	Do you?	Family Values and Society	Write about an imaginary family Write about the Saudi royal family (Project)
	Chant Along: Orders, Orders, Ev Project: Prepare a set of school r		
Listen for specific information to perform a task	Yes/no question intonation	Unusual Houses	Describe your home Make a poster about a dream house (Project)
Listen to follow directions	Syllable stress	Famous Neighborhoods	Write a postcard about your neighborhood Make a brochure for your neighborhood (Project)
Listen for specific details about ongoing activities	The -ing ending	Teenagers' Favorite Place	Write about ongoing activities of family and friends Write about a popular teenage hangout (Project)



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Scope and Sequence

	Unit Title	Functions	Grammar		
9	What Do You Do? Pages 72-79	Ask and answer questions about jobs Describe job activities Ask and answer with why/because	Simple present tense Questions with what Conjunctions: so/because		
10	What's School Like? Pages 80–87	Talk about school subjects Describe people's physical traits Describe people's personality Discuss likes and dislikes	Simple present tense Adjectives (position) Intensifiers: very, quite, really, etc. Adjectives with -ed and -ing		
11 What Time Do You Get Up? Pages 88-95		Describe daily activities and routines Express time	Adverbs of frequency: always, usually, sometimes, never Time expressions: before, after, then, every day Prepositions: at, in, on in time expressions Simple present versus present progressive		
EXPANSION Units 6-11 Pages 96-107		Language Review Reading: Email Pals Writing: Write an email about famil About You Chant Along: My Neighborhood!	ly and activities		
12	What Can You Do There? Pages 108-115	Talk about places and activities Express ability Express likes and dislikes	Modal: <i>can</i> Verb: <i>like</i> + infinitive Gerunds and infinitives after verbs		
13	What Are You Going to Wear There? Pages 116–123	Talk about clothing and colors Express future plans Make suggestions	Future: be + going to Time expressions for the future: tomorrow, next week, next month, etc. Present progressive: future arrangements and time expressions		
14	Let's Celebrate Pages 124–131	Talk about national holidays and celebrations Express wants and needs Make suggestions and invitations	Object pronouns Need/want/like + infinitive Let's + verb Modals: must/mustn't/should/shouldn't		
15	Then and Now Pages 132-139	Talk about the past Describe places and people in the past	Simple past tense: be To be born There was/there were		
16	What Did You Do Last Week? Pages 140–147	Talk about past activities	Simple past tense Regular past tense verbs Irregular past tense verbs Time expressions for the past: yesterday, last night, last week, last month Simple present versus simple past		
00	EXPANSION Units 12-16 Pages 148-155	Language Review Reading: My Favorite Hangout Pla	ice		

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Listening	Pronunciation	Reading	Writing
Listen for specific details about jobs	Third-person singular verb endings /s/ and /z/	Follow Your Dream	Write about your dream job Make a list of good and bad jobs (Project)
Listen for specific details about people	Third-person singular verb ending -es	School Clubs	Write a description of a person you know Make an advertisement for a school club (Project)
Listen for specific details about daily activities	Linking—Does he and Does she	Schooldays: School Around the World	Write an email about a typical day at school Write about school routines around the world (Project)

Language Review

Reading: English Everywhere Chant Along: The English Class Project: Language survey

Listen for specific information from a radio ad	Can and can't	Places to visit in Saudi Arabia	Write a postcard from a resort in your country Design a brochure for a vacation resort (Project)
Listen for specific details about clothing and colors	Going to	The Iguassu Falls	Write a description of people's clothing Do a class survey on shopping advice (Project)
Listen for specific details from invitations	Nonstressed object pronouns	Eid Celebrations	Write about a holiday celebration in your country Present a celebration in another country (Project)
Listen for specific details from a biography	Was and were	A Real Giant	Write about a celebrity Write an interview with a famous person (Project)
Listen for specific details about a past event	Past tense endings— /t/, /d/, /ɪd/	Favorite Foods—Around the World	Write a recipe for your favorite food Present a regional dish in your country (Project)



Writing: A funny or unexpected event Chant Along: My Dream Vacation

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1 Good Morning!



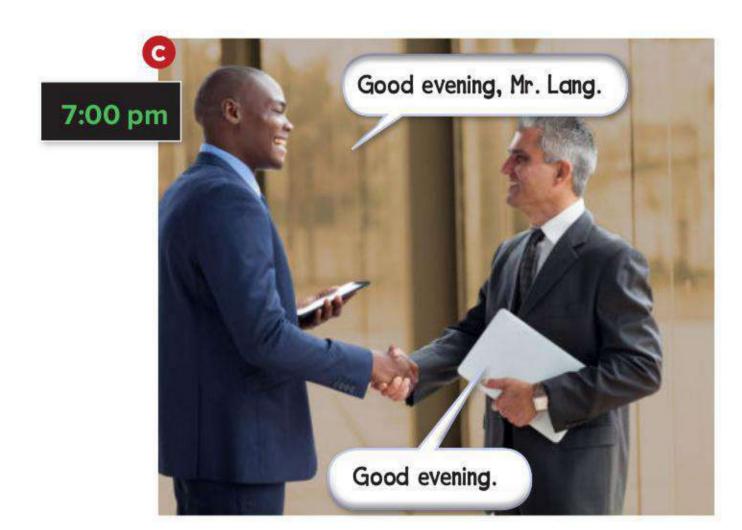














Saying Goodbye





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Introductions





Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. Circle all the "hello" greetings in the conversations.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - 1. _____ Mr. Porter is George's father.
 - 2. _____ Danny's greeting to Alex is "Good morning."
 - 3. _____ Michael's friends call him Mike.
 - 4. ____ Hanan and Asma are friends.

Use titles with last names or with first name + last name: Ms. Jones or Ms. Karen Jones. In greetings, use titles with last names only. You say, "Hello, Ms. Jones."

		Married	Single
Man	Mr.	~	~
Woman	Mrs.	~	
	Miss		~
	Ms.	~	/

2 Pair Work



- A. Start a conversation with a partner.
 - Hi, _____. How are you?
 - Fine, ____. And you?
 - I'm OK. / I'm fine.
- B. Introduce yourself to a new partner.
 - Hi. I'm _____. What's your name?
- My name's _____. My friends call me _____.
- · Nice to meet you.

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- C. Introduce your friend to a classmate.
 - **A:** _____, this is my friend, _____.

_____, this is my classmate, ____.

- B: Nice to meet you.
- C: Nice to meet you, too.

*FYI: For Your Information

Good Morning!

3 Grammar 🌉



Verb: be

Singular Plural

John. We're ľm (|+am|)(we + are) You're You're Sue. (you + are) (you + are) friends. Bill. He's (he + **is**) They're (they + are)

She's (she + **is**) Mary.

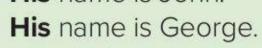


The short forms with apostrophes (') are contractions.

Possessive Adjectives: my, your, his, her

Singular

My name is Fatima. Is your name Mona? His name is John.







A.	Complete	the	sentences.	Use	the	correct	torm	Of	the	verb	be.
----	----------	-----	------------	-----	-----	---------	------	----	-----	------	-----

- 1. Mr. Albadri _____ the principal. 4. ____ Rana Atwan a teacher?
- **5.** You _____ my best friend. **2.** I _____ a student.
- 3. Matt and Ben _____ classmates. 6. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson ____ married.
- B. Complete the sentences with possessive adjectives.
 - 1. He's a teacher. _____ name is Mr. Farhat. 3. He's the director. ____ name is Mr. Hariri.
 - 2. I'm a student. _____ name is Aisha. 4. This is Henry. ____ last name is Parker.
- **C.** Complete the conversations. Then practice with a partner.
 - **1. A:** What's _____ name? **3. A:** What's _____ name?
 - **B:** His name _____ Luke. **B:** Her name is Debbie. She _____ my neighbor.
 - 2. A: Mom, this is Refaa, and this is Asma. 4. A: Welcome to English class. _____ name is . They ____ my friends. Mrs. Nadia.
 - **B**: Nice to meet _____. **B:** Hello, Mrs. Nadia. _____ Yasmine.

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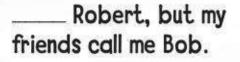
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D. Complete the conversations. Use the phrases in the box.

How are you See you later **Good morning** My name is

Nice to meet you **Good evening**















Bye. Take care.

4 Pronunciation



Listen to the intonation. Then practice.

What's your name?

How are you?

How's it going?

Listening



Listen. Mark the correct response.

- **1. a.** ___ Not bad.
 - **b.** ___ Thank you.
- 2. a. ___ My name is Brad.
 - **b.** ___ Goodbye.
- **b.** ____ l'm OK.
- 3. a. ••• Nice to meet you.
- **4. a.** ___ Good morning, Miss Jones.
 - **b.** ___ Hi. How are you?
- **5. a.** ___ Goodbye.
 - **b.** ____ Fine, thanks.
 - 6. a. ___ Nice to meet you.
 - **b.** ___ Take care.

About You



- 1. How do you spell your first name?
- 2. How do you spell your last name?
- 3. What do your friends call you?
- 4. What's your best friend's name?
- **5.** What's your dad's name?
- **6.** What's your brother's name?
- **7.** What's your teacher's name?
- 8. How are you today?

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Good Morning!

7 Conversation





Carlos: Are you Rick Morgan?

Rick: Yes.

Carlos: Hi. I'm Carlos Rodriguez. I'm from your company.

Nice to meet you, Carlos. Rick:

Carlos: Nice to meet you, too. Welcome to Spain.

Rick: Thank you.

Carlos: So, is this your first time here?

Rick: Yes. I'm very excited.

Carlos: All our colleagues are at the restaurant, and a big meal

is ready for you.

Rick: Great. I'm starving. The food on planes is terrible.

Your Turn

You are meeting a stranger at the airport. Make up a conversation with a classmate.

A: Are you (Mr. / Mrs. / Dr.) _____?

B: Yes.

A: I'm _____.

B: Nice _____.

A: Nice _____, too.

A: Welcome to _____.

B: Thank you.

A: _____ your first time here?

B: Yes. / No.





Reading 📖



Before Reading

What do you say when you meet someone for the first time?

A New Student!

Listen to the conversation and then practice in pairs.

Hi. My name's Ali. What's your name? Ali: Nice to meet you, Ali. My name's Ahmed. Ahmed:

Ali: Are you a new student? Yes, today is my first day here. Ahmed:

Ali: Welcome to the class, Ahmed. Where are

you from?

I'm from Abha. Ahmed: Ali: Welcome to Riyadh.

Thank you. It's a wonderful place. Ahmed:



Take care.

How are you today?

Are you from ...

How is it going?

See you tomorrow.

Great!

This is ...

Welcome ...

Nice to meet you ...

How are you ...

Use expressions from the box above to complete the dialog.

Omar: Hi, Ali!

Good morning, Omar. (1) Ali:

Fine, thanks. (2)_____ Omar:

Great! Omar, (3) ______ Ahmed. He is a new student. Ali:

Hi, Ahmed. I'm Omar. Omar:

(4) _____, Omar. Ahmed:

Nice to meet you, too. Omar:

(5) ______today, Ahmed? Ali: (6)_____. It's a great school! Ahmed: (7) ______ your first day here? Omar:

Yes, it's my first day at school. Ahmed:

(8) _____ Riyadh? Omar:

No, I am from Abha. Ahmed:

(9) ______ to Riyadh, Ahmed. Omar:

Thank you, Omar. Ahmed:

(10) ______. Nice to meet you, Ahmed. Omar:

Nice to meet you, Omar. Ahmed:

Ali: Bye. (11) ______.

After Reading

Answer **yes** or **no**.

1. ____ Ali is a new student.

2. Ali and Ahmed are in Jeddah.

3. ____ Ahmed is from Abha. وزارة التعليم

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Good Morning!





- A. Match the phrase with the correct response.
 - **1.** ____ Where are you from?
 - 2. ____ Hello. My name is Mona.
 - 3. ____ What's your teacher's name?
 - **4.** ____ Are you a new student?
 - **5.** ____ Goodbye.
 - **6.** ____ Welcome to our class.

- a. See you later.
- **b.** Yes, it's my third day here.
- c. Thanks. You're friendly here.
- d. Her name is Miss Refaa.
- e. I'm from Dammam.
- f. Nice to meet you. I'm Farah.



Writing Corner

- 1. Sentences begin with a capital letter and end with a period.
 - She is a new student.

Her name is Farah.

- 2. There is a question mark at the end of a question.
 - Is she a new student?

What is her name?

3. For questions with the verb be, the subject and the verb change places.

Question

Answer

Where is Farah from?

Farah is from Dammam.

Are you a new student?

Yes. I'm a new student.

B. Write questions for the answers in the chart. Then, work with a partner to ask and answer the questions. Write your partner's answers below the examples.

Question	Answer
4	My name is Farah.
2.	Yes, I'm a new student.
۷.	
3.	No. It's my third day at this school.
.S.	
4	I'm from Dammam.
4.	
	Miss Amal is my English teacher.
5.	

C. Work with a partner. Write a conversation to welcome a new student to your school. Use questions and expressions from page 7 and from the activities above.





· Make a list of formal and informal greetings in English. Draw a picture or find a photo for each ميلحتاا ق اهواد.

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Form, Meaning and Function

A. Write the correct word below each photo.



school

9

- B. Match the school supplies with the correct verb.
 - 1. books
- a. color
- 2. eraser
- **b.** read
- 3. pencil
- c. paint
- 4. scissors
- **d.** write
- 5. paints
- e. cut
- **6.** crayon
- f. erase
- **C.** Write the correct verb from exercise **B**.
 - **1.** We _____ books.

 - with scissors. with a pen or pencil.
 - in our notebooks.
- _ with crayons. Ministry of Education

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2 What Day Is Today?

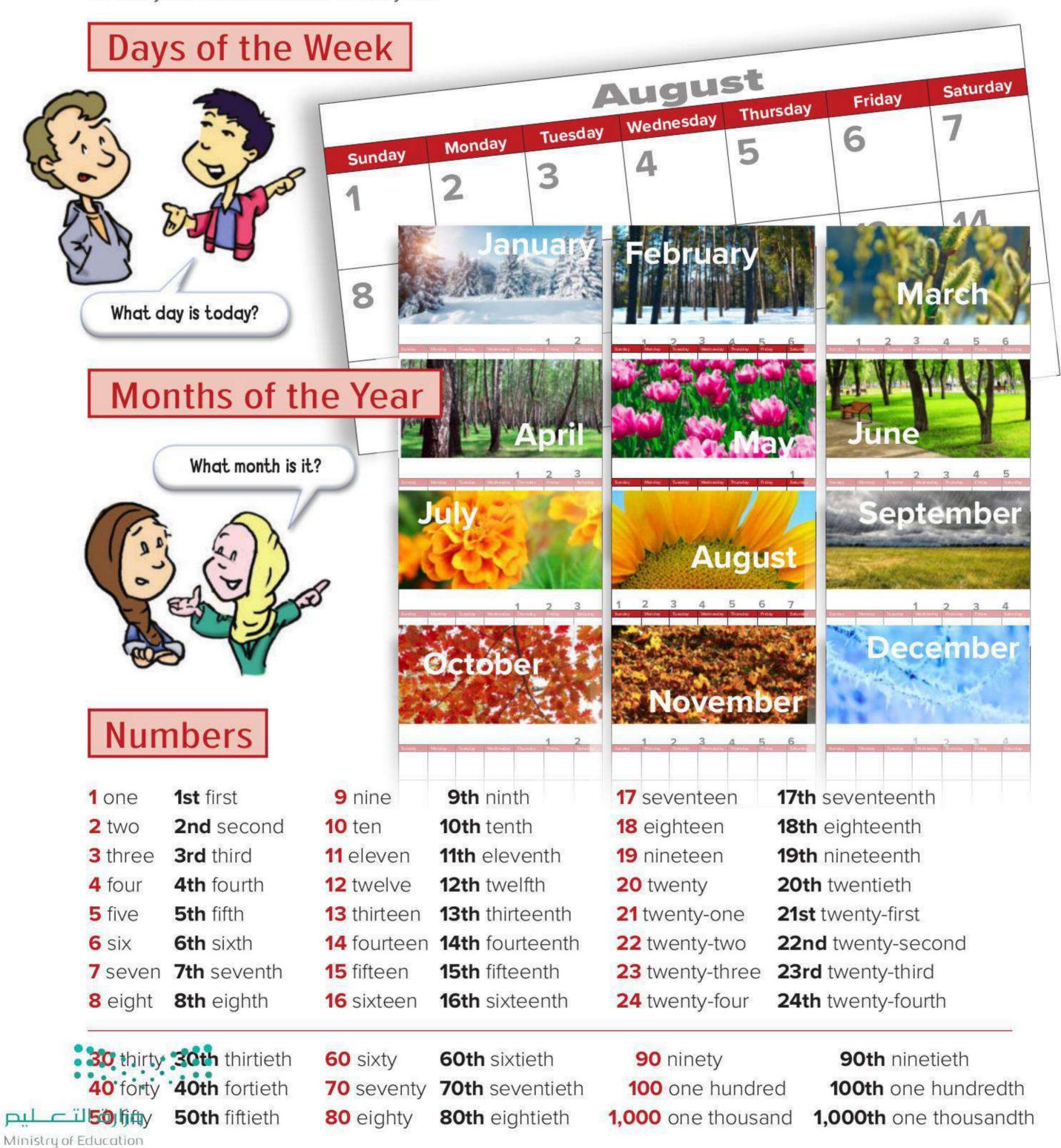


1 Listen and Discuss

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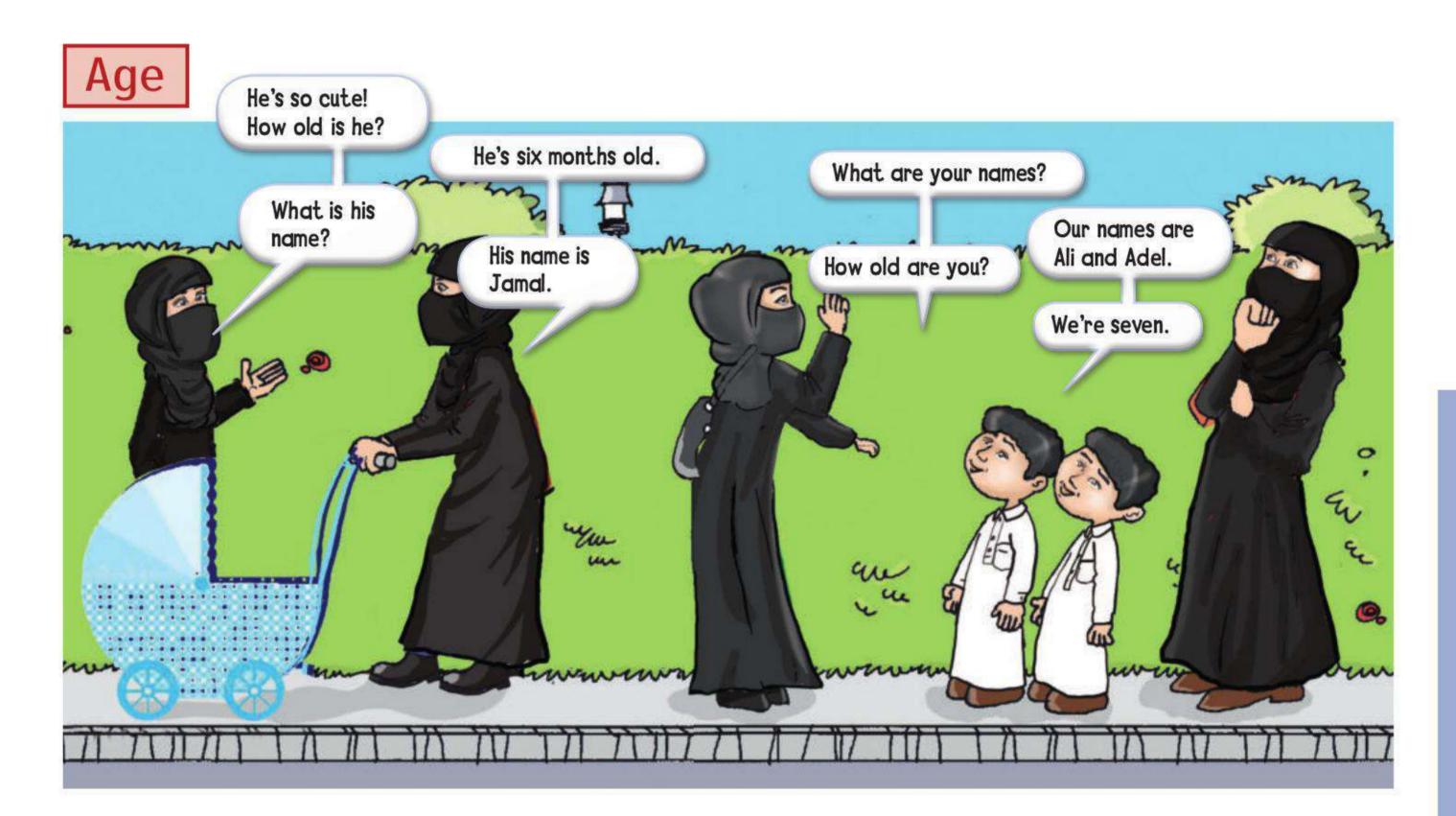


What's your favorite day of the week? What's your favorite month of the year?



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Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. Circle the ages in the conversations.
- **B.** Comprehension. Answer *yes* or *no*.
 - 1. ____ Jamal is six months old.
 - 2. ____ The boys are ten years old.
 - 3. ____ The baby's name is Abdullah.
 - 4. ____ Their names are Ali and Adel.

The plural (more than one) possessive adjectives are:

Our = belongs to us

Your = belongs to you (many people)

Their = belongs to them

Use a possessive adjective before a noun, such as an event or day, to show who the noun belongs to.

- Our vacation is in May.
- Your vacation is in May, too.

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2 Pair Work



- A. Ask and answer.
 - What day is today?
 - Today is Saturday.
 - What month is it?
 - It's April.
- B. Ask and answer with your information.
 - When is your final test?
 - It's on _____.
- C. Ask and answer in groups of three.
 - How old are you?
 - I'm _____ (years old).
 - How old is ____?
 - He / She's _____.

2 What Day Is Today?

3 Grammar





Question Words: What, When, How old

Use What to find information about specific days, dates and times.

What is the date tomorrow? It's January 20th. (it's = it + is) **What** day is your visit to the museum? Our visit is on Thursday.

Use When to find general or specific information about days, weeks, months and seasons.

When is your vacation? Our vacation is in May.

When are their football matches? Their matches are in the winter.

Use **How old** to ask the age of a person or an object. **How old** are you? I'm fifteen.

How old is the building? It is 150 years old.

Prepositions: In, On with Dates

Use different prepositions when talking about months and seasons compared to days. Use *in* with months, seasons and years. Use *on* with dates and days of the week. Use *on* to talk about things you do regularly (every week or month).

On Mondays.

Remember to use what to ask questions about times and days, and when for months and seasons.

What day do you play football?

What day is <u>your</u> final test? <u>Our</u> final test is **on** September 21st. When is <u>your</u> final test? <u>Our</u> final test is **in** September.

When do they have English classes?

When is our vacation? Our vacation is **in** the winter.

A.	Comp	lete	the	sentences.	Use	num	ber	words.
----	------	------	-----	------------	-----	-----	-----	--------

? December is the *twelfth* month of the year.

1. January is the _____ month of the year.

2. July is the ____ month of the year.

3. September is the ____ month of the year.

4. March is the _____ month of the year.

Their English classes are on Monday and Wednesday.

5. August is the _____ month of the year.

6. May is the ____ month of the year.

B. Write the dates in full.

Note: The month comes first.

1/22 January twenty-second

1. 4/13 _____

2. 2/28 _____

3. 6/17 _____

4. 10/9 _____

5. 7/4 _____

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C. Work in pairs to ask each other the dates of important national days in Saudi Arabia.

A: When is ...?

B: It is on ...

	VIII A
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- Carl	L



When is the

final test?



-	SEECH 25 200 2005	1096	200.000000	1911956	######################################	
	Complete the	conversations.	Thon	practico	with a	nartnor
-	Complete the	CONVENSATIONS.	111011	practice	VVILLI	partite.

1.	A:	are	John	and	George	?
-	-	\sim	001111	UI I U	000190	r

B: _____ 15.

A: What about Sarah?

B: _____16.

2. A: ____ are your names?

B: My name ____ Lisa, and she _____ Sandra .

A: How old _____ you?

B: We _____14.

3. A: They're nice girls.

What are _____ names?

B: Pam and Vicky.

They _____ in my English class.

4. A: _____ is your final test?

B: It's ____ March.

A: _____ date?

B: March 11th.

A: _____ final test is _____ the 11th too!

Listening

Listen to the three conversations. Complete the chart.

	Day	Date
Conversation 1		
Conversation 2		
Conversation 3		

Pronunciation



Listen to the stress on the words. Then practice.

Mom **August** Sunday Sep**tem**ber October May June **Dad A**pril teacher December tomorrow

About You



- A. Complete the form. Write the information about yourself.
- **B.** Answer the questions.
 - 1. How old is your best friend?
 - 2. What is your best friend's name?
 - 3. How old is your pet?
 - 4. What's your pet's name?



Information Form First name: _____ Middle name(s): Last name: _____ Age: _____ Birth date: _____

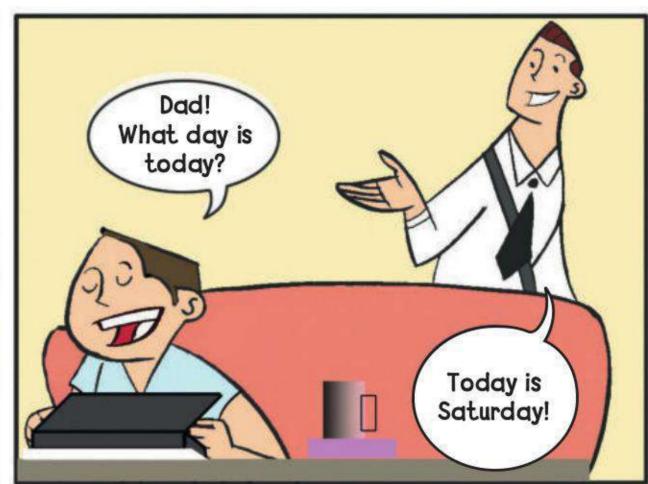
What Day Is Today?

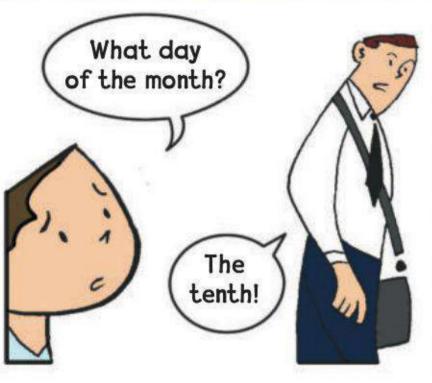


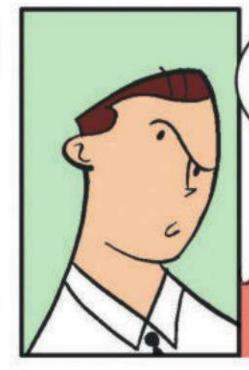
7 Conversation







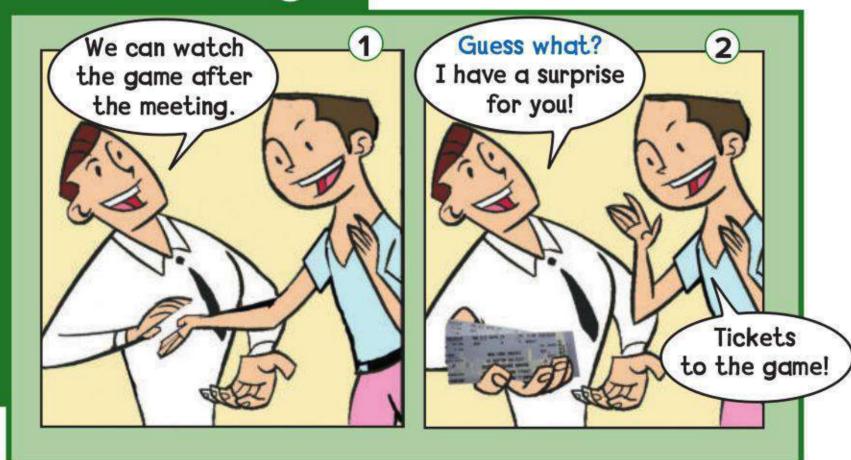








Your Ending



Real Talk

Guess what? = when we tell someone something that will surprise them You're welcome. = a polite reply to "Thank you"

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About the Conversation

- 1. What day of the week is it?
- 2. What month?
- 3. What's the date?
- 4. What is today?

Your Turn

Role-play the conversation with a partner. Use the ending you like.



8 Reading



Before Reading

Look at the pictures and the charts. What do you think the reading is about?

How Old Are They?

Flipper is a dolphin, and he is 5 years old. That is young for a dolphin. It is the age of an 18-year-old person. Flipper is a baby in human years, but he's a teen in dolphin years.





Cleo the cat is one year old. In human years, she's a 15-year-old adolescent.



Ollie the elephant is four years old, and he's only a baby. Samson, his father, is 30. That's still young for an elephant.



Marla is old-even for a turtle. She's 95.



Ar	nimal	Life Span	Animal	Life Span
tu	rtle	123 years	horse	33 years
pa	arrot	80 years	rabbit	9 years
ele	ephant	70 years	mouse	4 years

ise	mous	rabbit
		•
	0	140
	DE M	MAT
	20	A.A.



Human Years Animal Age 15 years 1 year 5 years 36 years cat 15 years 74 years

How old are you?

After Reading

- 1. How old is Flipper?
- 2. Is Marla young or old for a turtle? How old is she?
- 3. How old is Cleo the cat?

horse

4. How old is Cleo in human years?



What Day Is Today?



Writing **W**

A	Write the question word:	When, Where,	What. How. Match	each question with	the answer.
-	trinco uno question troid.		Tribut, I To II. I Tributor	Cacii qacodori midi	cito di lottori

1	is your first name?
2	do you spell that?
3	old are you?
4	are you from?
5	is your birth date?
6	is your last name?

a	Chicago.
b	Watkins.
c	Robert.
d	l'm 13.
6	W-A-T-K-I-N-S

f. ____ June 17th, 2002.



Writing Corner

- 1. Names begin with a capital letter. His name is Saeed Al-Hassan.
- 2. The names of countries and cities begin with a capital letter. I'm from Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.
- 3. Months and days of the week begin with a capital letter. Today is Wednesday, October 16th.
- B. Look at the information form. Look again at the questions in exercise A. Write the question for each piece of information. Complete the form with your information.

1				Ŷ
2				
3	4			
4		97		*/
5	77		1072	w s

	Information Form
First name:	***************************************
Last name:	
City:	
Age:	
Birth date:	

C. Make two more information forms. Then, use the questions to interview two classmates and complete the forms with their information. Remember to ask for spelling.

10 Project

Do research and find out the life span of other animals, insects, or plants and say how old they are in human years.



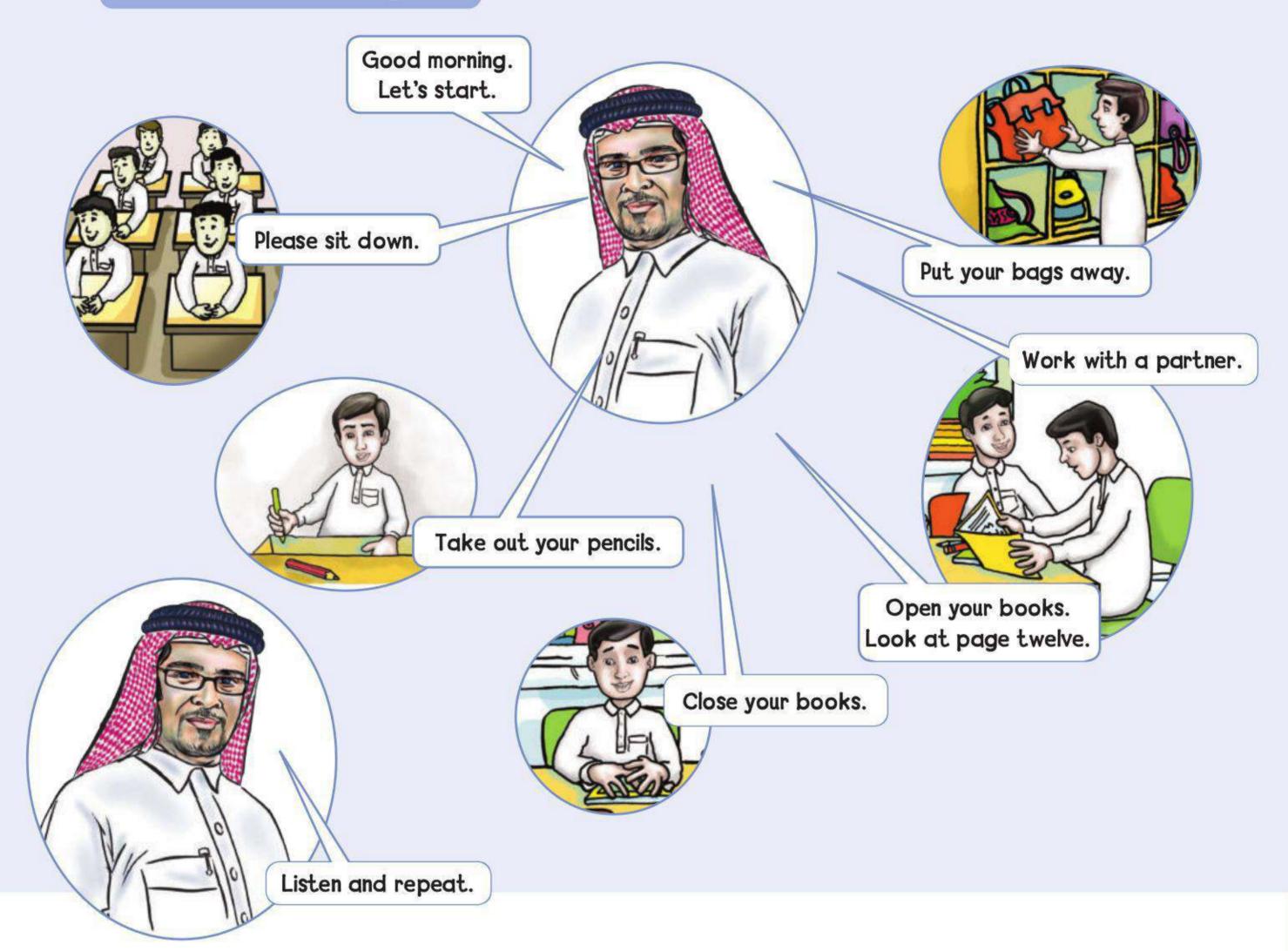


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Form, Meaning and Function



Classroom English



- A. Work with a partner. Read the instructions to your partner. Your partner only follows the instructions when you say "please." Then change roles.
- B. Write the teacher's instructions in the correct order.

Look at page eighteen.

Please sit down.

2. _____

Read the conversation.

3. _____

1. _____

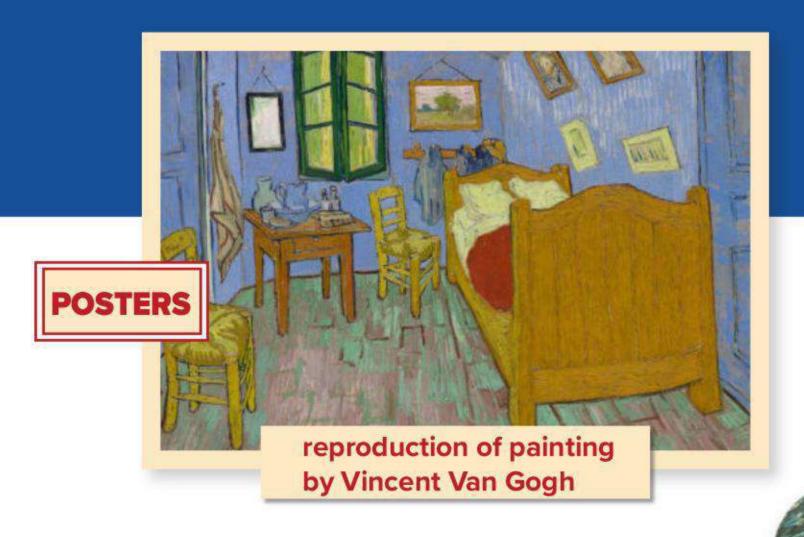
Good morning. Let's start.

4. _____

Open your books.

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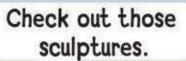




Buy a souvenir at the

MUSEUM **GIFT SHOP**



















key chains

19

13/4/22 6:24 PM

Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. What things in the pictures do you have?
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no. Tom says:
 - **1.** _____ Welcome to school.
 - 2. _____ Follow me.
 - 3. ____ Don't take photographs.
 - **4.** _____ Look at those paintings.

2 Pair Work



Ask and answer about the items in the museum.

- What's that?
- I think it's <u>a bicycle</u>. / I don't know.
- What are these?
- They're key chains.



The indefinite articles a/an come before singular nouns.

Use a before words that begin with a consonant sound: a radio, a calculator, a painting. Use an before words that begin with a vowel sound: an airplane, an English class.

The vowels are a, e, i, o, u.

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This is a famous modern sculpture. That is a water fountain.

3 Grammar 🌉



Demonstrative Pronouns: this / that / these / those

Use a demonstrative pronoun in the place of a noun to point to objects.

Use this/these for things near you.

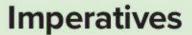
Use that/those for things far from you.

	near	far
Singular	This	That
Plural	These	Those

This school is near to my house. I want to buy this goldfish.

These chairs in my class are red. I don't like **these** flowers in my room. That park is far away from my house. Look at that bird in the sky!

Those chairs in the other class are blue. I like **those** trees in the park.



Use the imperative to give a command, or an order, and instructions. Say please to be polite.

Affirmative (+)

Sit down. / Please sit down. Come in. / Please come in.

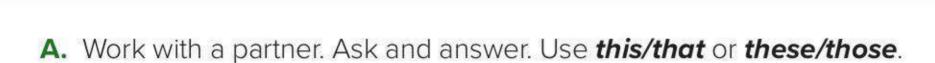
Also use the imperative to give advice. **Buy** those posters. They're nice.

Go out. The weather is good.

Negative (-)

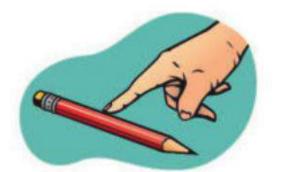
Don't sit down. / Please don't sit down. Don't come in. / Please don't come in.

Don't buy that painting. It's strange. Don't go out. It is very hot today!



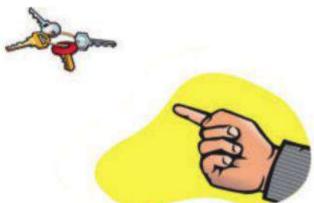
A: What's this?

B: It's a pencil.

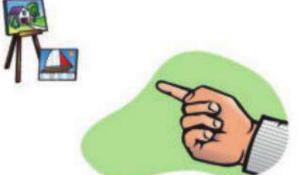


A: What are those?

B: They're keys.



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2.









6.





- B. Start to draw an object.
 - Ask a partner to guess what you are drawing.
 - A: What's this?
 - B: It's a bike.
 - A: No, it's not a bike.
 - B: It's an orange.
 - A: Yes, that's right.
- C. Match the imperatives with the pictures. Write the letters in the blanks.
 - a. Pay here.
- b. Don't take photographs.
- c. Don't use cell phones. d. Don't touch.













About You



- 1. What's in your backpack or bag?
- 2. What's on your desk?

Listening



Mark and Andy are on a tour of the museum. Listen. Circle the things they see.



6 Pronunciation



There are two ways to pronounce *th*. Listen. Then practice.

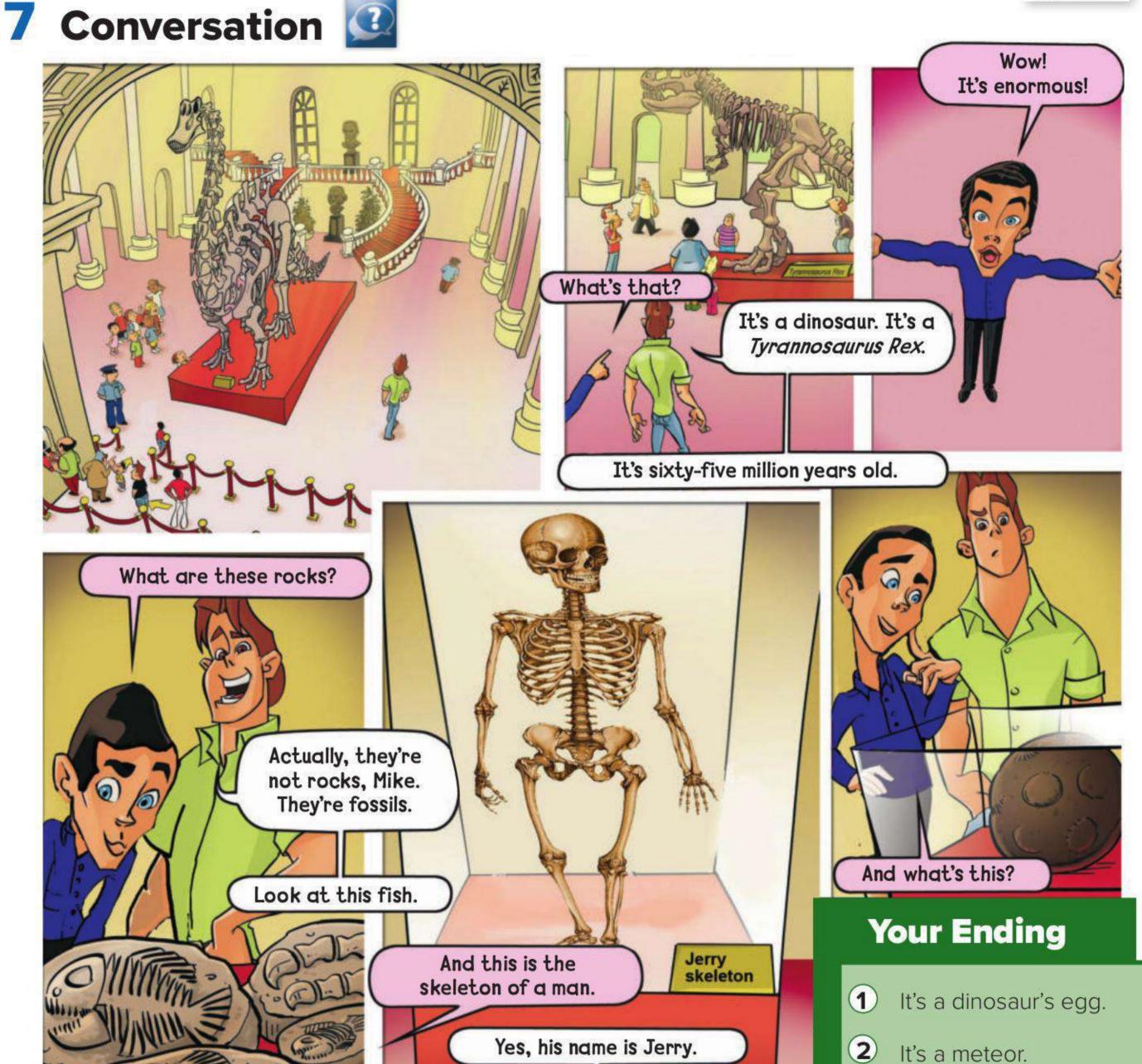


this/that these/those they

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What's That?





About the Conversation

Answer **yes** or **no**.

- **1.** ____ The skeleton of the dinosaur is small.
- 2. ___ The "rocks" are really fossils.
- The skeleton's name is Mike.
- The skeleton of the man is three million years old.

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Your Turn

Role-play the conversation with a partner. Take your partner around the museum. Try to use different items from the ones in the conversation.

It's a diamond.

He's about three million years old.



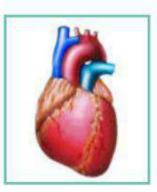
8 Reading

Before Reading

What kinds of things do you see in museums?

Museum of Science

The museum has a lot of things from the world of science and technology. See over 800 exhibits and over 2,000 interactive units.



• Walk through the six-meter model of a human heart.



See the first spacecraft to go around the moon!



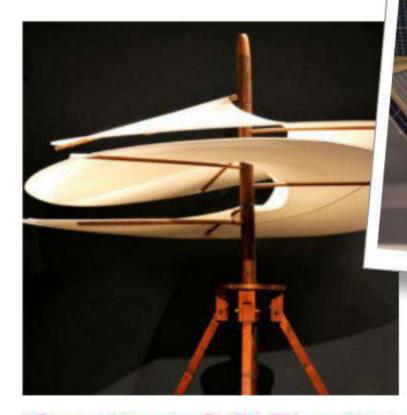
· Go inside a German submarine from World War II, 1944.

Special Attractions

Now Open!

LEONARDO DA VINCI exhibit

Discover the inventions of the famous painter—a man truly before his time!



Omnimax 3-D Theater Greece

See the film, and take a journey back in time to the birthplace of Western civilization.



- 1. Are there museums in your town?
- 2. What's the most famous museum in your country? What is in it?
- 3. What's your favorite museum? What section?

After Reading

Complete the sentences.

- 1. The museum has things from the world of _
- 2. The six-meter model is of a ______.
- **3.** The inventions are by ______.
- 4. The film is about ______.



23





3 What's That?



9 Writing

A. What is a museum you know? What are your favorite objects in the museum? Write notes in the chart. Describe the age, size, or where the objects are from. You can use words like: old, new, modern, big, small, nice, strange, or interesting.

Museum:				
Object	Description			

Writing Corner

- 1. Use the indefinite article a or an to introduce a singular noun for the first time.

 The museum has a dinosaur skeleton.
- Use the definite article the to talk about a noun for the second time.
 The dinosaur skeleton is enormous.
- 3. Add s to most plural nouns. Do not use the article a or an with plural nouns. The museum has many fossils.
- 4. Use the definite article the to talk about plural nouns for the second time.

 The fossils are about 200 million years old.
- **B.** Read the text. What objects are in the museum? What words describe the objects? Underline the guide's instructions.

Welcome to the National Museum. My name's Hameed. I'm your guide. This exhibit is interesting. Follow me. This is a meteorite. The meteorite is from a crater in the desert. Please, don't touch it. These are dinosaur skeletons. They're big. This skeleton is strange. It isn't a fish. It's a dinosaur from the sea. That's an enormous skeleton of an elephant. The skeleton is about 12 million years old. Please, don't take photographs.

C. Be a museum guide. Write about your favorite objects in a museum. Use your notes from the chart in A and ideas from this unit. Describe the objects and give instructions to the visitors.



Make a brochure for a museum and label the objects in it. Use drawings or photos from the المارة التاحيا التاحيا المارة التاحيا التاحيا المارة التاحيا الت

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The Definite Article: the

The definite article the comes before singular and plural nouns.

the student the students

Use the for specific objects or people that were introduced before or that are known.

Do not use the with plural nouns when talking in general.

He is a tourist. **The** tourist is in New York.

Where are the students? They're at the art museum.

Teachers work at schools.

Use the for objects that are one of a kind.

the Earth the moon the sun

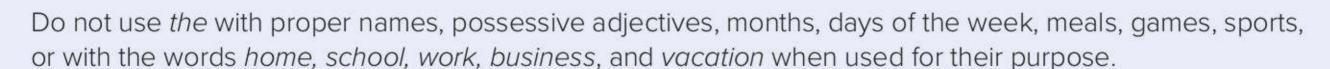
the stars the sky the sea



Use the with the names of oceans, seas, rivers, mountain ranges, deserts, groups of states, and monuments.

the National Museum the Red Sea the Amazon the Eiffel Tower

the Pacific Ocean the Alps the United States the Arabian Desert



Fahd is my brother. He is in Dubai on business. Let's play tennis after lunch.

A. V	Vrite th	ne o	definite	article	the	where	necessary
------	----------	------	----------	---------	-----	-------	-----------

1. _____ Riyadh is _____ capital of _____ Saudi Arabia.

2. Look in _____ sky! You can see _____ moon and ____ stars.

3. What is _____ population of ____ Saudi Arabia?

4. ______ Pyramids are in _____ Egypt. _____ Nile is in _____ Egypt, too.

5. _____ Spanish is _____ official language of _____ Mexico.

B. Write the article **a**, **an**, or **the** where necessary.

1. That is _____ airplane. ____ airplane is in _____ sky.

2. We play ______ football in _____ park on _____ Saturdays.

3. This is _____ my father. He is at _____ work. He is _____ teacher.

exhibits at ______ National Museum are very interesting.

5. Look at ______ picture on _____ page 22. _____ people are at _____ museum.

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4 Around the World



1 Listen and Discuss

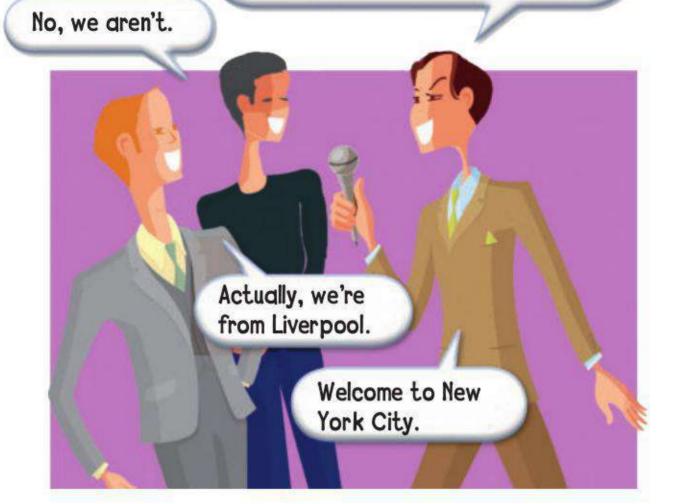


What place is in the photo? Who are the people in the pictures?

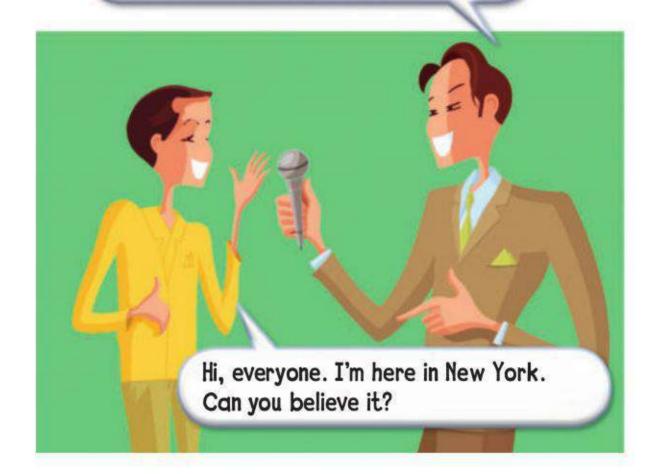


Here are John and Paul. So you're

English. Are you from London?



Here is Tom Lennon. He's from Australia. Say hi to our viewers.



Country	Nationality	Capital
Brazil	Brazil ian	Brasilia
Canada	Canadian	Ottawa
Egypt	Egyptian	Cairo
Jordan	Jordan ian	Amman
Russia	Russian	Moscow
Syria	Syr ian	Damascus
England	Engl ish	London
Spain	Span ish	Madrid
Mexico	Mexican	Mexico City
United States	American	Washington, D.C.
Venezuela	Venezuelan	Caracas
Saudi Arabia	Saudi	Riyadh
Oman	Omani	Muscat
China	Chinese	Beijing
France	French	Paris
Others:		

Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. What country and nationality names do you use often? Circle them. Add any others to the chart.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - Dan is in New York.
 - Tom isn't Australian.
 - The English tourists aren't from London.
 - The man from China is on vacation.

2 Pair Work



- A. Ask and answer.
- 1. Is Dan from New York?
 - Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.
- 2. Where is Tom from?
- - He's from Australia.
 - 3. What's his nationality?
 - He's Chinese.

- B. Ask and answer about yourself.
- 1. Where are you from?
- 2. What's your nationality?
- 3. What's the capital of your country?

Around the World



3 Grammar



Verb: be

Negative (-)

ľm	not		(am not
You	aren't		(are not
Не		from the U.S.	
She	isn't		(is not)
14			

from Saudi Arabia?



isn't = is not, aren't = are not

We		
You	aren't	from the U.S.
They		

Questions (?)

Are	you		
	he		
ls	she		
	it		
Are	we		
	they		

Short Answers (+)

	1	am
	he	
Yes,	she	is.
	it	
	we	are.
	they	

Short Answers (-)

	l'm	not.
	he	
No,	she	isn't.
	it	
	we	aren't.
	they	

Question Word: Where

Where are | you/they | from? he/she/it

Prepositions: from, in, on

Sally is **from** England. Rome is **in** Italy.

Mr. Omar is here on business.

No, it isn't. It's Portuguese.

Pat is **on** vacation.

A.	Comp	lete th	ne conversa	tions. Then	practice	with a	partner.
----	------	---------	-------------	-------------	----------	--------	----------

- 1. A: ____ they Russian?
 - **B:** No, they _____.
 - A: What _____ their nationality?
 - **B:** They _____ Polish.
- **2. A:** _____ are you from?
 - **B:** We _____ from Mexico.
 - A: _____ you on vacation?
 - **B:** Yes, we _____.

- **3. A:** _____ your friend Japanese?
 - **B:** No, he _____.
- A: Where _____ he from?
 - **B:** He _____ from Vietnam.
- **4. A:** _____ from Jordan?
 - B: Yes, I am.
 - A: _____ it hot there?
 - **B:** Yes, it _____.

B. Agree or disagree with the following information.

- The official language in Brazil is Spanish.
- 1. The capital of China is Beijing.
- 2. The capital of Korea is Manila.
- 3. Manchester and Liverpool are in Spain.
- 4. The official languages in Canada are English and French.
- 5. The primary language in Mexico is Spanish.

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4 Pronunciation



A. Listen and repeat.

With telephone numbers and addresses, we often say "oh" for zero.

With email addresses:

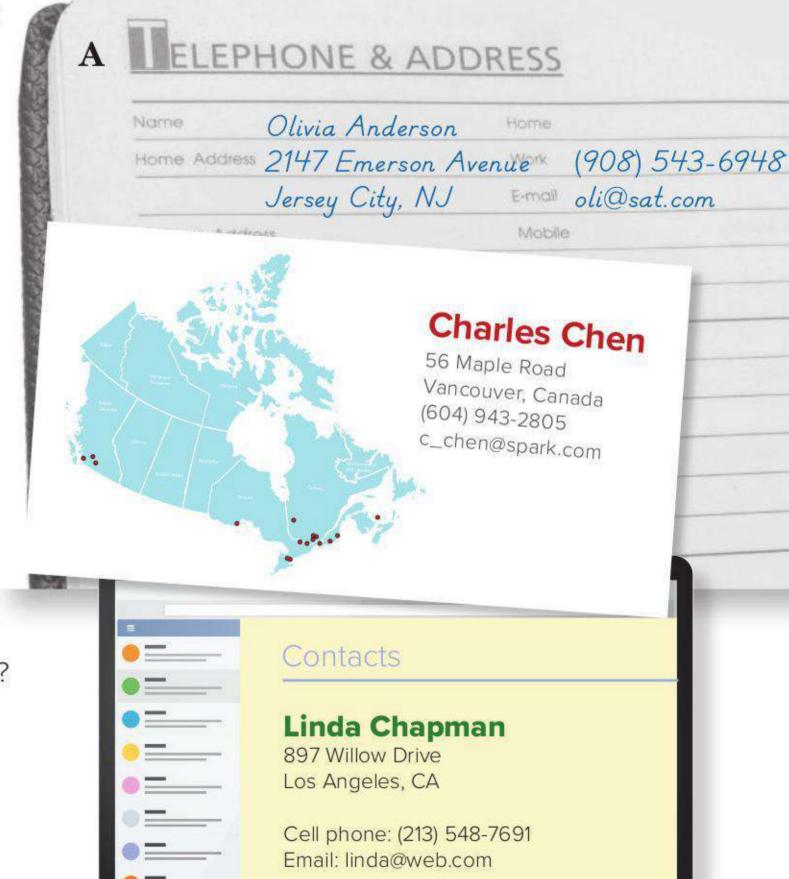
 $\mathbf{@} = at$

 $\cdot = dot$

_ = underscore

Telephone Numbers	Emails	Addresses
754-9730	bwilson@web.com	297 Birch Street
603-861-5278	lia_byrd@spark.com	1560 Riverside Avenue

- B. Work with a partner. Ask and answer. Use your own information and the information on the right.
- 1. A: What's your telephone number?
 - **B:** It's 474-6893.
 - A: What's the area code?
 - **B:** It's <u>305</u>.
 - A: What's the country code?
 - **B:** It's 1.
- 2. A: What's your address?
 - B: It's 219 King Street.
 - A: What's your email address?
 - **B:** It's mike_jones@worldnet.com.
- 3. A: What's his/her telephone number?
 - **B:** It's ______.
 - A: What's his/her address?
 - **B:** It's ______.



Listening



Listen. Mark the correct answer.

- **1. a.** (212)
- 4. a. nat@star.com
- **b.** (202)
- b. ned@star.com
- 2. a. 60 Green Street
- 5. a. 80 Park Lane
- **b.** 16 Green Street
- b. 18 Park Lane

- - **3..a.** (781) 342-7568
- 6. a. country code 13
- **b.** (718) 342-7568
- b. country code 30

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International Telephone Codes **Country Code** Country 61 Australia 86 China 20 Egypt 49 Germany 91 India 52 Mexico 966 Saudi Arabia 34 Spain U.S.A. 29

Around the World

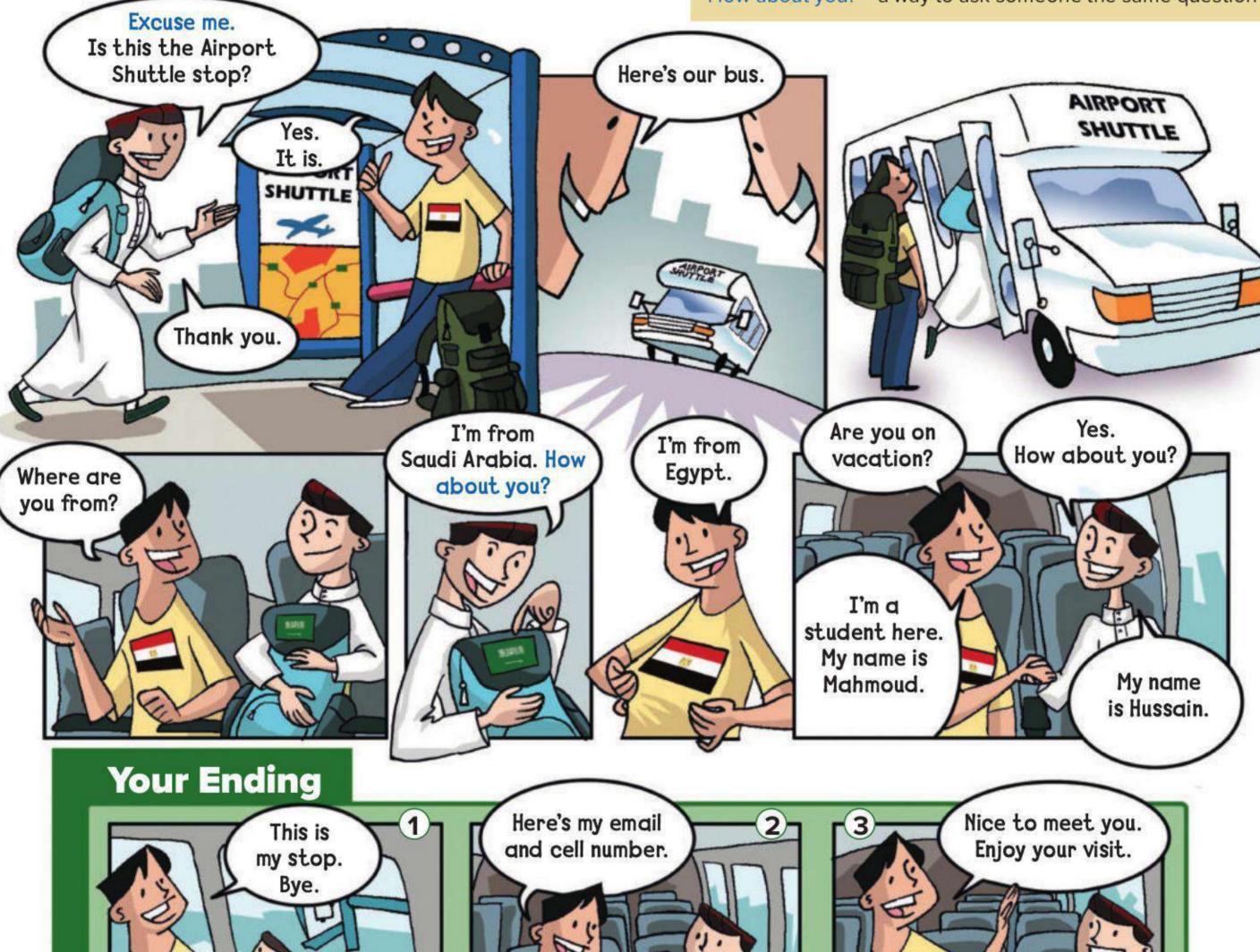


6 Conversation



Real Talk

Excuse me. = an expression to get someone's attention How about you? = a way to ask someone the same question



About the Conversation

- **1.** Where is Mahmoud from?
- 2. Is he a student?
- 3. Is Hussain on business?
- 4. What's his nationality?

Your Turn

Role-play conversations like the one above. Use different countries.

About You



• Where are you from?

• 2. What's your nationality?

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- 4. What's your address / email address?
- **5.** What's your telephone number?
- **6.** What countries are your friends from?



Reading



Before Reading

Look at the pictures and the map. What do you think the reading is about?



The Land of the Midnight Sun



My name is Hannun, and I'm from Lapland. Lapland is a region in Finland near the Arctic Circle. It's very cold, and from December to January, it's dark most of the time. I live here with my family and my reindeer.



The main city of Lapland is Rovaniemi. It's a famous town in the north of Finland. In the Arctic, people see beautiful skies. The darkest time of the year is on December 21st. There is no sunlight from October.

The sun comes out again on March 21st. The Arctic has light all day for the whole summer. This is called the midnight sun.

After Reading

Complete the chart.

Name of person	
Region	
Country	
Famous town	

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Around the World



Writing **W**

- A. Read the information in the Writing Corner with your teacher. Then, work with a partner to ask and answer the questions with the information given.
 - **1.** What is your name?
 - 2. What is your home address?
 - **3.** What is your telephone number?
 - 4. What is your cell phone number?
 - **5.** What is your email address?

- My name is (your name)
- My address is 25674 Pine Street.
- My telephone number is (321) 867-4950.
- My cell phone number is 797-300-4953.
- My email address is a.friend@mail.sa.

Writing Corner

- 1. Street names begin with a capital letter. His address is 194 Tower Road.
- 2. Put the area code for a telephone number in parentheses. Put a dash after three numbers. Say each number one at a time. For the number 0, we say zero or oh. Say: five, five, nine, two, oh, one, four, three, three. (555) 920-1433
- 3. Email addresses usually don't have capital letters. After the name, we say at and write the symbol @. After the server we say dot and write a period.
 - myname@server.com Say: my name at server dot com. b.smith@mail.ca Say: B dot Smith at mail dot C A.
- B. Complete the student information form with your information. Make two more information forms. Ask two classmates questions and complete the forms with their information.

Check that the information is correct. Repeat the information to your classmate or ask: "Can you repeat that, please?"

Student Information			
Name:			
Address:			
Telephone:			
Email:			



C. Make a new student information form for your teacher with: your name, home address, telephone number, cell phone number, and email address. Your teacher can make a class directory.

O Project 🤐



'In a group, make a poster with the following information about your country: capital, population, ارتا النامانة إلى النام المنابعة المنا

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11 Form, Meaning and Function 🙋

Requests and Offers: Can / Will

Use can or will for requests.

Request Agree Refuse

Will you help me?Sure.Sorry. I'm busy.Will you be my partner?Of course.Sorry. I can't.

Can you open the window? OK.

Can you give me a pencil? No problem.

Use can or will for offers.

Offer Accept Refuse

I **can** help you. Thank you. No thanks.

I **will** be your partner. All right. No, that's all right.

I will open the window. OK.

I can give you a pencil. Thanks.

Be polite. Say *please*, thank you, and you're welcome.

o thanks.

No, that's OK.

Can you open the window, please?



A. Write polite requests with *can* and *will*.

Help me.

? Can you help me, please? / Will you help me, please?

1. Give me your email address.

2. Write your telephone number.

3. Tell me the country code for Saudi Arabia.

4. Spell your name.

5. Repeat that.

B. Practice the requests and offers with a partner. Your partner agrees, accepts, or refuses. Then change roles. Remember to be polite.

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5 Families, Families



1 Listen and Discuss



- 1. Do people in your country usually have big or small families?
- 2. Which family in the pictures is most like yours?
- 3. Where are the cities? Mark them on the map. Mark your city/town, too.

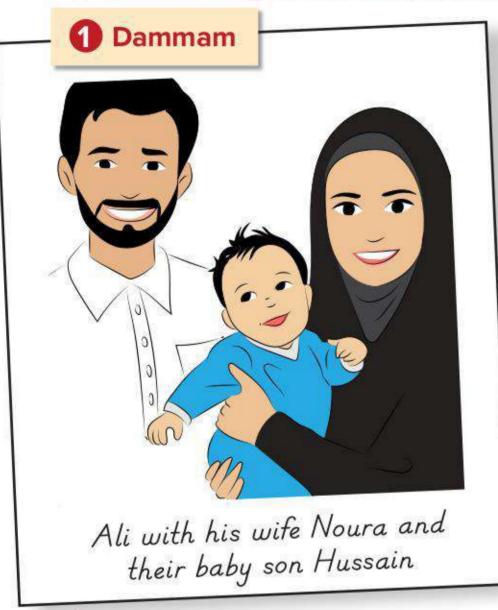
Families Around the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Grandfather Ibrahim

has a big family, with

many uncles, aunts,

and cousins.



Hussain is an only child.



Hameed and Sabah are the parents of three children-Majid, Mariam, and Badria.

Riyadh

Grandfather Ibrahim and Grandmother Fatima with children and grandchildren



Omar with his wife Refaa and their teenage son Faisal

Faisal doesn't have any brothers and sisters.

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Ahmed's family.

And this is





Adel and Asma are Ahmed's grandparents. Adel is Asma's husband. Asma is Adel's wife.



son



Hameed is Ahmed's uncle. Mona is Ahmed's aunt. Hameed is Adel and Asma's son. Hameed and Mona are married.





Ali and Farah are Hameed and Mona's son and daughter. They are Ahmed's cousins.

Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. Answer with words for family members.
 - 1. Who's your uncle's wife?
 - 2. Who's your mother's father?
 - 3. Who's your father's brother?
 - 4. Who's your aunt's daughter?
- B. Comprehension. Answer the questions about Ahmed's family.
 - 1. How many children does Hameed have?
 - 2. Who is Adel's wife?
 - 3. How many brothers does Farah have?
 - 4. Who is Mona's husband?

2 Pair Work



Ask and answer about yourself.

- 1. Oo you have any brothers and sisters?
 - Yes, I have one brother and two sisters.

OR

No, I don't. / No. I'm an only child.

- 2. What are the names of your family members?
 - My brother's name is _____. OR

My brothers' names are _____.

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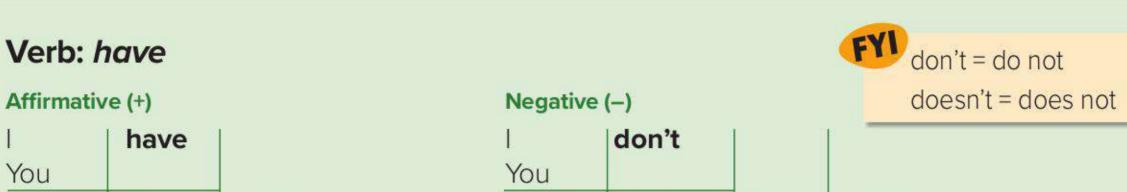
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5 Families, Families

3 Grammar

Questions (?)





He/She has a sister.

We You have They

A sister.

He/She doesn't We You fon't They

Short Answers (–)

a sister.

have

Doyou/we/theyhavea sister?Yes,I/we/theydo.No,I/we/theydon't.Doeshe/shedoes.

Short Answers (+)

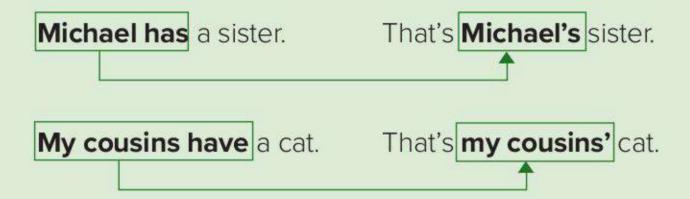
Quantity Expressions: any, a lot of/lots of

Q: Do you have **any** brothers and sisters? A: No, I don't have **any** brothers and sisters.

Q: Do you have any cousins?

A: Yes, I have a lot of (lots of) cousins.

Possessives: 's



Question Words: How many, Who

Q: How many cousins do you have?Q: Who are these children?A: I have a lot of cousins.A: They're my cousins.

- **A.** Complete the sentences with possessives ending in 's or s'. Use the underlined words.
- Brian has a sister. She is Brian's sister.
 - 1. My brother has a cat. That's my _____ cat.
 - 2. The girls have a brother. That's the _____ brother.
 - **3.** Mrs. Smith has a daughter. That's _____ baby.
- 4. My grandfather has a sister. She is my _____ sister.
 - 5. The boys have an uncle. That is the _____ uncle.

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B. Ask questions for exercise A.

Does Brian have a sister?



C. Ask your classmates about their families. Write their names.

Find someone who	Name
1. has only one brother	
2. has two brothers	
3. is an only child	
4. comes from a big family	

D.	Complete	the	conversation.	Use d	o. don	t.	have.	or	has

Maha: Do you _____ any brothers and sisters?

Fatima: No, I _____. I come from a small family.

I'm an only child. How about you?

I come from a big family. I _____ two Maha:

brothers and three sisters. My father _

three sisters, and my mother _____ three

brothers and a sister.

Fatima: _____ you have many cousins?

Oh, yeah. Lots. Maha:



E. Role-play the conversation in exercise **D** with a partner.

Listening



Listen. Complete the chart about Sarah's family.

How many?	She has
brothers	
sisters	
uncles	
aunts	
cousins	

5 Pronunciation



Listen to the pronunciation of Do you...?

• Notice how the words are pronounced together quickly. Then practice.

Do you have a brother?

Do you have any cousins?

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Families, Families



6 Conversation



Sabah: Tell me about your family.

Badria: Well, I come from a big family. I have four sisters,

no brothers.

Sabah: Five girls in your family! Wow! Are any of your

sisters married?

Badria: Yes, one is married, and the others are all single.

I've got a little nephew and a little niece.

Sabah: So, you're an aunt.

Badria: Yeah. I'm an aunt! How about you?

Sabah: I'm an only child, but I have lots of cousins.

Badria: Do you miss having a brother or sister?

Sabah: Not really. I have the house all to myself!



About the Conversation

- 1. How many brothers and sisters does Badria have?
- 2. How many are not married?
- 3. Is Badria an aunt?
- 4. How about Sabah?
- **5.** Does she miss having a brother or sister?

Your Turn

Bring a photo of a family or draw an imaginary family. Describe the family members to a partner or a group.

This is _____. His/Her name is _____. He/She is _____ years old.

Real Talk

I've got = I have Not really. = No. Not very much.

About You



- 1. Do you have a big or small family?
- 2. How many brothers and sisters do you have?
- 3. How many uncles and aunts do you have?
- 4. How many cousins do you have?



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- 5. How old are your brothers and sisters?
- 6. Who is your favorite uncle/aunt/cousin?
- 7. Do you have any nephews and nieces?



Reading



Before Reading

- What makes a good family?
- What are the things that every family needs?



13/4/22 6:25 PM

Family Values and Society



Saudi Arabia has many assets. To build a good future, we have a vision for the country. This vision has three themes. One of these themes is a good society. Families are very important in society. They protect society and they care for the children. A very important part of our country is Islamic values. Islam helps families stay together. Saudi Arabia provides families with support for their children. It assists parents with their children's education. Families care for their children and for the future of the country.

Every family wants a home. Saudi Arabia also helps its families to buy homes and feel safe.

* Adapted from the text of the Vision Programs at https://vision2030.gov.sa/en and from the text that was drafted by the Council of Economic and Development Affairs as instructed by the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques, King Salman.

After Reading

- 1. What do families do for their children?
- 2. What things and services does Saudi Arabia give to families?
- 3. Find words in the text that mean the same as:

1. benefits/advantages	
2. dream/aim	
3. topics	
4. defend	
5. gives	
6. help (2 words) 1 noun, 1 verb	

Discussion

· Why is family important?

• What do you do, to be a good member of your family?

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Families, Families



Project 🔐



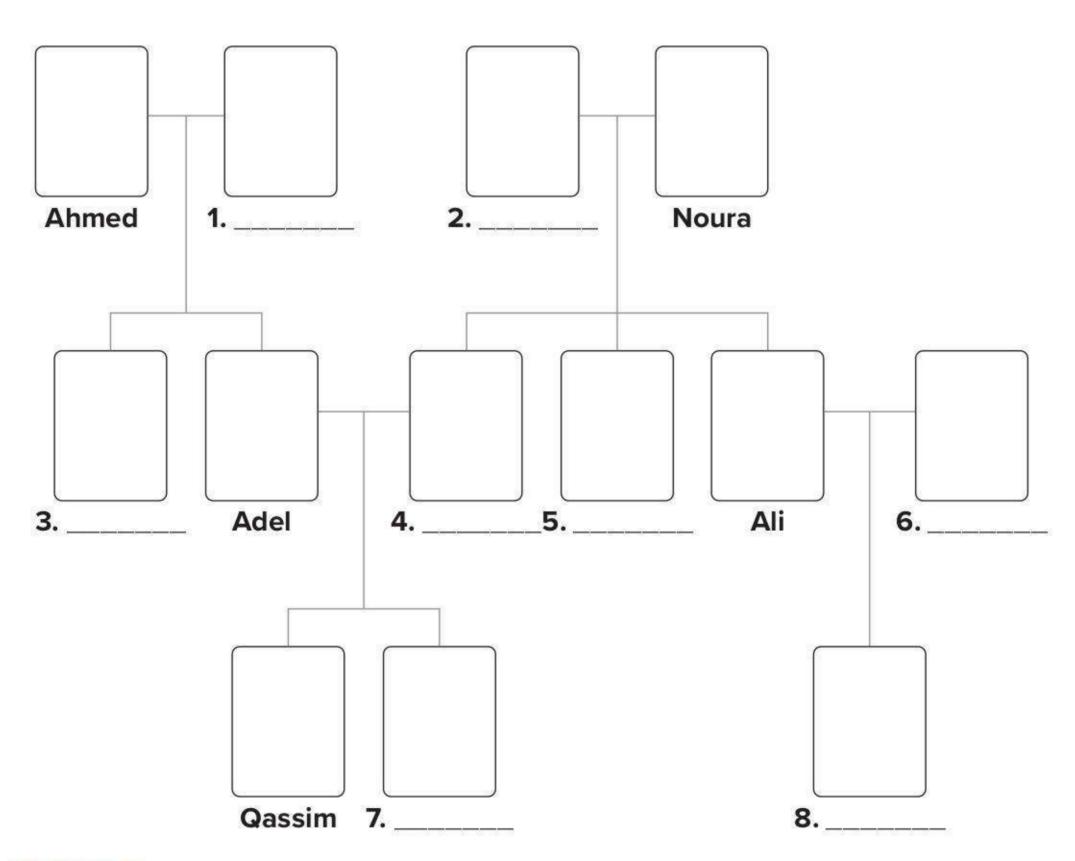
Write about the Saudi royal family.

Writing **M**



A. Read the text and write the names in the family tree. Draw faces for the people.

This is Qassim's family. His parents' names are Adel and Sahar. He has one sister. Her name's Amina. His father's parents are Ahmed and Farah. They have two children: Adel and Majida. Aunt Majida isn't married. Qassim's other grandparents are Hameed and Noura. Their children's names are Sahar, Fahd, and Ali. Uncle Ali is married. His wife's name is Maha. They have one child. He's Qassim's cousin, Faisal.



Writing Corner

1. Use an apostrophe + s ('s) to show possession after names and singular nouns and an apostrophe (') for regular plural nouns.

This is Ahmed's book. My brothers' names are Fahd and Ali.

2. Use an apostrophe (') for contractions.

He's my brother. I don't have a sister.

We're cousins. He doesn't have a brother.

B. Create an imaginary family tree. Give names to the family members. Write a paragraph about صياحتاا قرازع the family.

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11 Form, Meaning and Function 🔯

Regular and Irregular Plural Nouns

Regular Plural Nouns

To make a noun plural, add -s at the end of the word.

book books bike bikes

For nouns that end in s, ss, sh, ch, and x, add -es.

Some nouns that end in a also have -es in plural

Some nouns that end in o also have -es in plural.

box boxes glass glasses bus buses dish dishes

match matches tomatoes



For nouns that end in a consonant and y, change the -y to -ies.

baby babies

family

famil**ies**

city

cities

But when the noun ends in a vowel and y, add -s.

boy boys

day

day**s**

key

keys

Some nouns that end in f or fe, change to -ves in the plural.

knife kni**ves**

half

halves

leaf

leaves



roof roofs

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Irregular Plural Nouns

man men child children woman women foot feet tooth teeth person people

A.	Look at the	families on	page 34.	Write the	plural of the	word in	parentheses.
200			(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)				

- 1. Hameed and Omar are _____ (man). They are _____ (husband).
- 2. Sabah and Refaa are _____ (woman). They are _____ (wife).
- 3. Hameed and Sabah are ______ (parent). They have two _____ (daughter) and one son. They have three _____ (child). Their family has five _____ (person).
- 4. Faisal is an only child. He doesn't have any _____ (brother) and _____ (sister).
- 5. The two _____ (family) live in different ____ (city).

B. Write the plural.

- **1.** that man ______those men
 - 2. this tooth _____
 - **3.** this key ______
- 4. that house5: this watch
- 6. that address _____
- **7.** that tree ______
- 8. this shelf
- 9. that country _____
- **10.** this camera ______

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EXPANSION Units 1–5

1 Language Review



A. Write the words in the correct columns.

modern painting turtle	rabbit skeleton hot	meteor parrot fossil	cat famous dinosaur	enormous mouse big
Museum Items	Pa	ts/Animals	Wo	ords to Describe
Mascalli items				
Wascam items				? modern

B. Complete the questions. Use **What**, **When**, **Where**, **Who**, or **How**. Then write answers. Use your own information.

1	is your nationality?	1
2	are your friends from?	My friends
3	old is your partner?	He/She
4	is your best friend?	His/Her name
5	is your friend's email?	My friend's email
6	is this in your backpack?	lt
7	is your pet's name?	My
8	is going on a trip?	We

C. Circle the correct response for each question or statement.

Question/Statement

- **1.** How's it going?
- 2. See you tomorrow.
- 3. Good evening, Mrs. White.
- **4.** Thank you.
- 5. Is this your first time here?

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Response

Not bad. / I'm going home.

Goodbye. / How are you?

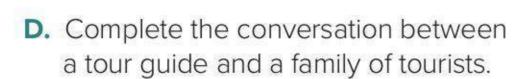
Good night. / Good evening.

Take care. / You're welcome.

No, it's my last. / Yes, it is.

SG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2022.indb 42





A:	you Omar?
A	you Omar:

B: Yes, ______.

A: I'm Frank Lawson. I'm your guide.

B: Nice _____ you, Frank. This _____ my family. Those _____ my children over there.

A: What _____ their names?

B: The boy's name is Adel, and the girl's

_____ Mona.

A: _____ are they?

B: Adel is five, and Mona is eight.

A: Nice family!

B: Thank you.

E. Work in groups of three. Write down six commands. Give the commands to another group. They follow the commands.



- F. Guess what it is.
- 1. Give some items to your teacher. Example: pencil, pen, keys, hairbrush, cell phone, etc. Your teacher puts the items into a bag or backpack.
- 2. One student puts on a blindfold. The student chooses an item, feels it, and says what it is.
- 3. The class says if the student is right or







EXPANSION Units 1–5

2 Reading



Before Reading

Look at the photos. What do you know about the Dominican Republic?

Read the ad, and complete the questionnaire. Then complete the form.





Win a Free Trip to Caribbean!

This is a special contest from Caribbean Cruises. Mark all the correct answers, and win a free trip on

				ALLEY A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY O	
1.	The	capital	of the	Dominican	Republic is

- ____ Santiago.
- _____ Santo Domingo.
- ____ San Juan.
- 2. ____ Football | is th

is the national sport.

one of our ships! You can win a trip from Miami to the Dominican Republic.

- _____ Baseball
 - ___ Surfing
- **3.** _____ English

is the official language.

- ____French
- _____ Spanish

- **4.** The Dominican Republic is located on the island of
 - _____ Puerto Rico.
 - ____ Jamaica.
 - ____ Hispaniola.

5. The principal industry is

- ____ coconuts.
- ____ tourism.
- ___ pineapples.



Win-a-Trip Contest P.O. Box 247 Miami, FL 33156

We choose one entry at random, and that is the winner.

Name_

Address___

Age_

Telephone_

Email

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Answers:

1. Santo Domingo 2. Baseball 3. Spanish 4. Hispaniola 5. tourism



Answer **yes** or **no**.

- **1.** _____ The prize for the winner is a free trip.
- 2. ____ Caribbean Cruises is an airline.
- **3.** _____ The contest is about essay writing.
- **4.** _____ You need to complete your personal information.

3 Writing **//**

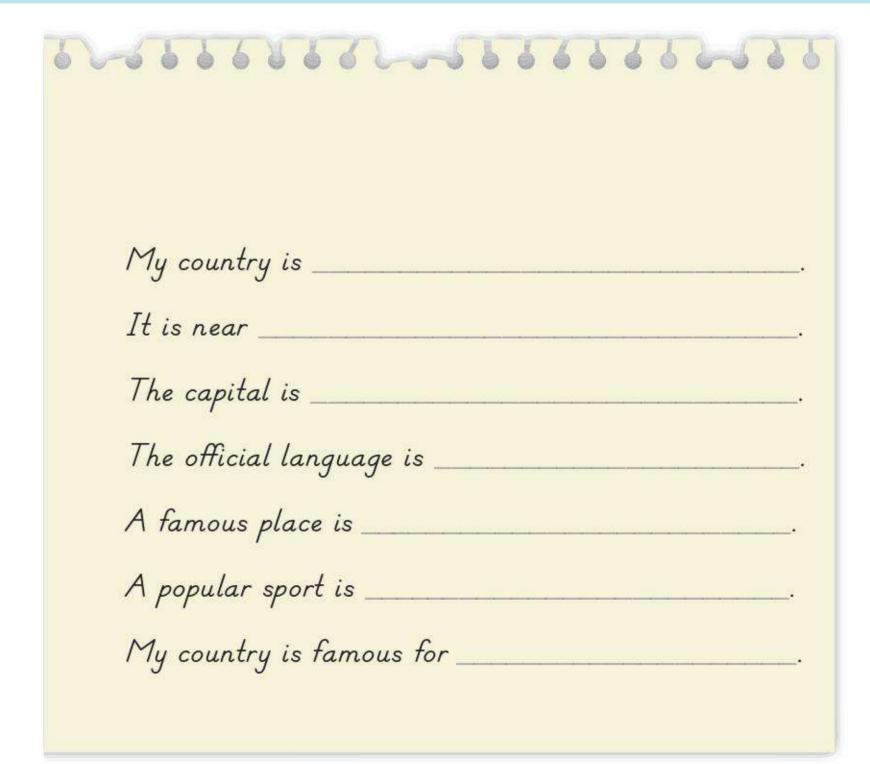


A. Complete the paragraph about the Dominican Republic. Use the information on the contest form to help you.

The Dominican Republic ______ on the island of Hispaniola. Also on the island is Haiti. The island is in the ______ Sea. The _____ of the Dominican Republic is Santo Domingo, and ______ is the official language. The beaches at Punta Cana and Puerto Plata _____ famous. The country is a favorite destination for ______.

- B. Write about your country. Use the questions to help you write.
- 1. Where is your country? What countries is it near?
- 2. What is the capital of your country?
- 3. What is the official language(s)?
- 4. What is a famous place in your country?
- 5. What sports are popular in your country?
- 6. What is the principal industry?





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EXPANSION Units 1–5

Chant Along

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Orders, Orders Everywhere





Orders, orders, All around. Give me a break-Leave me alone. Do this, do that, And what for? I'm not a kid Anymore.

Get up, get up, Say hello, Brush your teeth, It's time to go. Hurry, hurry, You'll be late. The bus is here— It can't wait.

Chorus

Please come in And close the door. Put your backpacks On the floor. Stop your talking. Open your books. Find a partner. Work in groups.

Chorus

Make your bed, Clean your room, Sweep the floor, Use the broom. What's that noise? Stop it now. Do your homework. Get off the phone.

Chorus





Vocabulary

A. Match the two parts of the sentences.

1. Please ____ a. a partner.

2. Get off _____ **b.** the door.

3. Work with _____ c. come in.

4. Close _____ **d.** to sweep.

5. Use the broom _____ **e.** the phone.



B. Write four orders or commands for each situation.

Before School	Classroom	After School
1	1.	1.
2.	2.	2.
3	3	3.
4	4	4

Comprehension

Answer **yes** or **no**.

- 1. ____ The chanter is happy.
- **4.** ____ The chanter is a student.
- 2. ____ The chanter is a child.
- **5.** _____ The chanter's transportation is a bike.
- 3. ____ The bus isn't late.
- **6.** _____ The chanter likes orders.

Writing

Write two orders that you don't like at home and two that you don't like in class. Compare with a partner.

At Home	In Class
1.	11
2.	2.





· Work in a group. Prepare a set of school rules that students would like.

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Don't give homework.

Cell phones are OK.

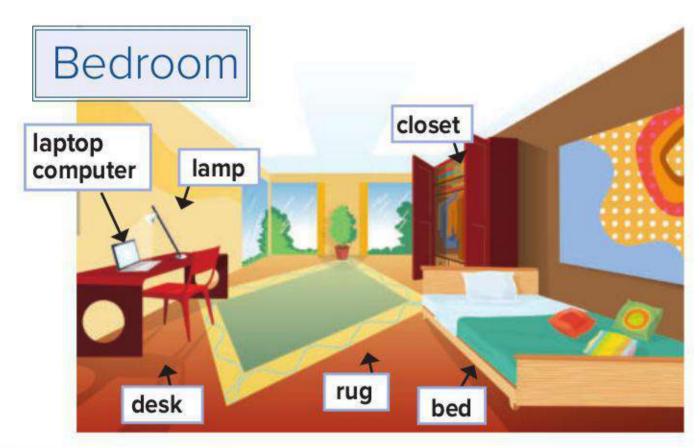
47

6 Is There a View?

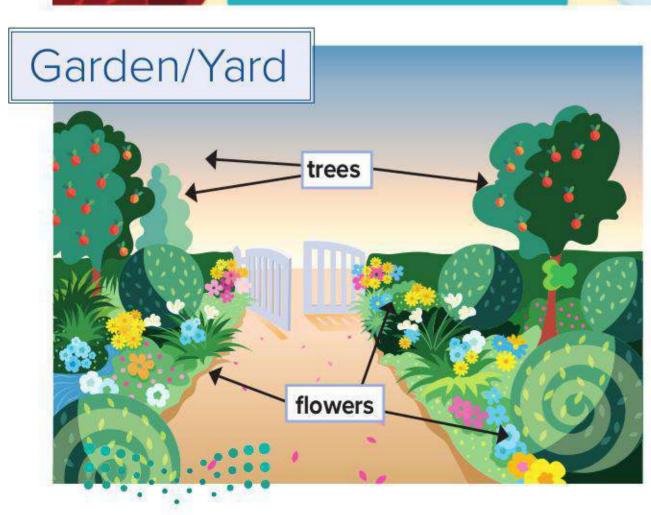
1 Listen and Discuss



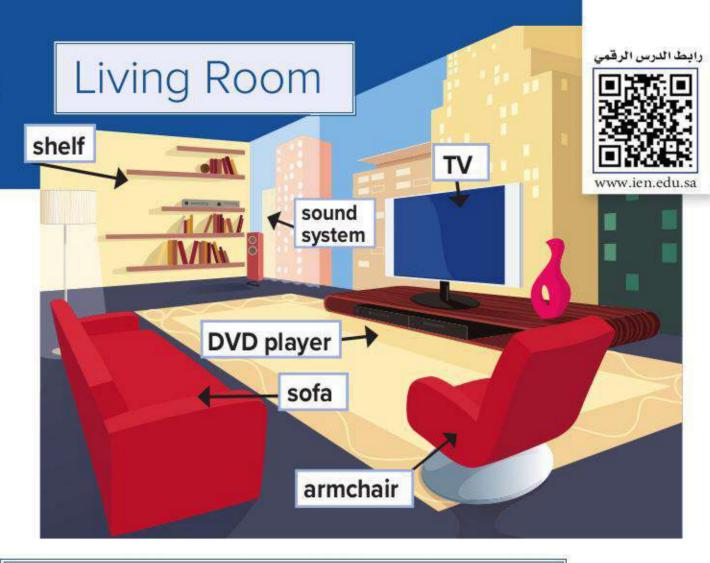
Look at the rooms in this house. What is the same in your home? What is different?

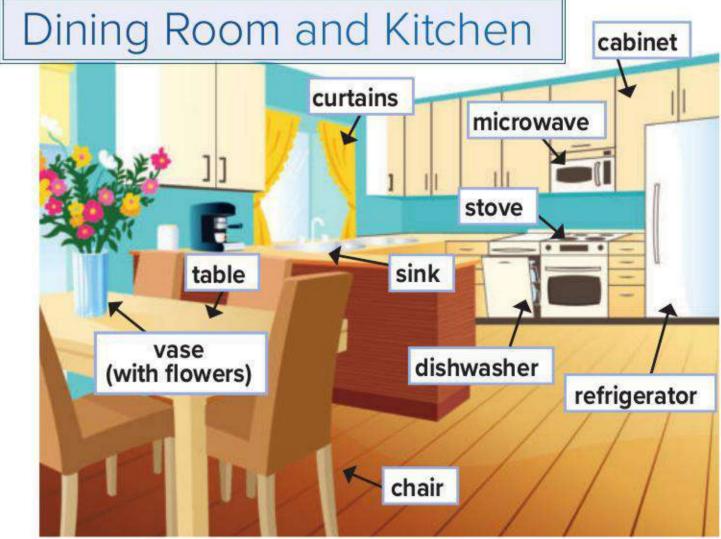


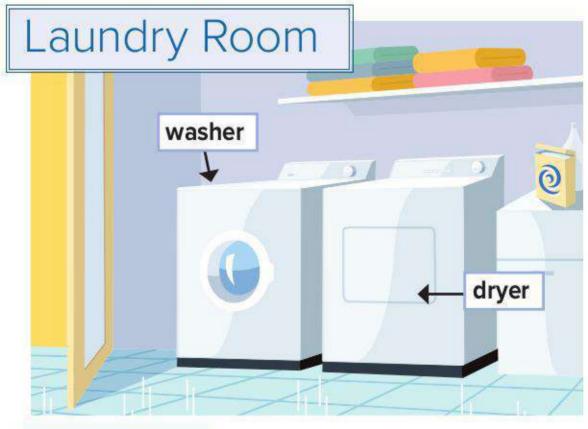




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Jim's house is nice and big. It has three bedrooms and two bathrooms upstairs. Downstairs there's a living room, a dining room, and a kitchen. There's a pretty garden in front of the house. Behind the house, there are trees.

Omar's apartment is small, but it's very nice and comfortable. It has one bedroom and one bathroom. There's a comfortable living room, and there's a modern kitchen. There isn't a yard. But the apartment has a balcony with a beautiful view.

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Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. Circle the things you have in your house.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no about the house on page 48.
 - 1. _____ There's a rug in the bedroom.
 - 2. ____ There isn't a dishwasher in the kitchen.
 - 3. ____ There are trees in the yard.
 - 4. ____ There aren't any flowers in the dining room.
 - **5.** _____ There is a motorcycle in the garage.

2 Pair Work



- A. Ask and answer about the rooms in the pictures.
- Is there a TV in the bedroom?
- Are there <u>curtains</u> in the <u>kitchen?</u>

No, there isn't.

- Yes, there are.
- B. Ask and answer about Jim's and Omar's homes.
 - Is there a garden in front of Jim's house?
 - Yes, there is.
- ... Ask and answer about your home.
- What's in your bedroom?
 - There's a bed, a desk, and a closet.

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6 Is There a View?

3 Grammar 📜





There is / There are

Singular

Affirmative (+)

There is (or There's) a table in the kitchen.

Negative (-)

There isn't a bathroom downstairs.

Questions (?) Is there a table in the kitchen?

Are there flowers on the table?

Plural

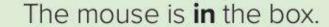
There are four people at the table.

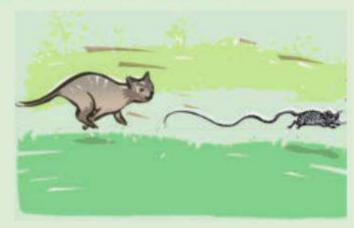
There aren't trees in front of the house.

Short Answers (+) Short Answers (-) Yes, there is. No, there isn't. No, there aren't. Yes, there are.

Prepositions: in, in front of, behind, on, under







The mouse is in front of the cat. The cat is on the balcony. The cat is **behind** the mouse.



The mouse is under the balcony.

A.	Complete the conversation.
	Use there is / there are or
	there isn't / there aren't.

A: This room is great. _____ _____ a nice bed.

B: Is there a sofa?

A: No, ______. But _ chairs and a table.

B: Is there a bathroom?

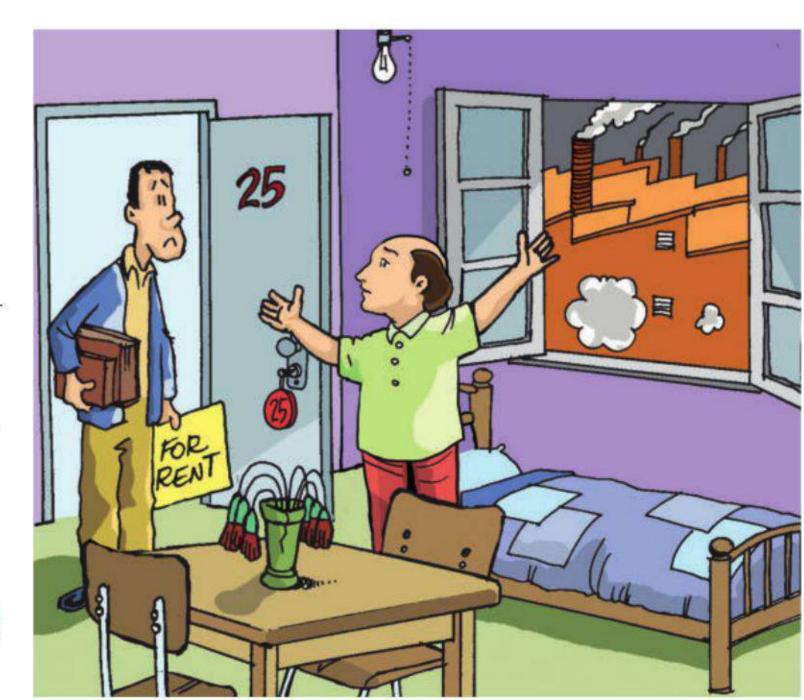
A: Yes, _____. It's upstairs.

B: Is there a TV?

A: No, ______. This is a room for a student.

Role-play the conversation in exercise A with a partner.

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C. Compare Ali's and Adel's apartments. Share your sentences with a partner.

Adel's apartment has two bathrooms.

Ali's apartment has one bathroom.

There is a living room in Adel's apartment. There is a living room in Ali's apartment, too.

Ali's apartment

Adel's apartment

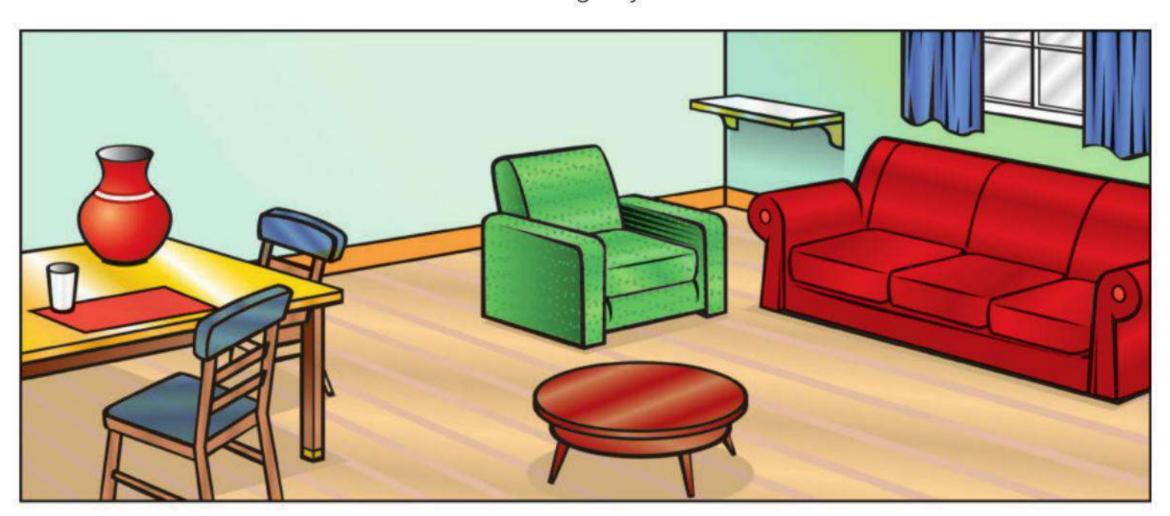




Listening



Listen. Draw or write the names of the missing objects in the room.



5 Pronunciation



Listen to the rising intonation. Then practice.



Are there flowers?

Is there a microwave? Are there pictures on the wall?

Is there a cat on the sofa?

Is There a View?











What's your home like? John:

It isn't big. There are only two Tom:

bedrooms: one for my parents, and

one for my brother and me.

And what's your favorite room? John:

The bedroom. It has my computer. Tom:

How about you?

My favorite room is the living room. John:

Why? Tom:

Your Ending



Because it has a huge high-definition TV.



(2) Because there's a nice view.



(3) Because there's a great sound system.

About the Conversation

- **1.** How many bedrooms are there in Tom's house?
- 2. Who shares the bedroom with Tom?
- 3. What's Tom's favorite room? Why?
- 4. What's John's favorite room?

Your Turn

A. Tell a partner about your home.

It's _____. It has _____.

There is / are _____.

B. Discuss your favorite room.

My favorite room is _____. There is / are _____.

It has _____.

7 About You



. What's in your bedroom?

2. What's under your bed? وزارة التعطيم

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8 Reading

Before Reading

What's unusual about these two houses?

Unusual Houses

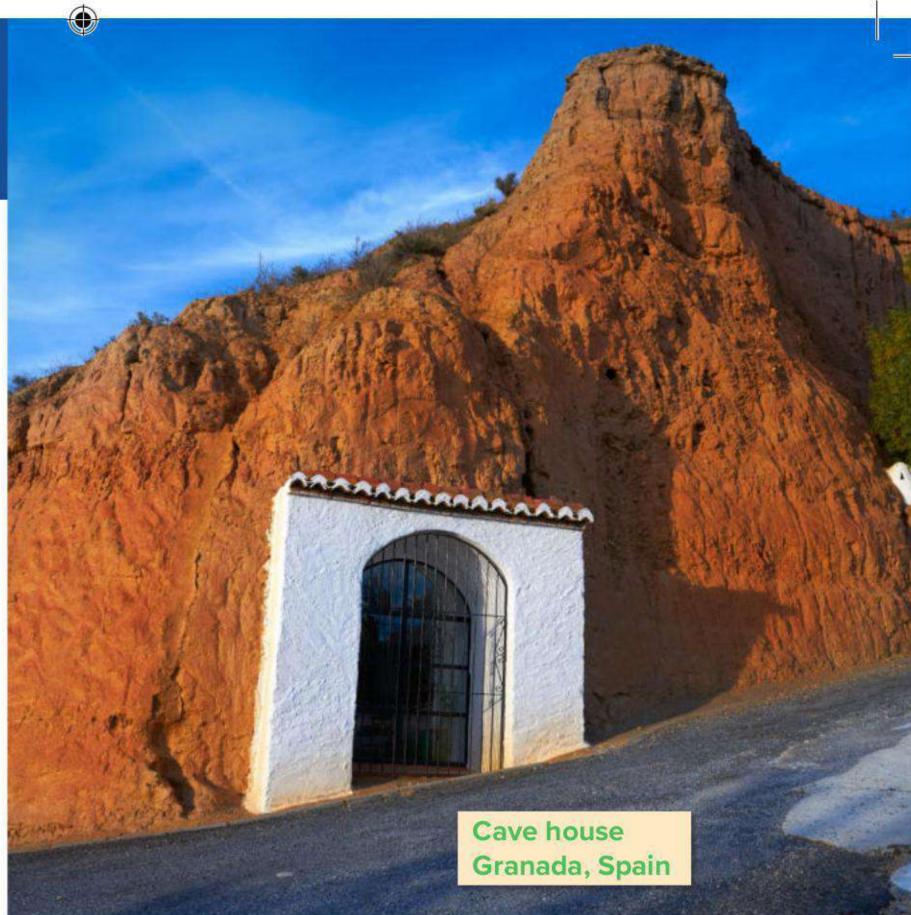
Some people have very unusual houses.



Houseboats

There are over 10,000 houseboats in the Netherlands. Many are on Amsterdam's canals. These are old barges that are now homes. Lots of artists and young people like to live on the houseboats. Also, Amsterdam is very crowded, and there are not enough houses for everyone, especially in the city center. So houseboats offer people the chance to live right in the city. Houseboats in Amsterdam have one thing in common: they all look different.





Cave Houses

There are many cave homes in southern Spain. However, the homes are made by people and are not natural formations. These houses date back to the eighth century. The area near Granada is very hot in summer and cold in winter. But the temperature in the cave homes is about 19 to 20 degrees Celsius all year round. The houses have electricity and running water, and they are dry and comfortable. Some cave houses are very large and have ten rooms or more. The houses are usually very quiet, too.

After Reading

- 1. Are the cave houses cold or hot?
- 2. Do they have modern facilities?
- **3.** How big are the cave houses?
- 4. How many houseboats are there in the Netherlands?
- 5. Who likes to live on houseboats?

Discussion

Are there any unusual houses in your town or country? What are they like?

6 Is There a View?



Writing **M**



Room	Description
Kitchen	
Living Room	
Bedroom(s)	
Bathroom	
Other:	
Other:	

Writing Corner

- 1. Use and to connect words and ideas that are similar. Use commas for a list. The kitchen is big and modern. There's a closet, a bed, and a desk in my room.
- 2. Use but to connect opposite ideas. Put a comma before but when there is a subject. My room is small **but** comfortable. My room isn't very big, but it's comfortable.
- 3. The place (where) goes at the end or the beginning of a sentence. When it is at the beginning, put a comma after the phrase. There are pretty flowers in the garden. In the garden, there are pretty flowers
- B. Read the text. Circle the adjectives that describe the home or the things in it.

Our home is a modern apartment in the city. It's on the seventh floor. The apartment isn't big, but it's very comfortable. It has two bedrooms, a bathroom, a kitchen, and a living room. There isn't a dining room, but the kitchen has a table and chairs. My favorite room is the living room. It has large windows and a balcony. There are some pretty flowers on the balcony. The best thing is that there's a great view of the city!

C. Describe your home. Use your notes from the chart in exercise A and ideas from this unit.



Project 🔐

• Tell the class about your dream house. Find pictures on the Internet or in صلاحتا قالم magazines. Make a poster.

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11 Form, Meaning and Function

Coordinating Conjunctions: and, but, or

Conjunctions connect words and ideas in a sentence. Use *and* to connect words and ideas that are similar.

There is a sofa, an armchair, **and** a table in the living room. We read **and** write in class.

Use but to connect contrasting ideas.

I can speak English, but I can't speak French.

There are flowers in the garden, but there aren't any trees.

Use or when there is a choice.

You can sit on the sofa or the armchair.

You can write the word **or** draw a picture.





A.	Write sentences	with and to	describe the	kitchen in	picture A.
----	-----------------	--------------------	--------------	------------	------------

- 1. There is
- 2. ____
- 3.
- **B.** Write sentences with **but** to describe how picture B is different from picture A.
- There is a microwave, but it isn't above the stove.
 - 1. _____
 - 2. _____
 - 3.
- **C.** Work with a partner. Student A: choose a kitchen. Student B: ask questions with **or** to find out which kitchen it is. Change roles.
- A: Is there a microwave above the stove, or is it on the counter?
- B: It's on the counter.
 - A: It's picture B!

A: it's picture

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•



- 1. What is the name of your neighborhood?
- 2. How is this neighborhood the same or different from yours?

SIXIN AVE

CONVENIENCE STORE



City Center Supermarket

Main Ave.

On Main Avenue. Near the subway station.

Open: 7 days a week.

CIONOS

Mable Ave

I'm new to the neighborhood. I live in this apartment building. Where do you live?

So, is there a convenience

store near here?

I live here too, on the third floor. This neighborhood is great! It has everything!

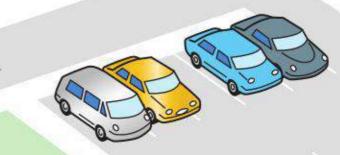
K. And St.

SUBWAY STATION

Of course. Go to the corner and turn left. Then go straight ahead.



SOUTH AVE.





Where Do You Live?



3 Grammar 🎉



Verb: live + Preposition

Where do you live?

I live in Jeddah. (city)

I live on the third floor. (building) I live on First Avenue. (street)

Prepositions of Place: across from, between, next to, on, near, far from



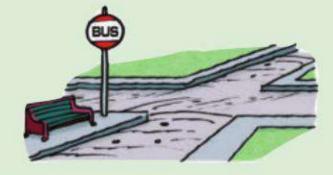
The park is across from the school.



The bank is **between** the post office and the restaurant.



The pharmacy is next to the bookstore.



The bus stop is on the corner.



The museum is **near** the hotel.



The airport is **far from** town.

Imperatives for Directions



Turn left.



Turn right.



Go straight.



Go down. Go up.

- A. Match the questions with the answers.
 - 1. ____ Is there a restaurant in the mall?
 - 2. ____ Is the airport far from the city?
 - **3.** ____ Where's the convenience store?
 - 4. ____ Is the bank open on Friday?
 - **5.** Where do you live?
 - 6: _____ Is the post office next to the park?

- a. My apartment's on the second floor.
- b. No. It's between the bank and the health club.
- c. No, it isn't. It's closed.
- d. Yes, there is. It's across from the bookstore.
- e. No, it isn't. It's near the city.
- f. It's on the corner of Dade and Main Streets.

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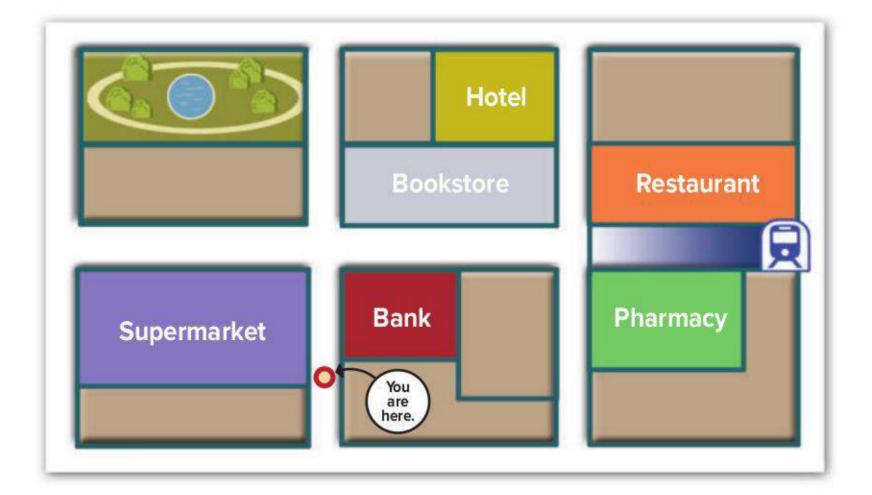


- **B.** Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with the correct prepositions.
 - 1. There's a pharmacy _____ the bookstore.
 - 2. The bank is _____ the supermarket.
 - 3. The police officer is _____ the bank.
 - 4. There's a bookstore _____ the supermarket and the pharmacy.
 - **5.** The Spanish restaurant is _____ the bank.
 - 6. There's an English school _____ the corner. It's ____ the second floor.

Listening



Listen. Write the names of the places on the map.



5 Pronunciation



Listen to the stress on the different syllables. Then practice.

	First Syllable	Second Syllable	Third Syllable
	airport	apartment	uni ver sity
c ill ädig	res taurant	mu se um	conver sa tion

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Where Do You Live?







Tom: Excuse me. How do I get to Bedford Park?

John: Take the number 20 bus. There's a bus stop over there. Get off at Dixie's Pharmacy. The

park is on the next block. You can't miss it.

Is it far from here? Tom:

John: No, it's about 15 minutes away.

Luis: No, no. Take the F line on the subway, and get off at 52nd Street Station. The park is right across from the station. Trust me. I live in that

neighborhood.

Thanks a lot. Tom: You're welcome. Luis:

About You



1. Where do you live?

2. What's your neighborhood like?

3. What places are there in your neighborhood?

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Real Talk

You can't miss it. = You are sure to see it. Trust me. = Believe me.

About the Conversation

- **1.** Where is Tom going?
- 2. What's the bus number to Bedford Park?
- 3. How far away is it?
- 4. What's the subway line to Bedford Park?
- 5. Does Luis take the bus or the subway to get to Bedford Park?

Your Turn

Tell a partner how to get to your home from the center of town.



8 Reading

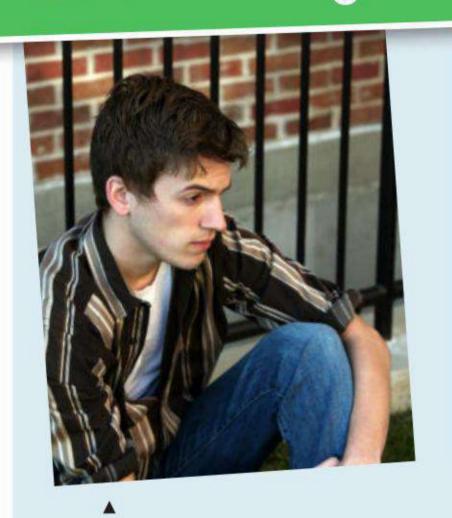


Before Reading

Look at the pictures. What do you know about the two neighborhoods in the article— Brooklyn and Coyoacan?



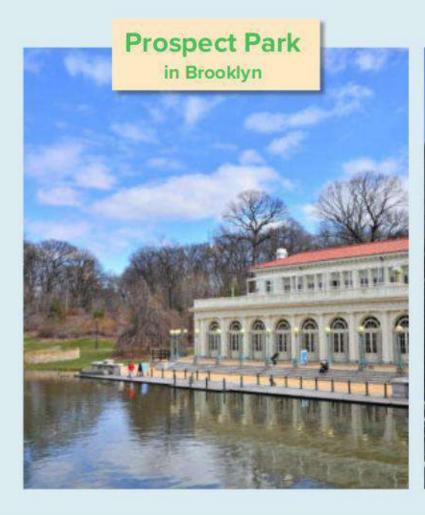
Famous Neighborhoods

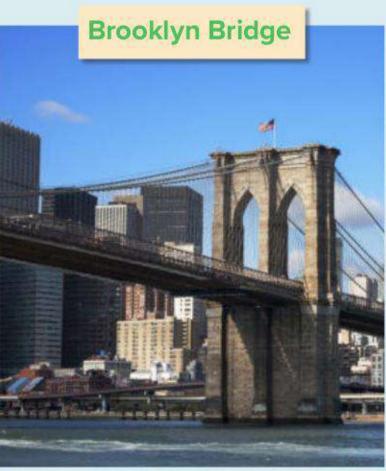


Plaza Hidalgo in Coyoacan

Coyoacan. Coyoacan is a historic neighborhood of Mexico City. It has a busy cultural life. There are theaters, art galleries, and museums. Coyoacan has beautiful squares and houses. The house of the famous Mexican painter Frida Kahlo is here. It's called the Blue House. It's now a museum. There is also the Plaza Shopping Center, an Olympic pool, a gym, and a beautiful park. There are many restaurants and eating places with foods from all over the world. You can have great Mexican food, too.

My name is John. I'm from Brooklyn, New York. Brooklyn is a great place to live. There are so many different cultures and traditions here. Everything is near. Manhattan is only ten minutes away by subway. And there is the famous Brooklyn Bridge. Prospect Park has playgrounds, two lakes, and an ice-skating rink. We have a museum and a botanical garden. We also have restaurants with foods from all over the world—and the best pizzerias anywhere! I love it here.





After Reading

A. Mark the things the article says that both neighborhoods have.

____ park ____ bridge ____ pizzeria lake museum ____ restaurants

B: Work with a partner. Compare your neighborhood with the ones in the Reading.

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7 Where Do You Live?

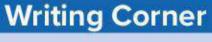


9 Writing

A. Read the postcard from a pen pal. Circle the places that are similar in your neighborhood.

Dear Khalid,

I live in a historic neighborhood. It
has traditional buildings, but they have
modern conveniences. We have stores,
modern conveniences. We have stores,
cafés, and restaurants. There's a
supermarket, a bank, a pharmacy, a post
office, and schools. My high school isn't
office, and schools. My high school isn't
office, and schools. My high school isn't
office, and schools. It has beautiful
there's a famous palace. It has beautiful
there's a lake, and an old bridge.
gardens, a lake, and an old bridge.
There's a bus, but we walk everywhere.
There's a bus, but we walk everywhere.
My neighborhood is nice. It has friendly
people.
Tell me about your neighborhood.
Your friend,
Robert



- Use personal pronouns in place of nouns or people.
 I live in a nice neighborhood. It has friendly people.
 The houses aren't modern. They are traditional.
 My neighbors are nice people. They are friendly.
 My neighbors and I are friendly. We always say "hello."
- (It = neighborhood) (They = houses) (They = my neighbors)

(We = my neighbors and I)

- B. Find the personal pronouns in the postcard. What noun does each one replace?
- C. Write a postcard to a pen pal. Tell him or her about your neighborhood.

10 Project

Make a brochure for your neighborhood. List stores, restaurants, services, parks, etc.





Comparative and Superlative Forms of Adjectives

The Comparative

Use adjective + -er or more + adjective to make the comparative.

The hotel is **tall**. The hotel is **taller** than the office buildings. The subway is **convenient**. The subway is **more convenient** than the bus.

Note: The comparative is often used with than.

The Superlative

Use the + adjective + -est or the most + adjective to make the superlative.

The hotel is **the tallest** building in the city. It is also **the most modern**. The subway is **the fastest** transport in the city. It is also **the most convenient**.

Formation

Use -er or -est for one-syllable adjectives and adjectives that end in y; for example, busy-busier-busiest. Use more or most for longer adjectives.

Spelling Rules:

Most adjectives: old-older-oldest

Adjectives ending in e: nice-nicer-nicest

Adjectives ending in y: easy-easier-easiest

Adjectives ending in one vowel followed by one consonant: big-bigger-biggest, hot-hotter-hottest.

Some adjectives have irregular comparative and superlative forms.

good-better-the best bad-worse-the worst

- A. Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative forms of the adjectives in parentheses. Use the before superlatives.
 - 1. Gino's Restaurant has _____ (good) pizza in town.
 - 2. I think that the pizza at Roma's is ______ (good) than Gino's.
 - 3. The bookstore is ______ (popular) than the library.
 - **4.** Summer is ______ (hot) and ______ (dry) time of the year.
 - 5. Don't eat there. That restaurant has _____ (bad) food in town.
 - 6. My room is _____ (quiet) room in the house. I can't hear any noise.
 - 7. The supermarket is much ______ (big) than the convenience store.
 - 8. The park is ______ (beautiful) in the spring than in the winter.
- B. Work with a partner. Disagree with the following statements.
- **A:** The health club is older than the school. (new)
 - B: No, it isn't. It's newer.
- •••1. The Amazon is longer than the Nile. (short)
- 2. Buses are faster than trains. (slow)

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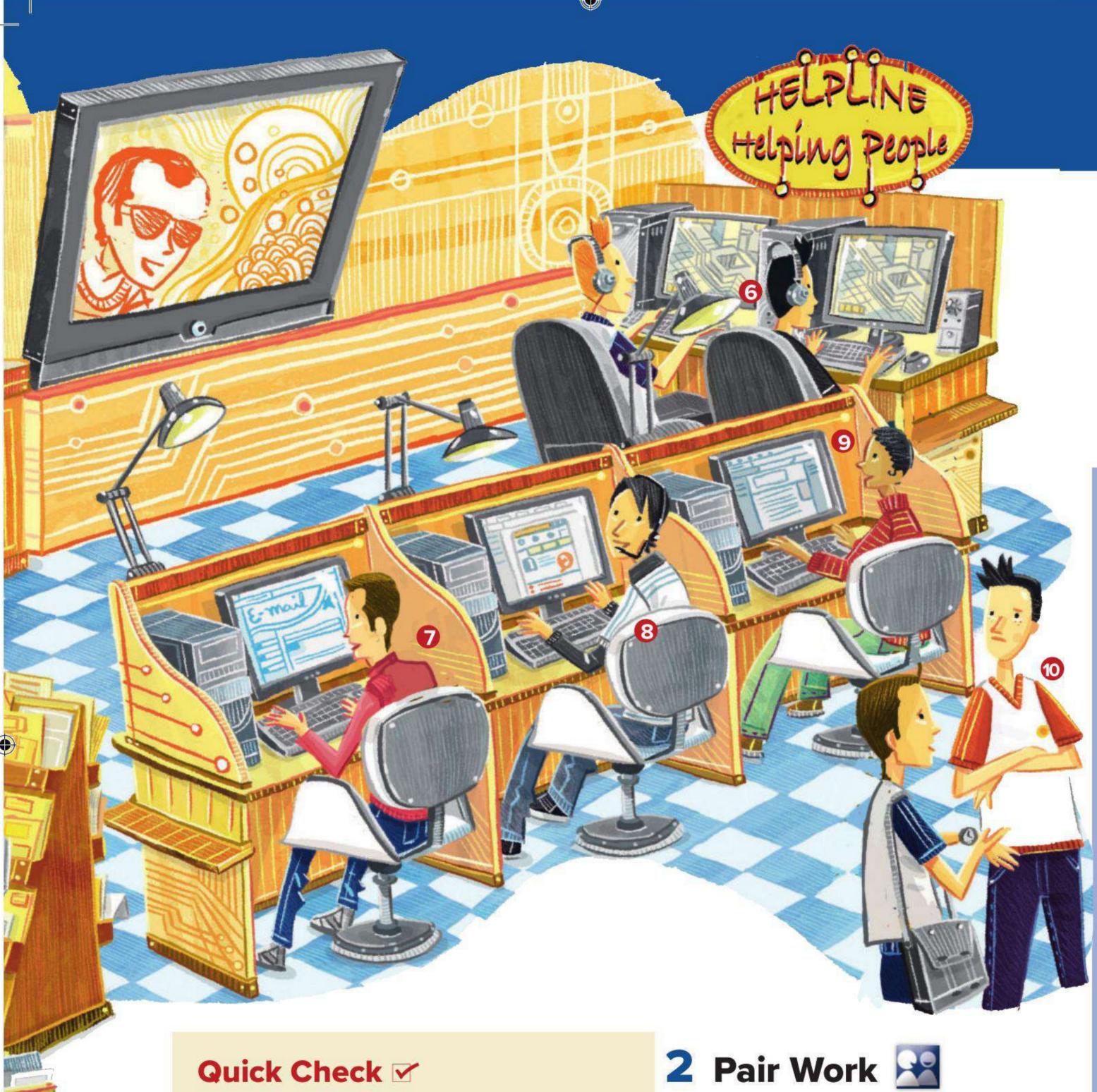
- 4. China is bigger than Canada. (small)
- 5. Roma's pizza is better than Gino's. (bad)
- 6. Cities are cleaner than towns. (dirty)











- A. Vocabulary. Name things in the office/café.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - 1. ___ Matt is talking on the phone.
 - 2. ___ Mike and Daren are talking to customers.
 - 3. ___ Frank and Jason are having coffee.
 - **4.** ____ Henry is writing an email to a customer.
 - **5.** ••• Ryan is working.

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- A. Ask and answer about the people at the office.
 - What is Ryan doing?
 - He's drinking a cup of coffee.
 - What are Frank and Jason doing?
 - They're eating sandwiches.
- B. You are having a break at the café. Role-play a phone conversation with a friend. Talk about the people at the helpline office.

65

What Are You Doing?



3 Grammar N



Present Progressive Tense

Use the present progressive for actions that are happening at the present moment.

Affirmative (+)

l'm
You're
He's
She's
We're
They're

studying now.

(you + are) (he + is) (she + **is**)

(we + are)(they + are)

(l + am)

Negative (-)

'm	not
You	aren't
Не	isn't
She	
We	aren't
They	

studying now.

Questions (?)

Am	1
Are	you
Is	he
	she
Are	we
	they

studying now?

Short Answers (+)

	I.	am.
	you	are.
	he	is.
Yes,	she	
	we	are.
	they	

Short Answers (-)

	ľm	not.
	you	aren't.
No,	he she	isn't.
	we they	aren't.

Questions with What + Present Progressive

What

are	you
is	he/she
are	you/they

doing?

1	am
He/She	is
We/They	are

studying now.

- A. Complete the conversations. You can use contractions.
 - **1. A:** _____ you studying now?
 - **B:** No, _____. I'm playing video games.
 - _____ you studying?
 - A: Yes. I'm _____ for the English test.
 - 2. A: _____ the children playing?
 - **B:** No, they _____ TV.
 - A: Are you watching TV, too?
 - B: No, I _____. It's a kids' film.
 - 3. A: Who _____ Ali calling?
 - **B:** He _____ his brother.
 - A: ____ he coming here?
- عيادة **B:** Yes, he _____.

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- B. Work with a partner. Ask and answer about the people.
 - A: What's Jake doing?
 - B: He's delivering mail.
 - Jake
 - Mr. Taylor
 - Ron
 - 4 Robert
 - G Greg, Sam
 - 6 Toshiro
 - Carlos
 - 8 Mr. Parker



Listening 🔊



Jerry is talking to Tom on the phone. Complete the chart about Tom's family. Write what each person is doing these days.

Tom	He's finishing high school.
Father	
Mother	
Sister—Carol	
Brother—Frank	



5 Pronunciation



Listen to the -ing ending. Then practice.



I'm wait**ing** for you. He's chatt**ing** with a friend. They're playing in the garden.

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What Are You Doing?

6 Conversation



Logan: Hi, Danny. This is Logan. Danny: Hi, Logan. What's up? Logan: I'm at the train station. I'm

checking out the schedule. Danny: Where are you going?

Logan: To visit my uncle. He lives in Seattle.

Danny: I like Seattle. It's my favorite city.

Logan: Well, let's go together.



Your Ending

What does Danny say?

- I'm busy now. I'm helping my dad.
- I can't. I have to study for a test.
- Good idea! I'm packing right now.

Real Talk

What's up? = What's happening? checking out = looking for information

comedy

About the Conversation

- 1. Where is Logan?
- 2. What's he doing?
- 3. Where is he planning to go?

Your Turn

Role-play the conversation with a partner. Change the destination and the ending.

About You



- 1. What films are playing on TV this week?
- 2. What kinds of films are they?
- 3. Who are the actors?
- 4. What's your favorite kind of film?









Reading



Before Reading

Look at the pictures. What place and activities do you think the article is talking about?







In some countries, they are called "the mall generation." You walk into a shopping mall anywhere in the world, and what do you see? Teenagers are chatting, talking on cell phones, or sending text messages. They're eating snacks or drinking soda in the food court, shopping, or just hanging out. They are all wearing similar clothes.

Shopping malls are still teenagers' favorite place to meet friends and socialize. Malls have all the facilities teens want. There are lots of stores with the latest fashions, and all kinds of restaurants. Malls have several advantages as hangouts: they're safe, and they're comfortable in all kinds of weather.

After Reading

- 1. Why are teens called the "mall generation" in some countries?
- 2. Which mall activities are the same in your country?
- 3. What are some of the advantages of malls as a place to hang out?



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8 What Are You Doing?





- A. Put the words in order to make sentences.
 - 1. reading / in / living / is / a / Father / room / newspaper / the .
 - 2. they / sandwiches / in / cafeteria / Are / the / eating?
 - 3. friend / email / he / writing / to / ls / an / his?
 - 4. She / mother / is / housework / her / the / helping / with .
 - 5. playing / the / games / aren't / We / computer / on .
 - 6. you / chatting / Who / with / are?

Writing Corner

1. Use personal pronouns in place of a person or people.

My name is Hussain. I am doing my homework. (I = Hussain/me) Amal is a teacher. She is teaching her class. (She = Amal) My brother is a student. He is studying. (He = my brother) My friends are at the mall. They are shopping. (They = my friends) This is my friend. We are walking to school. (We = my friend and I)

B. Read about Sabah's family. Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the members of her family. Use personal pronouns.

A: Where is Sabah? B: She's in her room.

B: She's doing her homework. A: What's she doing?

It is Saturday today. I'm in my room. I'm doing my homework. My parents are shopping at the supermarket. My grandfather is in the backyard. He's drinking coffee and reading a newspaper. I think that my brother, Ali, is in the park. He's riding his bike, or he's running. My baby brother is in the kitchen with my grandmother. He is playing with his toys, and she is cooking.

C. What do you think your family members and friends are doing now? Write a paragraph. Then, compare it with a partner.





• Choose popular teen hangout in your town. Take some photos, find photos from the Internet or magazines, or draw pictures of the people there. Write what they are doing. Present a report مرارة التعطيم to the class.

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Form, Meaning and Function

Would like

Use would like + noun for things that you want.

I'd like a sandwich. What would you like? Would you like fries? No, I'd like a salad. What would she like? She'd like coffee.

Use would like to + verb for activities that you want to do.

Would you like to watch TV? No, I'd like to read a magazine.

Use would like with question words: what, when, where.

What would she like to watch? What would you like to do? Where would he like to go? When would you like to eat?

She'd like to watch a comedy. I'd like to hang out at the mall. He'd like to go to the mall. I'd like to eat at 6 o'clock.



A. Complete the conversation with would like or would like to. Use 'd where possible.

What (1) _____ do today, Khalid? Faisal:

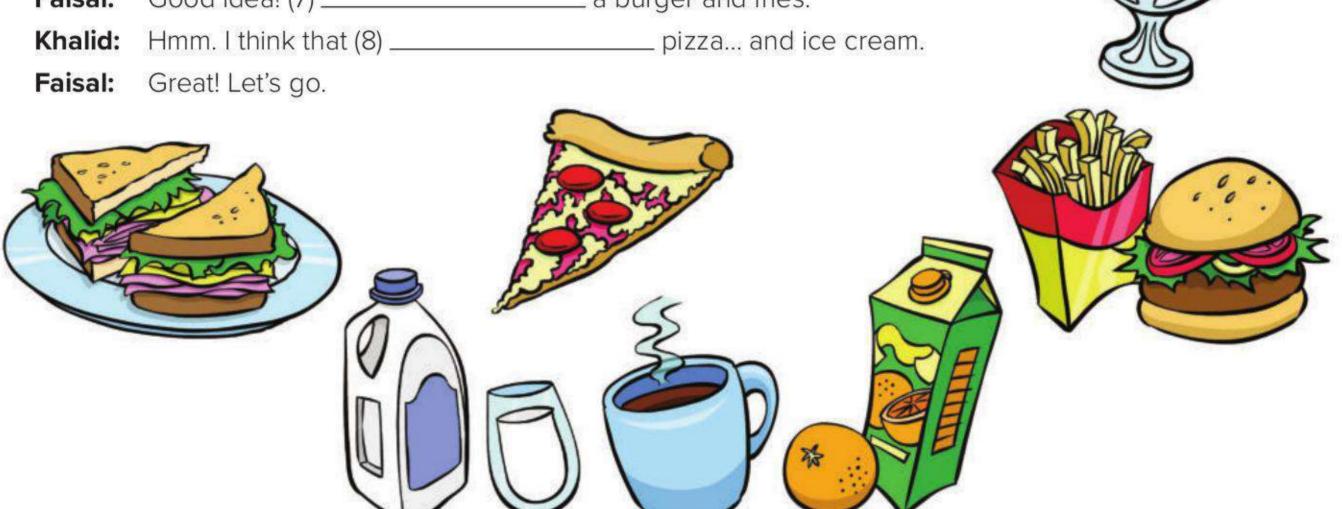
(2) _____ hang out at the mall. Khalid: OK. (3) _____ check out the new electronics store. Faisal:

Khalid: Sure. When (4). go?

Well, (5) ______ go at eleven o'clock. Faisal:

OK. (6) _____ have lunch at the food court? Khalid:

Good idea! (7) ______ a burger and fries. Faisal:



🕃 Work with a partner. Role-play a waiter and a customer at a café. Look at the pictures. Ask questions and order lunch with would like. Change roles.

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9 What Do You Do?







Look at the information about the boys. What do they want to be?



Name: Adnan

Age: 14

Interests: technology,

gadgets,

high-tech design

Adnan wants to become a high-tech designer.



Age: 14

Interests: sports,

video games,

tennis

Majid wants to become a famous tennis player.

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Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. What's the name of the job?
 - 1. plays tennis
 - 2. works in a hospital
 - 3. teaches at a school
 - 4. designs new gadgets
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - **1.** ___ Majid wants to be a teacher.
 - 2. Adnan wants to be a designer.
- 3. ____Majid designs games.
- **4.** ____ Adnan is interested in technology. وزارة التعليم

2 Pair Work



- A. Ask and answer about the people in the pictures.
 - What does Majid do?
 - He's a student. He goes to school.
- B. Ask and answer with a partner.
 - What do you do?
 - I'm a _____. I _____.

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What Do You Do?

3 Grammar 🎉

They



Simple Present Tense

Use the simple present tense for actions that happen all the time or usually occur.

Affirmative (+)			Third Pe	Third Person Endings		
ĺ	work		cook	-	cook s	
You			write	-	writes	
Не	work s	for an airline.	take	_	take s	
She			make	_	make s	
We	work		cut	_	cuts	

play



Questions with What

What do you do? What does he do? What do they do? What does she do?

What do you want to be? I want to be a doctor.



plays

What do you do? usually means What's your job?

A.	Complete	the	conversations.	Then	practice	with a	a partner.
----	----------	-----	----------------	------	----------	--------	------------

1. A: What your uncle	_?	
-----------------------	----	--

B: He's a bus driver.

A: What _____ your cousin do?

B: He's a salesperson. He works in a store. He _____ shoes.

2. A: What _____ you ____?

B: I'm a reporter. I _____ for a newspaper.

A: What _____ your friends ____?

B: They're football players.

They _____ for a famous football team.

3. A: What _____ your father _____?

B: My father is a doctor. He _____ in a clinic.

A: How about your brother?

B: He _____ for a magazine.

4. A: What do you _____?

B: | want to be a teacher. What about you?

A: 1 _____ a chef and work in an elegant restaurant.

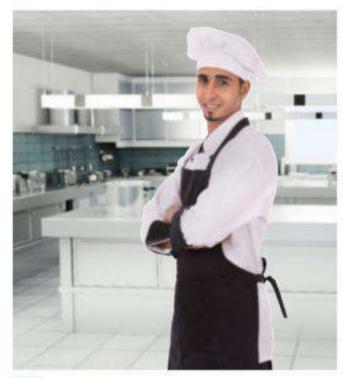
*FYI: For Your Information

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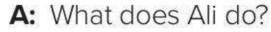


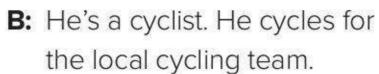


B. Work with a partner. Ask and answer.



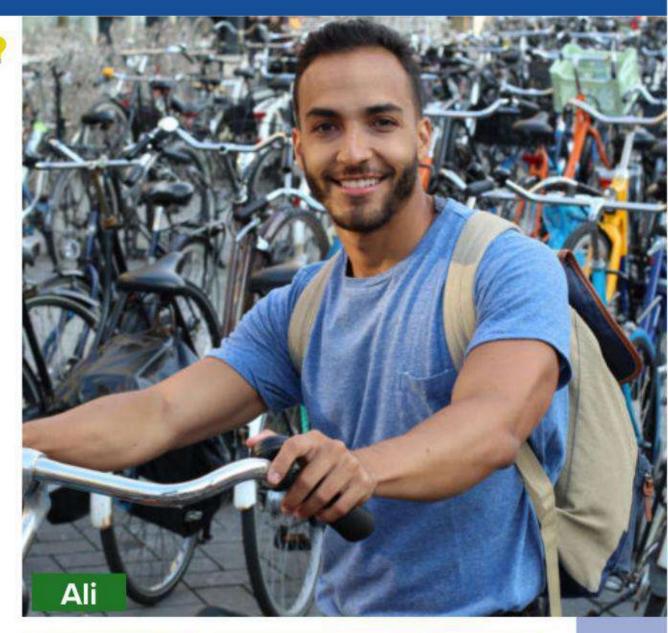
1 Hameed / chef / work / restaurant







2 Mike / waiter / work / restaurant



3 Ibrahim / cameraman / film / news



4 Mr. Smith / bus driver / drive / bus



Fahd / carpenter / make /furniture



6 Ahmed and Raymond / volleyball players / play / volleyball team

Listening



Listen to each person talk about his job. Complete the chart.

Name	Job	Place of Work
1. Omar		
2. Lee		
3. David		
4. Robert		

5 Pronunciation



Listen to the endings of the following verbs. Then practice.

/s/

Mr. Penn writes for a magazine. Mr. Chang works in a bank.

Pierre cooks in a restaurant.

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/z/

John sells cameras in a store. My father **drives** a bus. My brother plays volleyball.

What Do You Do?

6 Conversation

So, what do you do, Adel?



Me too. What do you want to do in the future?



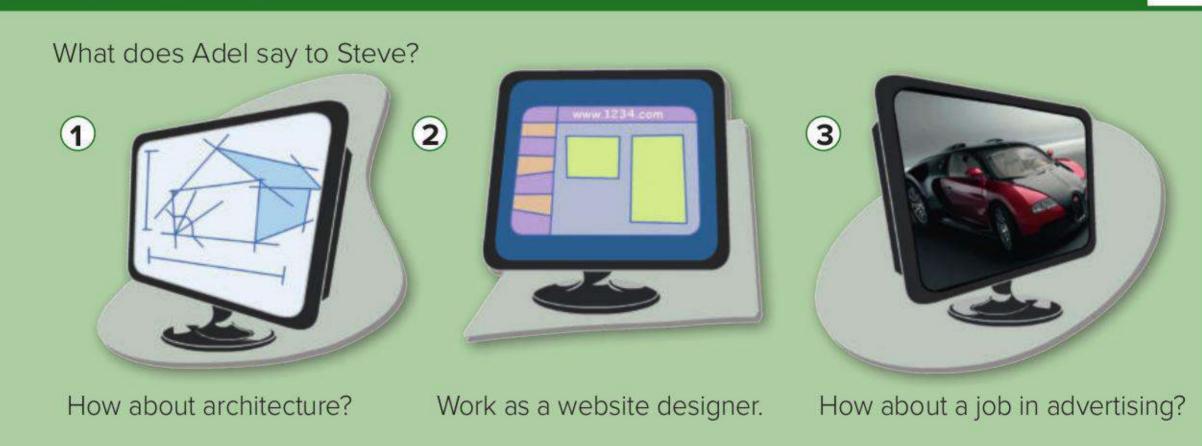
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I want to be a flight attendant. I like to travel and meet lots of different people.

Well, I don't know what I want to be. I'm good with computers and I like high-tech stuff...

> but I'm also interested in art and design.





About the Conversation

- 1. What do Adel and Steve do?
- 2. What does Adel want to be?
- 3. Is it a good job for him? Why? Why not?
- 4. What is Steve good at?

Your Turn

Ask your classmates what jobs their fathers or brothers do.

A: What does your brother/father do?





What do you want to be in the future? Discuss in a group. Say why.

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Dream

Before Reading

What do you think Omar Hamdan wants to be?

Follow Your

Omar Hamdan lives in Tabuk. He is sixteen years old, and he's on the school football team. Omar is a very good player, and he's the team's top striker this season.

Omar wants to be a professional football player. The coach thinks he has

potential. Omar is an Al-Watani fan, and his dream is to play for Al-Watani one day. This summer he is going to the Al-Watani Football School. There, boys learn the techniques of football and how to work as a team. They also have a chance to meet their favorite star players.

Omar is really excited. His parents support him, but they want him to go to a university. They say: "Football is OK, but you need to think about your future. Not many people become professional players who make a lot of money. And professional football players have a very short career." But Omar loves football, and he wants to follow his dream.

After Reading

- 1. Where does Omar live?
- 2. Who does he play for?
- 3. What kind of player is he?
- 4. What does he want to be?
- **5.** Where is he going in the summer?
- 6. What do Omar's parents think of his plans?

Do you agree or disagree with Omar's parents? Is a professional football

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player a good job? Is it easy to become a professional football player?



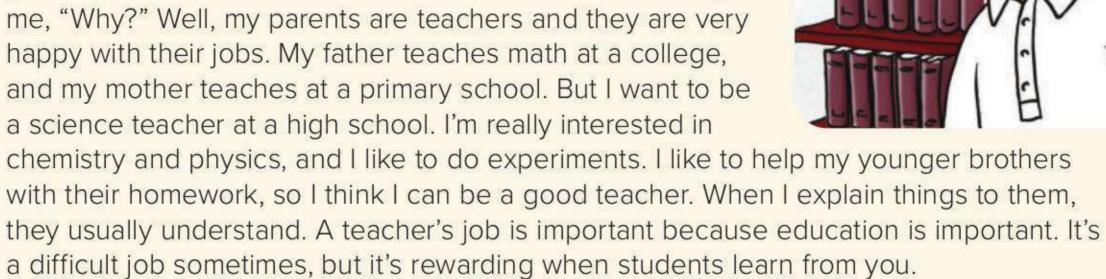
9 What Do You Do?





A. Read about Khalid's dream job. Answer the questions.

People always ask me, "What do you want to be when you grow up?" I tell them that I want to be a teacher. Then they ask me, "Why?" Well, my parents are teachers and they are very happy with their jobs. My father teaches math at a college, and my mother teaches at a primary school. But I want to be a science teacher at a high school. I'm really interested in



- 1. What does "grow up" mean?
- 2. Why does Khalid want to be a teacher?
- 3. What does Khalid want to teach? Why?
- 4. Why do you think he says "it's a difficult job sometimes"?
- 5. What do you think "rewarding" means?

Writing Corner

- 1. Use because to explain why. Use so to explain a result. I want to be a pilot because I'm interested in planes. I'm interested in planes, so I want to be a pilot.
- 2. Use and to connect similar ideas. Use but to connect contrasting ideas. I really like chemistry and physics, but I don't like history.
- B. Write notes about your dream job in the chart.

My dream job	
	1.
Why I like this job	2.
	3.
Why I think I can do this job	
One thing I don't like about it	

C. Write about your dream job. Use your notes from the chart and ideas from this unit.





What do you think are good and bad jobs? Make a list and compare in a group. As a group, decide on the best and worst jobs.

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Why / Because

We use the question word *why* to ask for a reason. We use the conjunction *because* to answer questions with why.

Why is he taking a nap?

Because he's tired.

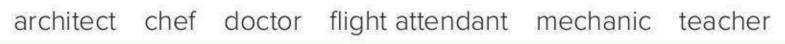
Why do you want to stay home? Because it's cold and rainy.

Because / So

The conjunction *because* tells a reason—it tells why. The conjunction *so* tells a consequence or a result.

He's taking a nap **because** he's tired. He's tired, **so** he's taking a nap.

A. Write questions to match the answers. Use a job from the box.



P	Why does he want to be an architect.	Because he likes to design houses.
1.	<u> </u>	Because he's interested in cars.
2.	· 8	Because I like to travel and meet people.
3.		Because she likes to work with children.
4.	. 2 	Because he likes to cook.
5.	§ 2	Because I want to help sick people.
1.	omplete the sentences with so or becaus He's interested in computers, we h	he wants to design software.
	. He wants to be a carpenter	\sim
4.	. He wants to be a lawyer,	he's studying law at university.
5.	. She wants to be a nurse	she wants to help sick people.
6.	. The car has a problem,	the mechanic is checking it out.
7.	The children aren't going to school toda	y it's Saturday.
8.	. I like my neighborhood	it's quiet and the people are friendly.

Badria wants to be a teacher because she likes to work with children.

Badria likes to work with children, so she wants to be a teacher.

Fill in the chart. Then tell the class about your classmates.

Nam	e	Job	Reason
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C. Interview four classmates. Ask what job they want to do in the future and the reason why.

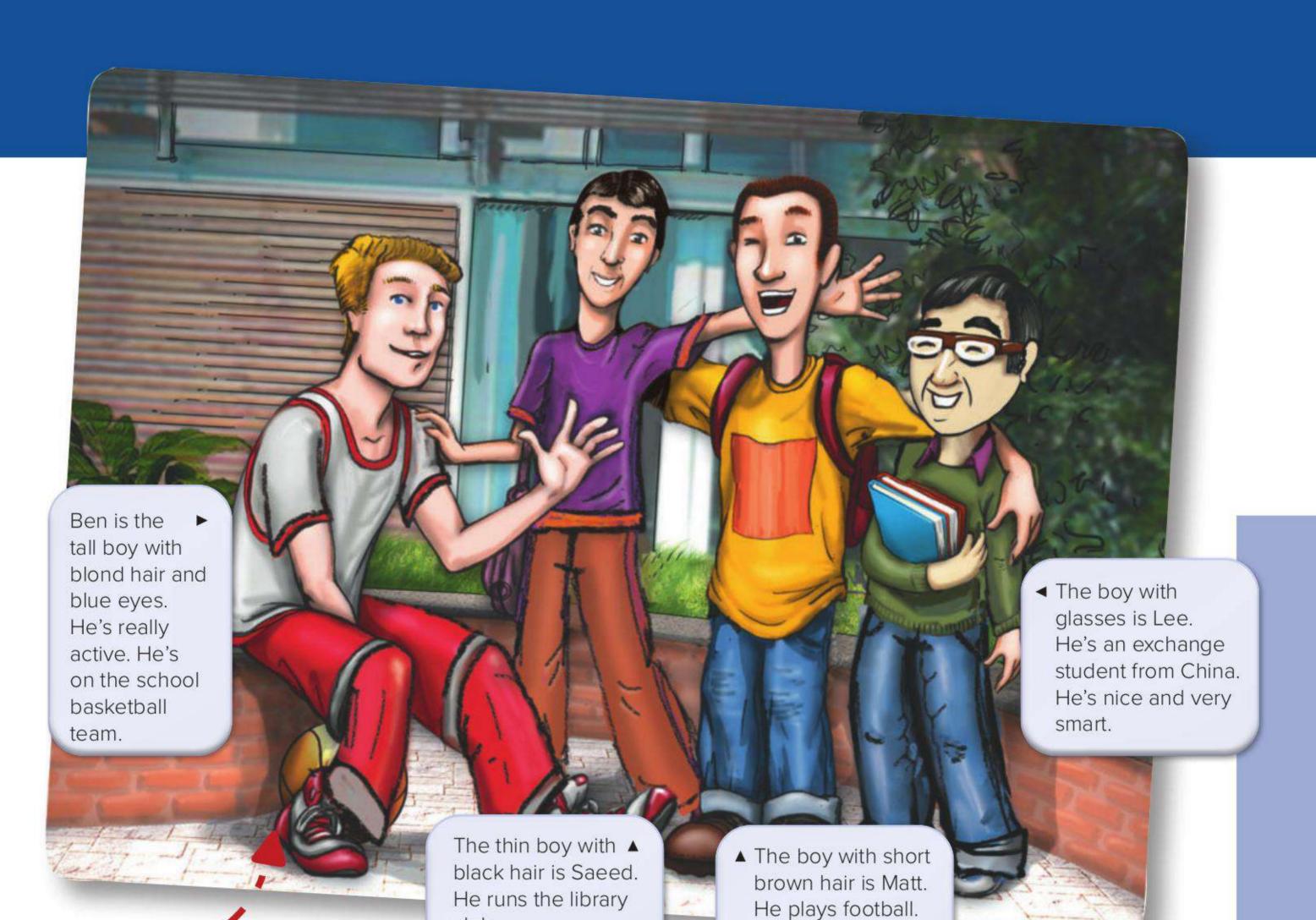
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10 What's School Like?







Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. Match the words.
 - **1.** ____ active
- a. difficult

club.

- 2. ___ interesting b. athletic
- 3. ___ smart
- c. not boring
- **4.** ____ hard
- d. intelligent
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - 1. ___ Carl's favorite subject is history.
 - 2. ___ Ben plays on the volleyball team.
 - 3. ___ Saeed runs the computer club.
 - 4. ___ Matt has curly blond hair.
 - **5.** ____ Lee wears glasses.

2 Pair Work

He's lots of fun.



- A. Ask and answer about school subjects.
 - Do you like math?
 - Yes, I do. It's great.
 - I think it's difficult.
- B. Ask and answer about the classmates in the picture above.
 - Does Matt have blond hair?
 - No, he doesn't.
 - Does he play football?
 - Yes, he does.
- C. Describe two classmates. What do they look like? What are they like?



What does he/she look like? = physical appearance What's he/she like? = personality

He's/She's thin. He's/She's friendly.

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10 What's School Like?

3 Grammar 👊



Simple Present Tense: Statements and Questions

Affirmative (+) Negative (-) speak

English.

You speak**s** He She We speak They

don't You doesn't He She don't We They

speak English.

Questions (?)

Short Answers (+)

Short Answers (-)

Do	you
	we
	they
Does	he
	she

do. we speak English. Yes, they does. he she

don't. we No, they doesn't. he she



Some verbs that end in y change to -ies: study – studies Verbs that end in ch and sh, add -es: teach - teaches, brush - brushes

Adjectives

In English, adjectives go before nouns or after the verb be

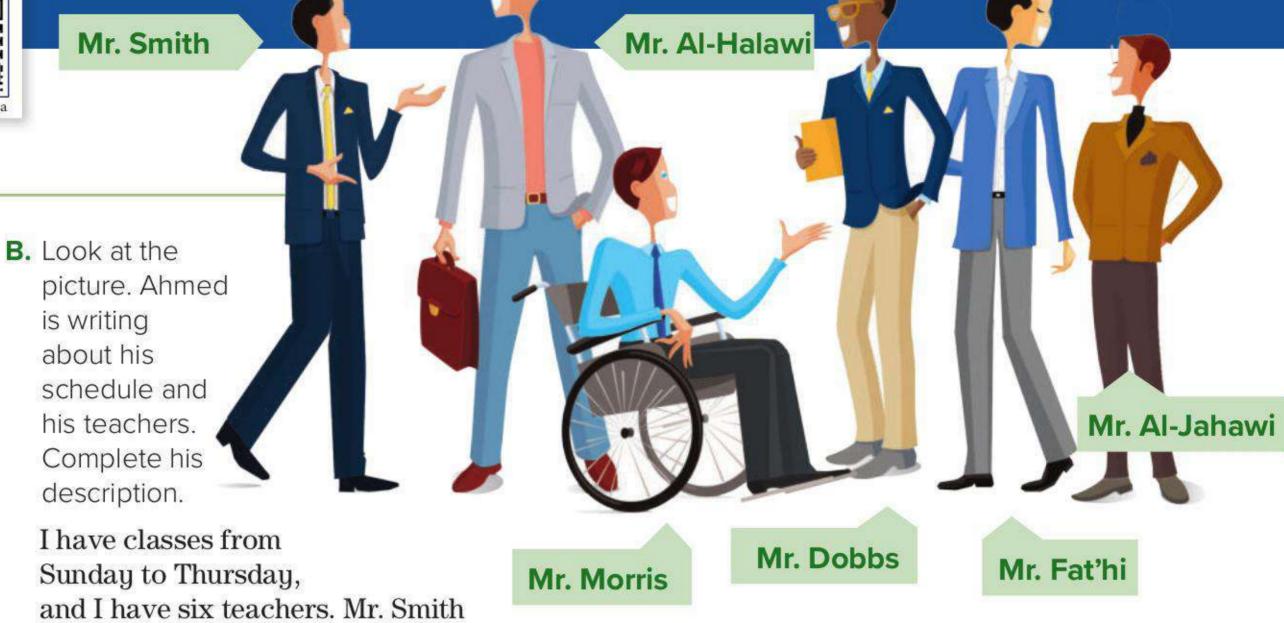
Uncle Peter has a **long** beard.

History is **interesting**.

- A. Answer the questions about Ahmed's schedule.
 - 1. Does Ahmed take Spanish?
 - 2. Does he have French on Sunday?
 - 3. Does Mr. Dobbs teach history?
 - 4. Do Mr. Fat'hi and Mr. Al-Jahawi teach science? 8. What does Mr. Al-Halawi teach?
- 5. What subject does Ahmed have last on Tuesday?
- 6. What subject does he have three times a week?
- 7. What subjects does he have every day?

			Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday
	First Period	English					
		Mr. Smith					
	Second Period	History					
		Mr. Al-Halawi					
	Third Period	Math					
		Mr. Dobbs					
W/1881	Fourth Period	French					
		Mr. Morris					
• • •	Fifth Period	Science					
ارة الت	ia	Mr. Fat'hi, Mr. Al-Jahawi					





Sunday to Thursday, and I have six teachers. Mr. Smith (1) _____ English. He has (2) _____ hair and blue eyes. He gives a lot of homework. Mr. Al-Halawi is the history teacher. He's (3) _____, and he has (4) _____ hair. Mr. Dobbs teaches math. He always (5) _____ a jacket and tie, and he's a very good teacher. Mr. Fat'hi and Mr. Al-Jahawi (6) _____ science. Mr. Fat'hi has short (7) ____ hair. Mr. Al-Jahawi is short, and he has (8) _____ brown hair. They are very strict. French is my favorite subject, and Mr. Morris is our teacher. He has (9) _____ hair and blue eyes, and he's a lot of fun. We (10) _____ French in class, and I send emails to my friends in Canada in French.

Listening



You are meeting two visitors at the airport. You don't know what they look like. Listen to the descriptions. Answer **yes** or **no**.

Ted

- 1. ____ Ted has black hair.
- **2.** _____ Ted has long hair.
- **3.** _____ Ted is tall.
- **4.** _____ Ted is carrying a laptop.

Seth

- 1. _____ Seth has brown hair.
- 2. _____ Seth wears glasses.
- 3. _____ Seth is short.
- **4.** _____ Seth always carries a camera.

5 Pronunciation



Listen to the **-es** endings of the words. Then practice.



Fred **uses** the library all the time.

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10 What's School Like?

6 Conversation



Hashim: What's your favorite subject? Faris: I like science. I think it's cool.

I love the experiments.

Hashim: I prefer history. It's fascinating. What are

your teachers like this year?

Faris: They are all good, but the math teacher is

my favorite. He explains things clearly and

also makes math fun! How about you?

Hashim: I like Mr. Huston, the English teacher.







Your Ending

What does Hashim say about Mr. Huston?

- 1 His classes are interesting. He organizes great activities.
- He speaks English in class. I learn a lot.
- He doesn't give a lot of homework.

Real Talk

cool = great

About the Conversation

- 1. What's Faris's favorite subject? Why?
- 2. Does Hashim like history? Why?
- 3. Does Faris like the math teacher? Why?
- 4. Who is Hashim's favorite teacher?

Your Turn

Work in a group. Ask your classmates about their favorite subjects. Compare your answers with other groups.

A: What's your favorite subject?

B: _____

A: Why?

B: _____

Name	Subject	Why?

7 About You



- 1. Do you have lots of homework?
- 2. What's your school schedule like?
- **3.** Who's your best friend at school?
- ارت التعالی What does he/she look like?

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8 Reading

Before Reading

What clubs does your school have?

What is the goal of a school club?

Students make friends with other students that share the same interests. A club helps students explore their interests, learn to work with others—and just have fun.

School Clubs







Come and check it out!

Visit one of the clubs and spend an afternoon doing what you like most.

The Science Club: Students organize their own experiments. Club members are students who say: "I'm sort of like a scientist too," and "Science is cool." Do you feel the same?

Archaeology Club: Students learn how to excavate archaeological findings. Club members organize expeditions in the desert every spring.

<u>Poetry Club</u>: Students learn and recite traditional and modern poetry. They write poetry and organize poetry readings.

<u>Computer Club</u>: Members learn about and get a chance to use lots of computer programs—from spreadsheets to games. Some students even design their own programs. Does this interest you?

<u>Drama Club</u>: Members learn the basics of acting and get a chance to act in plays in front of student audiences. Get on stage and get in on the act.

<u>Football Club</u>: Members practice and compete for the school team. They also help with the organization of football games with other school teams.

After Reading

Write the club in which students do each of the activities.

- 1. word processing
- 2. acting
- 3. visit archaeological sites _____
- 4. present poetry
- 5. play for the school team _____
- 6. use chemicals



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10 What's School Like?



Writing /



A. Complete the chart with notes about your physical appearance, character, and interests. Describe yourself to a partner.

Eyes/Hair	
Height/Build	
Character	
Interests	

- B. Match the questions with the answers. There are two answers for each question. Write the letters on the lines below the question.
- 1. What does he look like?

2. What is he like?

3. What does he like?

- a. He's a lot of fun.
- **b.** He's interested in technology.
- c. His favorite subject is math.
- **d.** He wears glasses.
- e. He's tall and thin.
- **f.** He's friendly with everyone.

Writing Corner

- 1. Every sentence has a subject and a verb.
- 2. When a sentence has one subject and two verbs connected with and, it is not necessary to repeat the subject.

Fahd is athletic and plays football. He is tall and has brown eyes.

C. Read the text about Ali. What does he look like? What is he like? What does he like?

My cousin, Ali, is a college student. He has brown eyes and curly black hair. He's quite tall and has a medium build. He also has a very nice smile. Ali is a lot of fun and likes to make his friends laugh. People like him because he is cheerful and friendly. Ali is interested in languages, so he studies English and French. He wants to be a writer. He is also an active student and runs the "Young Writers" club at his college.

D. Choose a person you know well—a friend, a classmate, or a family member. Make a chart like the one in exercise A and complete it with information about the person. Then, write a description of the person.





•• In a group, make an advertisement for a school club. Present it to the class.

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Intensifiers

We use adverbs like very, quite, really, pretty, and extremely to make adjectives stronger. These adverbs are normally placed before the adjective.

Ali is very tall. Ali is an **extremely** active student. Science is **pretty** interesting. Science is a **really** interesting subject. Faisal is quite an intelligent student. Faisal is **quite** short.

Note: When there is a singular noun, *quite* goes before the article.

Adjectives with -ed

Adjectives that end in -ed describe how a person feels or reacts. Adjectives that end in -ing describe what causes a feeling or reaction.



- A. Circle the correct adjectives.
 - 1. We're really (excited / exciting) because our team is winning the football game.
 - 2. Sabah feels extremely (tired / tiring), so she wants to stay home and relax.
 - 3. This math problem is quite (confused / confusing). Can you please help me with it?
 - 4. I'm never (bored / boring) in science class. The experiments are very (interested / interesting).
 - 5. You look extremely (worried / worrying). Is anything wrong?
 - 6. The teacher is (annoyed / annoying) because the students aren't paying attention.
 - 7. I don't like to watch (frightened / frightening) films on TV. I prefer to watch comedies.
 - 8. History isn't (bored / boring). In fact, it's quite a (fascinated / fascinating) subject.
- B. Use the words to write sentences.

?	Football / very / exciting / sport	Football is a very exciting sport.
1.	Math / quite / difficult / subject	
2	. Maha / really / talented / artist	6-
3	. Fahd / extremely / athletic / student	7/2
4	. History / pretty / interesting / subject	p .
5	Mr. Parks / quite / strict / teacher	

•C. Work with a partner. Talk about school subjects and school friends. Use adjectives from this unit and the adverbs: very, quite, really, pretty, and extremely.

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11 What Time Do You Get Up?



Listen and Discuss



Which activities are the same or different in your country at these times?

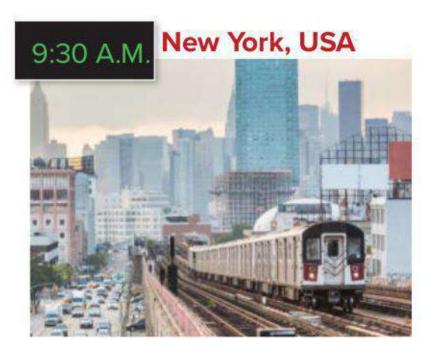
Every Day Around the World



Amal is waking up. She usually gets up early in the morning.



Alex is working. He usually serves breakfast in the morning.



Jeff and Rick always take the train to work. Traffic is bad in the morning, so they never drive to work.



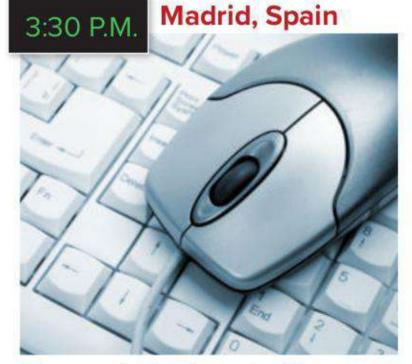
Celso is at school. He sometimes plays football during PE.



Bob is riding home from work. He usually goes to work by bike.

7:30 P.M.

Lahore, Pakistan

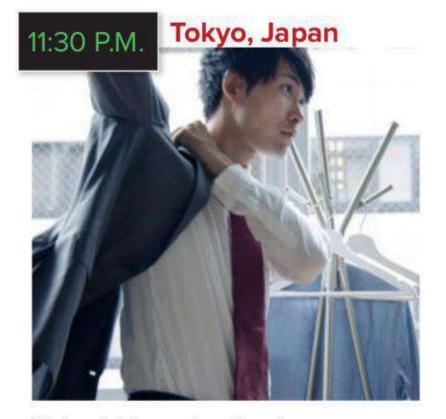


Fernando is at work. He always checks his email after lunch.



He usually studies before dinner. Ministry of Education 202 881 444

Mr. Zaheer Abbas and his family are eating. They always have dinner together.



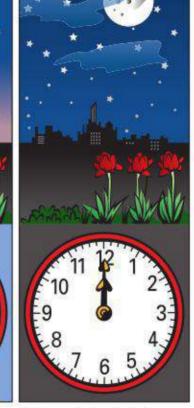
Takeshi is going back home. He is a lawyer and he usually works late.



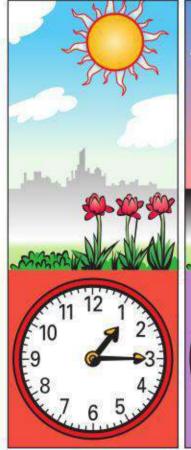


It's six o'clock It's noon. in the morning. It's 12:00 It's 6:00 A.M. (noon).





It's nine forty It's midnight. It's 12:00 (at night).



It's one fifteen It's seven in the afternoon. It's 1:15 P.M.

thirty in the evening. It's 7:30 P.M.

at night. It's 9:40 P.M.



- A. Vocabulary. What activities on page 88 do you do every day? Write them in order from morning to night.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - 1. ___ Amal usually gets up early.
 - 2. ___ Alex is having breakfast.
 - 3. ____ Jeff and Rick never drive to work.
 - **4.** ___ Celso plays football at school.
- 5. ___ Bob goes to work by bus.

It's four o'clock.

- **6.** ____ Fernando reads his email in the office.
- 7. ___ Ali usually studies after dinner.
- **8.** ___ Takeshi usually goes home early.

2 Pair Work





She usually gets up at five thirty.

- A. Ask and answer about the people on page 88. B. Ask and answer about daily activities.
 - What do you usually do after dinner?
 - I usually watch TV.

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11 What Time Do You Get Up?

3 Grammar \(\)





Adverbs of Frequency: always, usually, sometimes, never

What do you usually do after school?

always
usually
sometimes
never

do my homework. 100%

00%

always

never

Time Expressions: before, after, then, every day



He usually does his homework **before** dinner.



He always brushes his teeth **after** dinner.



Then he watches TV.

Prepositions: at, in, on in Time Expressions

	at	in	on
I get up	at six o'clock.	in the morning.	on weekdays.
I leave work	at five o'clock.	in the afternoon.	on Tuesdays and Wednesdays.
I get home	at seven o'clock.	in the evening.	on Sundays and Mondays.

- A. Unscramble the sentences.
- in the morning / usually / at seven o'clock / get up / I I usually get up at seven o'clock in the morning.
 - 1. opens / at nine / usually / The bank
 - 2. closes / The supermarket / on Sundays / never
 - 3. to work / drive / always / My brothers
- 4. in our family / go to bed late / The children / never
- 5. always / in the afternoon / do / I / my homework
- مرازة التعاليط 6. usually / eats dinner / My family / at six

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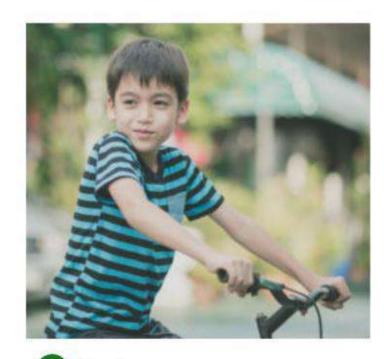


B. Work with a partner. Talk about the people's daily activities.

usually / weekends Derek usually visits his grandfather on weekends.

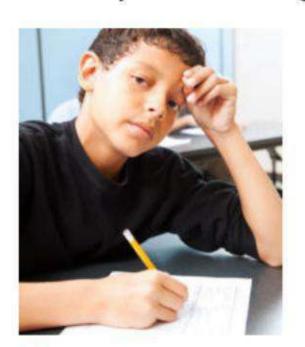


1 Fatimah always / the evening



2 Tariq sometimes / the morning





3 Adam never / weekends



4 Abdullah usually / Saturdays



5 Khalid always / after school



6 Ali and his friends sometimes / the evening

C. Look at the activities in exercise B, and write sentences about yourself. Use adverbs of frequency. Share them with a partner.

Listening



Listen to Jeff's typical day. Tick (✓) the things he does.

- **1.** ____ Jeff usually exercises before breakfast.
- 2. ___ He rides the bus to school.
- 3. ___ He does his homework after practice.
- **4.** ____ Jeff plays tennis on weekends.
- **5.** ____ He never meets his friends on weeknights.



5 Pronunciation



Listen to the pronunciation of **Does he** and **Does she**. Notice how the words are pronounced together. Then practice.

ارات الت الير Does she get up early? Does he exercise every day?

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11 What Time Do You Get Up?

6 Conversation



Fahd: Hi, Ryan. Where are you going?

Ryan: To the gym. I usually work out for about an hour in the afternoon. Where are you off to?

Fahd: To martial arts class.

Ryan: That's awesome! What are you learning?

Fahd: Well, right now, I'm learning some difficult karate moves. But sometimes we do special exercises to learn how to concentrate. Come along some time.

Your Ending

What does Ryan answer?

- 1 No way!
- 2 I can't do karate at all.
- 3 Do they teach taekwondo?

About the Conversation

- 1. What does Ryan usually do in the afternoons?
- 2. What kind of lesson does Fahd have?
- 3. What is he learning now?

Your Turn

Find someone in your class who does each of the activities.

Find Someone Who	Name
usually goes to bed after eleven o'clock	
takes a shower or bath at night	
does homework late in the evening	
never watches TV after dinner	
sometimes walks to school	
takes karate lessons	

Real Talk

Where are you off to? = Where are you going? awesome = really great No way! = Absolutely not!

7 About You



• 1. Do you take any lessons? What kind?

• 2. What do you usually do on Saturdays?

אלים **3.** What do you never do on Saturdays?

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8 Reading



Before Reading

Do you have a school newspaper or web page? What information does it have?

Schooldays:

School Around the World





Ahmed Jeddah, Saudi Arabia

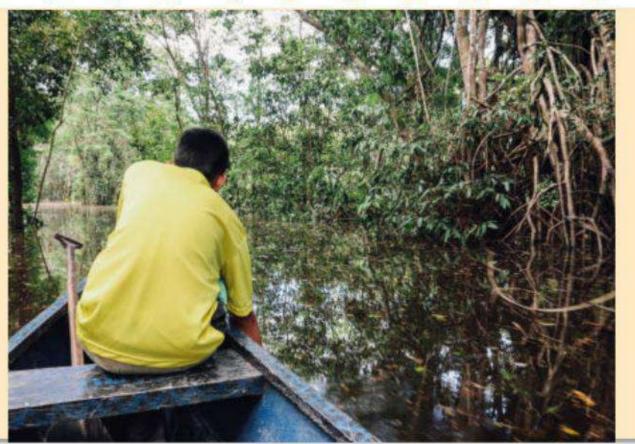
I usually arrive at school before 7 A.M. Assembly is at 6:45, and we always sing the Saudi national anthem. After assembly, we go straight to the classroom. We have six classes a day. Each one lasts 45 minutes. We only leave our classroom for subjects like computer, PE, and art. School finishes at 1 P.M., but there is an optional seventh period for students who want extra tutoring. There are after-school clubs. I'm a member of the football club, so I sometimes stay after school and play football.

José

Amazon Rain Forest, Ecuador

My school is in a village on the Aguarico River.

I live far from the school, so I need to get up at 5 A.M. I go to school by canoe, but when it rains a lot I stay at home. Our school has 46 students and two classrooms. There are two teachers, one for grades 1–3, the other for grades 4–6. We study all the subjects in Quechua, our first language, but we also learn Spanish. Our school has a generator for electricity, and it has a computer.



After Reading

Underline or list the things and activities that are different from your school. Compare with a partner.



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11 What Time Do You Get Up?





9 Writing



A. Read the email from a Japanese student in middle school. With a partner, discuss what is the same or different about your school.

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From: kaito_suzuki@mail.jp Subject: Middle school in Japan

Hi Saeed,

It's fun to have a pen pal in another country! We can practice English. Today, I want to tell you about middle school in Japan.

I usually get up at 7:15. I put on my school uniform, prepare my school bag, and eat breakfast. Then, I go to school by bus. Other students go on foot or by train.

Our school day begins at 8:30. Before classes, we meet in our homeroom for assembly. We have six classes a day, four in the morning and two in the afternoon. We study subjects like language, math, science, social studies, technology, health and PE, and art. Each class is 50 minutes long, with a 5-minute break between classes. We have lunch at 12:30. Everyone brings lunch from home, and we always eat in our homeroom.

School ends at 3:30. Before we go home, we all help to clean the school. There are also many clubs and after-school activities. For example, I play baseball twice a week and I'm in the English club (that's how I met you!). On these days, I usually leave school at 5:00.

What's middle school like in Saudi Arabia? Write back soon.

Your friend,

Kaito

Writing Corner

- 1. By explains how: by car, by bus, by plane, etc. But we say on foot. Kaito goes to school by bus. Other students go on foot or by train.
- 2. To shows direction: He goes to school by bus.
- 3. In shows location: Students meet in their homeroom.
- B. Look at the writing task in C. Write notes in the chart to organize your paragraphs.

Things I do before school	
School hours and classes	
After-school activities	

C. Write an email to a pen pal about a typical day at your school. Use your notes from the chart and other ideas from this unit.

10 Project



Work in a group. Do research on routines of schools around the world. Write how they are similar or different from your school.

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11 Form, Meaning and Function

Simple Present versus Present Progressive

Use the simple present to talk about permanent actions like habits or routines.
Use the present progressive to talk about temporary actions that are happening now.

The students usually **write** tests every month. (habit or routine)
The students **are writing** a test at the moment. (happening now)

PERMANENT TEMPORARY

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Saeed lives in Jeddah, but he is studying in Riyadh this year.

Note: Some verbs are not used in the progressive form: believe, forget, hear, know, like, love, need, prefer, remember, see, understand, want.

A. Ch	noose the correct verb for	r each sentence.			
1.	Nawal	_ her homework at the m	oment.		
	a. does	b. is doing	c.	do	
2.	to co	ome to the mall with us?			
	a. Do you want		c.	Are you wanting	
3.	The scientists	the cause of the	problem.		
	a. aren't knowing	b. not know	c.	don't know	
4.	Look! The children	in the lake.			
	a. are swimming	b. swim	c.	are swim	
5.	The moon	around the Earth.			
	a. is going	b. go	c.	goes	
6.	Abdullah sometimes	his bike t	o school.		
	a. is riding	b. rides	c.	ride	
7.	Jasem has a part-time jo	b, but he	today.		
	a. isn't working	b. works not	c.	aren't working	
8.	in yo	our country in the winter?			
	a. Does it snow	b. Snows	c.	Is it snowing	
9.	Please be quiet. The bal	by righ	nt now.		1/8
	a. is sleep	b. sleeps	c.	is sleeping	11
10.	Listen. The tourists	for directio	ns in Engli	sh.	0
	a. is asking	b. are asking	c.	ask	
B. Pu	it the verbs in parenthese	es into the present progres	ssive or sin	mple present.	
1.	your	email every day? (you/ch	eck)		
		horses on		. (ride)	
3.	I this	exercise. Can you explair	n it again? ((not/understand)	
		o the park. Would you like	00.000	20 50	
5.	Majid usually	at the gym three	times a we	eek. (work out)	
6.	What time	in the morning? (you	u/usually/w	vake up)	
		newspaper? Can I have a	The same of the sa	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
8:	.Fatimah always	her teeth after	dinner. (br	rush)	
		school, so he			5)
		mechanic's, so he			
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EXPANSION Units 6-11

1 Language Review



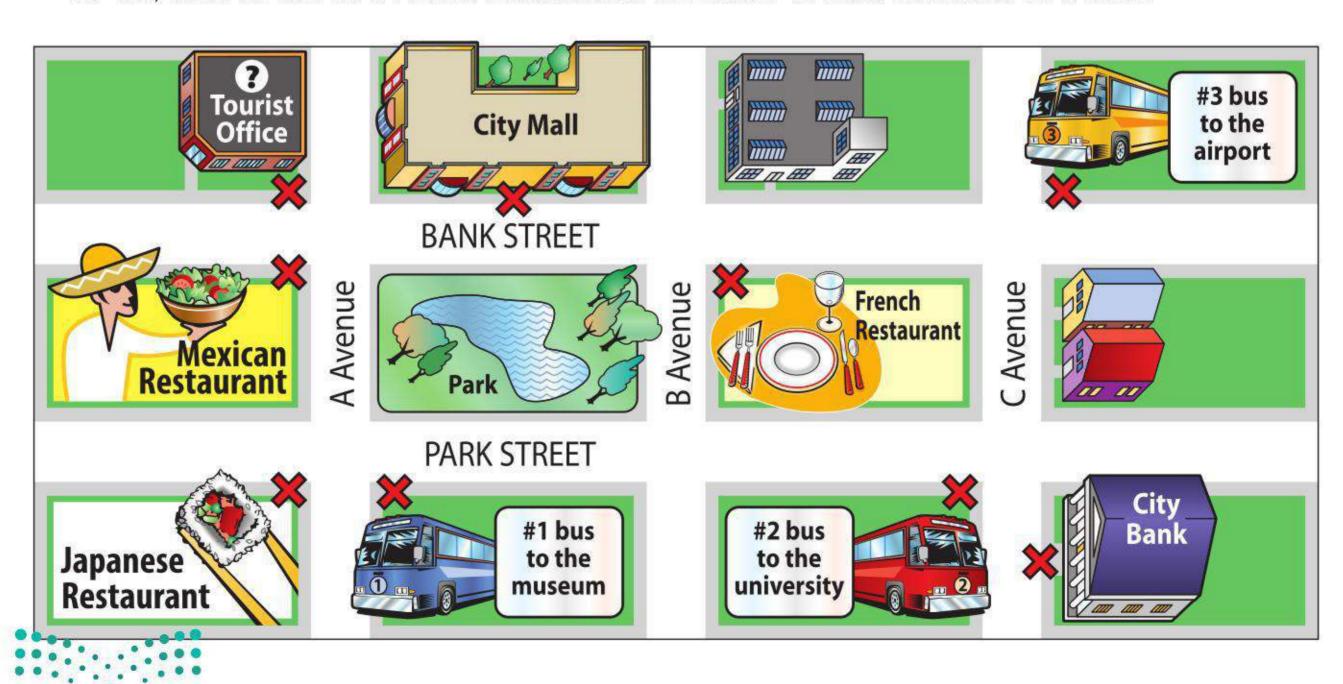
A. Complete the conversations.

1. A:	Where you?	2. A:	What your house like?
B:	I live on Baker Street.	B:	It very big. There ten rooms,
A:	it a good neighborhood?		and there a big yard.
	Yes, I everything. I very happy there.	A:	Our house small, but it comfortable, and it a nice view.

B. Write where the things are in your house.

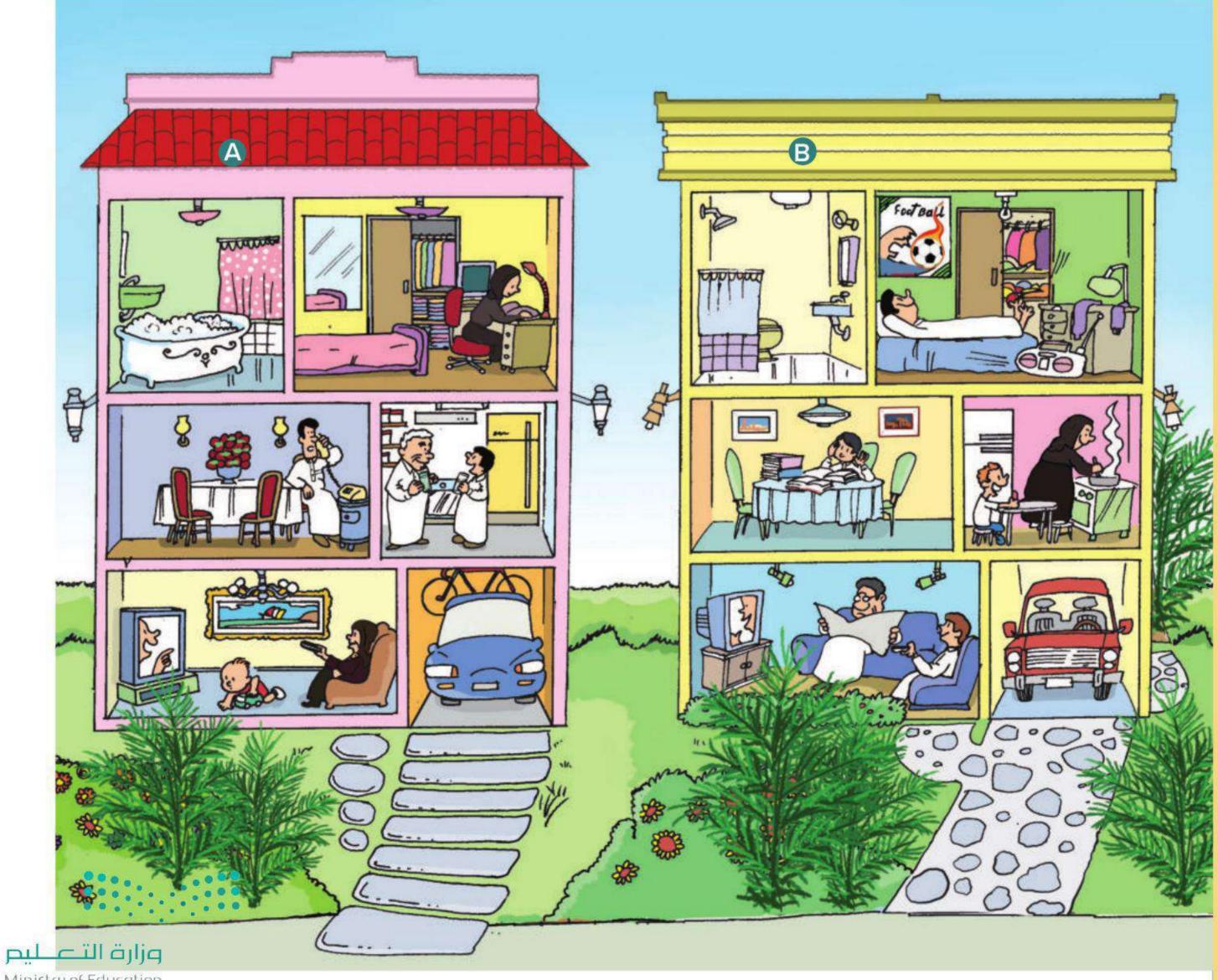
P	flowers	There are flowers in the garden.
	1. television	
	2. photos of the family	3
	3. sofa	
	4. telephone	
	5. shelf	

- C. Work with a partner. Ask and answer. Use the map to give directions. Say where you are starting.
 - A: I am at City Bank. Is there a good French restaurant near here?
 - B: Yes, there is. There's a French restaurant on the corner of Bank Street and B Avenue.



- D. Look at the picture and do the activities.
 - 1. Work with a partner. What are the people doing? Write eight sentences.
 - The father in house A is talking on the phone.
 - 2. Work with a partner. What are some things in the houses? Write eight sentences.
 - In house A, there are shelves in the kitchen.

 In house B, there is a shower in the bathroom.
 - **3.** Look at the pictures again. Write down eight differences between houses A and B. Compare your answers with a partner.
 - In house A, they have a mirror in the bedroom. In house B, they have a poster on the wall.



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EXPANSION Units 6-11

2 Reading



Before Reading

- 1. Do you send emails to friends?
- 2. Where are your friends from?
- 3. Do you write to them often?
- 4. What do you write about?

Email Pals

Hi Omar,

Thanks for your email. Here are some answers to your questions about me. I have a small family. There's just my father, my mother, and my sister. My sister's name is Kate, and she's nineteen years old. She's at college. She is studying to be a doctor. My dad's a doctor, too.

I live in a small town about one hour from New York City by train. My neighborhood is nice and quiet, and we have everything we need right here. My school is only a couple of blocks from my house, and there's an enormous shopping mall near here. My friends and I hang out there often.

I have a parrot. His name is Gabby. Do you have a pet? I play football on the local team. The name of the team is Square United. What's your favorite sport?

Tell me more about your family, your town, and your interests.

Take care. Mark







After Reading

Answer **yes** or **no**.

1. _____ Mark's family is small.

2. _____ Mark's sister is studying to be a nurse.

3. _____ Mark lives in an apartment.

4. _____ His school is far from his house.

5. _____ The neighborhood doesn't have many stores.

6. _____ Mark plays football in his free time.

3 Writing



You are writing an email to a new friend. Circle the information you want to include. Add your own ideas. Then write your email. Use Mark's email to help you.

family	pets	sports	weather
town	teachers	hobbies	school
neighborhood	friends	favorite hobbies	house
favorite food	favorite films	school subjects	holidays

About You



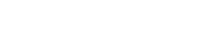
- 1. Do you live in a quiet or busy neighborhood?
- 2. What's your favorite hangout place?
- 3. Do you have a lot of friends?
- **4.** Who are your best friends?
- 5. Do you have any pets? What kind?
- 6. What are their names?
- 7. What are your favorite kinds of films?
- 8. What hobbies do you have?
- 9. Do you play a sport? What?
- 10. Do you collect anything? What do you have?







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Vocabulary

Read the meanings. Write the words from the chant.

1. making lots of noise _____

2. something to sit on _____

3. a place with a lot of grass and trees _____

4. something to put your books in _____

5. a person who delivers mail

6. a place we learn new things ______

7. there are cars on it

Comprehension

A. Answer yes or no.

1. _____ The boy is a student.

2. _____ The mailman is drinking coffee.

3. _____ The boy's brother is studying.

4. _____ Mr. Faisal is driving a car.

5. _____ The teacher is shopping.

6. _____ The boy's neighbor is sitting on the bench.

B. Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the people in the chant.

A: What's the teacher doing?

B: He's running in the park.

Discussion

Work in pairs and describe what the people in the photo are doing. Ask each other questions.

A: Where is the boy sitting?

B: He is sitting in the middle.

A: Is the father driving?

B: No, the grandfather is driving.





EXPANSION Units 6-11

6 Language Review



A. Answer the questions. Tick (✓) the boxes.

				doctor
Do you like to	?	Yes	No	
1. be with people				
2. work with compu	iters			8
3. work outdoors				
4. make things				
5. sit at a desk all d	ay			
6. cook				artist
7. drive vehicles (ca	ars, buses, etc.)			artist
8. draw				
9. work with plants	or animals			
10. write stories				
11. talk on the phone	e			
12. solve problems				11
B. In a group, share you	ır answers.			

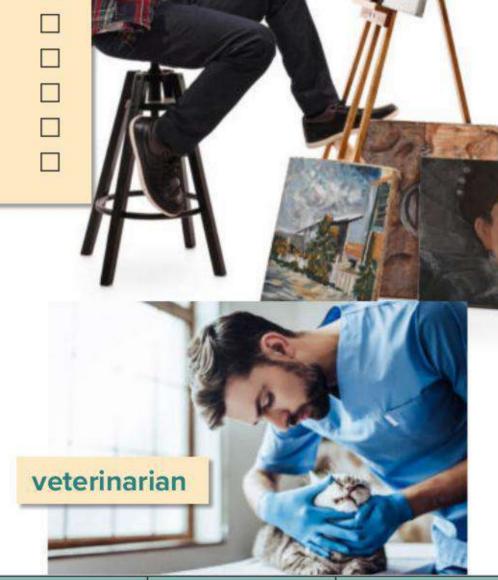
C. Write your schedule. Then interview classmates. Whose schedule is most like yours?

What jobs are good for you?

Do they agree on a job?

Do you agree with them?

What do other group members think?





website designer

2	% 		This		
	What time do you usually?	My schedule	's schedule	's schedule	's schedule
	1. get up				
	2. eat breakfast				
	3. leave for school				
	4. eat lunch				
	5. have math class				
	6. have science class				
	7. eat dinner				
	8. do your homework				
	9. go to bed				
ميلحتاا	get up on Saturday				

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D. Find people in your class who do the following things. Write their names.



like to draw	are good at sports	like to repair cars	like to design things
ride a horse	play chess	like to act	drive
ice-skate	write stories	rollerblade	surf the Internet
	2 -		
work out at a gym	take photographs	use computer software	like to sew
ride a motorcycle	cook	speak two languages	like to tell jokes
	ride a horse ice-skate work out at a gym ride a	ride a horse play chess ice-skate write stories work out at a gym photographs ride a cook	ride a horse play chess like to act ice-skate write stories rollerblade work out at a gym photographs software ride a cook speak two

play basketball

E. Choose four activities from the chart, and write how often you do them. Use *always, usually, sometimes,* or *never*.

1. ______

4.





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EXPANSION Units 6-11

7 Reading



Before Reading

First, look at the pictures and name the objects.

Do you use the same words when you speak Arabic?

English Everywhere



Do you come across English in your everyday life? Some teachers and students complain that they don't use any English outside the classroom. Think about it: we read, hear, and use English all the time. For example:

- Words for food like burger or chips.
- Computer jargon that is also used in general English, such as window, mouse, click, drag, etc.
- Words for clothes like jeans or T-shirt.
- Short greetings or abbreviations like "Hello" or "OK."

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Think of all the video games, social networks, websites, and other material on the Internet. When students search for information, they look up sources in English. Most of the films and programs on cable TV are available in English. Finally, any time you walk into a mall or a supermarket and pick up different products, check the label or the instructions. Most of the information is in English. English is everywhere, outside the classroom!

After Reading

- A. Read the text. Answer **yes** or **no**.
- 1. ___ Some students never use English outside the classroom.
- 2. ___ Some words we use for computers also have a general English meaning.
- 3. ___ Students don't need English when they search for information on the Internet.
- **4.** ___ Most films on cable TV are in English.
- **5.** ____ There are no English labels on products we buy at the supermarket.



- B. Answer the questions.
- **1.** What is computer jargon? Find examples in the text.
- 2. What are some English words for food and clothes that different speakers use?
- 3. When do students hear, read, or speak English?

Discussion

- 1. What other English words do you use in your country?
- 2. What Arabic words do English speakers use?
- **3.** Do you read the subtitles when you watch films? Why? Why not?
- **4.** How do you feel about using English in games or on the Internet? Why?
- **5.** Why is it important to know how to speak English? Give examples.

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EXPANSION Units 6-11

8 Chant Along



Number the verses in the correct order.

The English Class

It's a book. It's a pen.

It's a pencil and crayon.

It's a ball. It's a bat.

It's a bag and a hat.

It's a circle, a square,

A rectangle, a line.

Find a partner,

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It's a car. It's a plane. It's a bus and a train. It's a table, a chair.

It's an apple, a pear.

An MP3, a video game, a DVD.

What's this?

What's that?





◆ pear

Now repeat after me.

It's a mouse. It's a pad.

It's a screen and a stick.

hat 🛦

Vocabulary

- A. Match the two parts. Write the number in the blank.
- 1. "Repeat after me"
- a. ___ when we meet someone for the first time.
- 2. We say "How are you?"
- **b.** ____ to move on the screen and click.
- **3.** We say "How do you do?" **c.** ____ is something the teacher says.
- 4. We reply
- **d.** ____ when we meet a friend.
- **5.** We use the mouse
- e. ___ when we write an answer to an email.
- B. Put the words into the correct groups.

bus car paper	drone train plane	USB flash drive video game bike	book pen pencil	mouse email partner	keyboard motorcycle chair		
Back Schoo	to l						
	Class	room	Trans	sportation		Technology	

Comprehension

Answer **yes** or **no**.

- 1. ___ A circle has 4 sides.
- 2. ___ When you spell your name, you need to say each letter separately.
- 3. ___ We put a pad under the keyboard.
- We click with the mouse.
- There are sites on the Internet.







- 1. Keep a record of what you do in English each day. Think about what you hear, read, and see.
- 2. Compare with a partner.
- 3. Do a class survey. Find out how much English your classmates use.

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12 What Can You Do There?







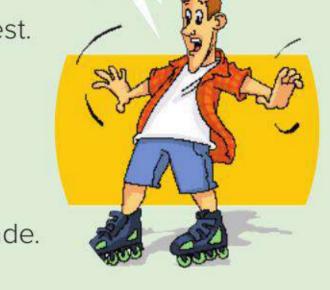
Use can to express ability or possibility.

Ability: I can speak English, but I can't speak Chinese.

Possibility: You can play golf at the resort.

I can't play football today. I'm studying for a test.

Help!!! I can't rollerblade!!!

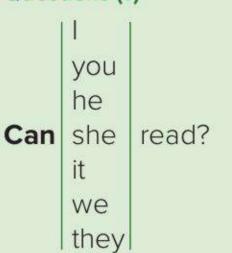


Affirmative (+)

	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO I	and the same of th	DOM: 10.00 M
		1	
You		You	
Не		He	
She	can speak English.	She	can't rollerblad
t		lt	
We		We	

Questions (?)

They



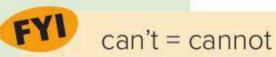
Short Answers (+)

They

Negative (-)







Verb: like + Infinitive



Affirmative (+)

I / You / We / They like to read. He / She likes to read.

Questions (?)

Does he/she like to swim?

Do you like to swim?

Negative (-)

I / You / We / They don't like to read.

He / She doesn't like to read.

Short Answers (+)

Short Answers (-)

Yes, I do. No, I don't.

Yes, he/she does. No, he/she doesn't.

A. Complete the sentences with *can* or *can't* and the verb in parentheses.

1. Ahmed _____ (come) tonight. He's finishing an assignment.

2. _____ Luke ____ (drive) them to the mall in his car?

3. We _____ (meet) tomorrow afternoon. I'm going to the dentist.

4. Mr. Sawyer _____ (see) you now. I'm afraid he's very busy.

5. You ____ (speak) in the library, but you ____ (read).

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- **B.** Work with a partner. Ask and answer.
 - A: Can Fred play basketball?
 - B: Yes, he can.
 - A: Can Fred drive a bus?
 - B: No, he can't.





play / basketball

drive / bus



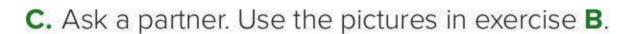








- 1 make / sandwich
- 2 ride / bike
- 3 ride / motorcycle
- 4 use / laptop
- **5** ice-skate



- 1. Which activities can you do? Which can't you do?
- 2. Which activities do you like to do? Write them in order of preference.
- D. Ask classmates what they can and can't do. Write their names in the chart.

Tick Can or Can't.

A: Can you drive?

B: Yes, I can. / No, I can't.

Ability	Name	Can	Can't
drive			
play basketball			
cook			
ride a motorcycle			
use a laptop			
swim			
rollerblade			

Listening /



Listen to the ad for the New Town Mall, and write **yes** or **no**.

- 1. ____ The mall is located near the hospital.
- 2. _____ You can shop and meet your friends.
- **3.** _____ You can go mountain climbing.
- 4. _____ You can't rollerblade.
- **5.** ____ The Falcons is the name of
 - a computer store.

5 Pronunciation



Listen to the pronunciation of **can** and **can't**. Then practice.

صلحتا قرارة Can you ride a bike? I can ride a bike, but I can't rollerblade.

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12 What Can You Do There?

6 Conversation



Can you play tennis? Ali:

Imad: Yes, I can.

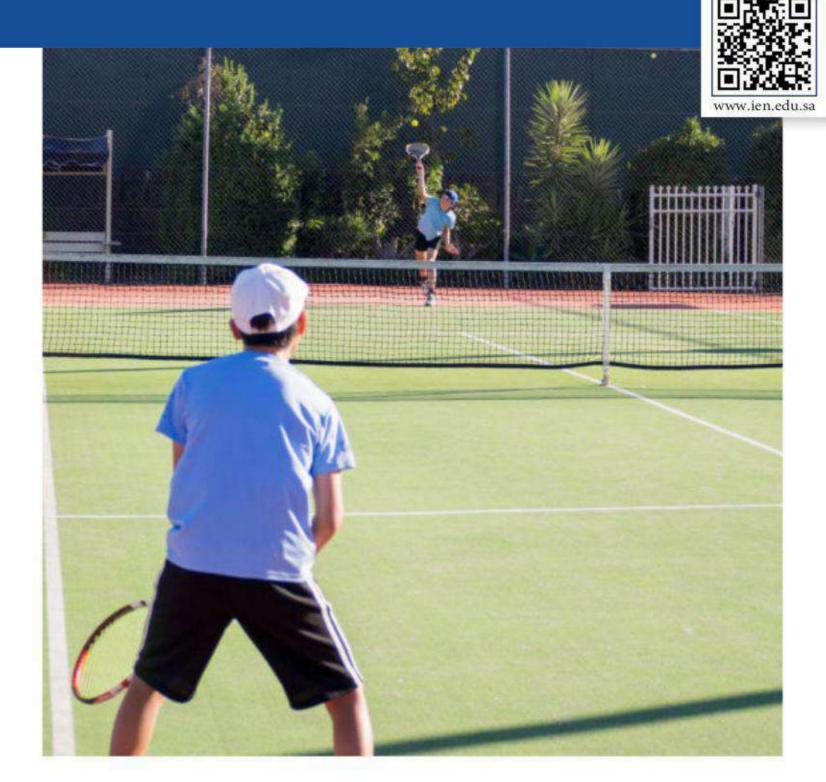
Ali: Do you want to play a match? Imad: Sure. When's good for you? Ali: I prefer the weekend. I have more free time. How about Thursday afternoon?

Imad: I can't. I'm busy. How about

Saturday morning? Good idea. What time? Ali:

Imad: Eight o'clock.

Eight o'clock, on a Saturday Ali: morning! Are you crazy?



Real Talk

When's good for you? = What time is good for you? Are you crazy? = You're saying something I think is strange.

About the Conversation

- 1. Can Imad play tennis?
- 2. Can Imad play on Thursday afternoon?
- 3. When can he play? What time?
- 4. What does Ali think about the time?

Your Turn

Invite your partner to play a game or sport, go on an outing, etc.

A: Let's _____.

B: Good idea. When?

A: _____

B: I can't. I _____.

A: How about ____?

B: That's _____.

About You



- 1. Do you like sports?
- 2. What sports and games can you play?
- 3. How often do you play them?
- ♣ Do you like to watch sports on TV? Which ones?

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8 Reading



Before Reading

Look at the title and the headings.

 Write down words, phrases and ideas connected with each heading.



Places to visit in Saudi Arabia



Saudi Arabia's future

Our country has many assets. To build a good future, we have a vision for Saudi Arabia. Part of the vision is to share our strong culture and beautiful environment with citizens, residents, and visitors.

We are building many hotels, roads, and museums to bring visitors to see our country and history. We can help look after our natural environment so all people can enjoy it.

We are building and planning places for people to visit where they can learn about our history, culture and nature. They can enjoy relaxing holidays, too.

Environmental tourism

In the mountains of Al-Baha we protect our forests, parks, and reserves so that everyone can visit these areas and enjoy nature without harming it.

Family beach holidays

We are developing Al-Uquair to be a beach resort with many outdoor activities suitable for all ages, such as a water park and the Ocean World Center.

Cultural tourism

At Al-Ula, we are making the world's largest open-air museum. Visitors can see important historical sites and traditional art.

* Adapted from the text of the Vision Programs at https://vision2030.gov.sa/en and from the text that was drafted by the Council of Economic and Development Affairs as instructed by the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques, King Salman.

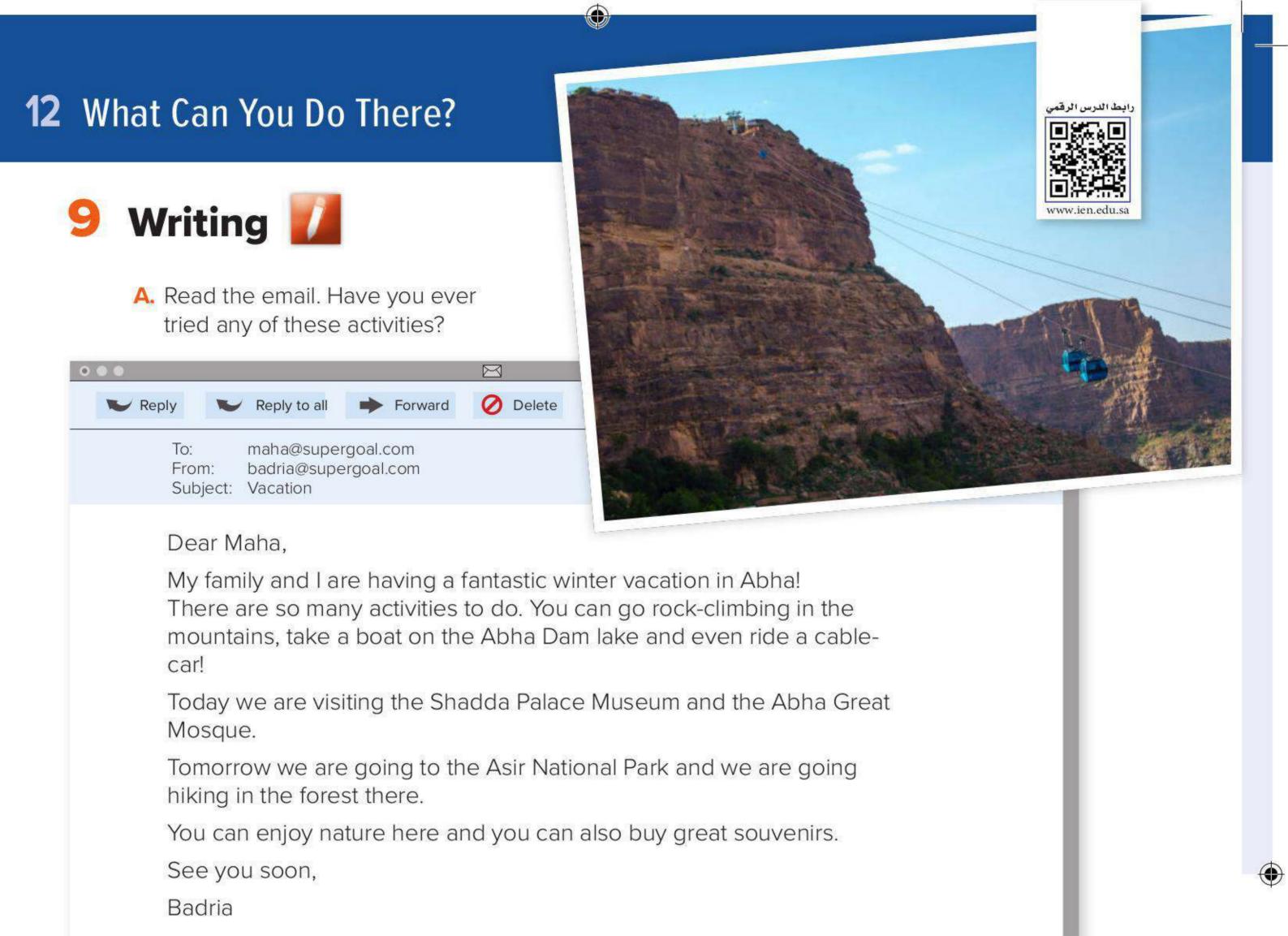
After Reading

- 1. Compare your ideas in 'Before Reading' with the text.
- 2. Think about what activities you can do in each place. Make notes in the chart.

Place	Activities
Al-Baha	walk in the mountains
Al-Uquair	
Al-Ula	

- 3. Which place do you like best? Why?
 - · Share your ideas with a partner and support your opinion.
- **4.** Underline all the examples of present progressive in the text. Why do they use present progressive here?

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B. Research another resort in your country. Complete the chart with notes about the resort.

Location	
Type of resort (cultural, environmental, holiday)	
Activities	
What you like about the place	

C. Imagine that you are at a resort in Saudi Arabia. Write an email to a friend. Say what you can do there and say what you are planning to do, during your stay. Use your notes from the chart.

10 Project

Design a brochure for a vacation resort. Present it to the class. You can use your notes from the chart in exercise B or create an imaginary resort.

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Gerunds after Verbs

Gerunds are the -ing form of a verb. They act like nouns and answer the question what.

They spend their free time **playing** basketball.

He enjoys **skateboarding** in the park.

We use gerunds after certain verbs and phrases, such as:

can't stand feel like love
dislike hate prefer
enjoy like spend time



Infinitives after Verbs

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An infinitive is to + the base form of a verb. Like gerunds, infinitives act like nouns and answer the question what. The verbs like, love, hate, and prefer can go with either a gerund or an infinitive.

I like to watch TV, but I prefer to play games online.

We use infinitives after certain verbs and phrases, such as:

hate love want like prefer would like



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A. Write the gerund or infinitive of the verb in parentheses.	. 9 .
My family and I love(1. go) to Beachside Resort or stay in a comfortable apartment with a beautiful view.	n vacation every summer. We always
There are lots of fun activities to do at Beachside. My dad and brothe water sports. They usually rent a boat. My dad and Ahmed spend the Sometimes they catch enough fish for dinner. Hameed prefers year he would like (5. try) scuba diving. My mom c (6. sail) because she gets seasick, and I hate (7. si (8. walk) along the beach.	day (3. fish). (4. snorkel), and this can't stand
In the evening, I help my mom cook dinner. We all love After dinner, my brothers like (10. hike) along the ewash up the dishes because my parents want (11. feel like (12. read) a good book.	ecological trails. I clear the table and
B. Write about your likes and dislikes. Use gerunds and infinitives.	
1. I like	
2. I would like	
3. lenjoy	
4. I prefer	
5. I distinct. 6. I can't stand	
الم	

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13 What Are You Going To Wear There?



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Steve: I'm going to travel to Rio de Janeiro on vacation. What clothes do I need?

Mario: I think you're going to need casual clothes for the hot weather: T-shirts, jeans, shorts, and a hat!





Nawal: I'm going to a wedding on the weekend. I don't know what to wear.

Sabah: Me too. I'm going to go shopping for a formal dress. Do you want to come with me?

Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. List the clothes you are wearing today. Also give the colors.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - 1. ___ Steve is going to Rio de Janeiro for work.
 - 2. ___ He's going to need casual clothes.
 - 3. ___ Nawal is going to get married next weekend.
 - **4.** ____ Sabah is going to buy an abaya.

Colors

light blue

blue

green

dark green

red

pink

purple

yellow

orange

brown

beige

black

white

gray

2 Pair Work



Ask and answer.

- What clothes do I need to buy for Abha in the winter?
- You need warm clothes. It's cold in Abha.
- What clothes do I need for Jeddah in July?
- You need light clothes. The weather is very hot.
- What are you going to do next weekend?

I'm going to go shopping.

What color are your boots?

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They're brown.

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13 What Are You Going To Wear There?

3 Grammar N



Future: be + going to

Affi	rm	ati	ve	(\pm)

Nega	tive (-
12.00	F

ı'm
You're
He's
She's
We're
They're

going to wear jeans. (I + am)not l'm You (you + are) aren't (he + is)He isn't (she + is) She (we + are) We aren't (they + are) They

going to wear jeans.

Questions (?)

Short Answers (+)

Short Answers (-)

Are you	
Is he/she	
Are we/they	

going to wear jeans?

1		am.
Yes,	he/she	is.
	we/they	are.

	'm	not.		
No,	he/she	isn't.		
	we/they	aren't.		

Time Expressions for the Future: tomorrow, next week, next month

Q: What are you going to wear to school tomorrow?

A: I'm going to wear my uniform.

Q: Is she going to go shopping for clothes next week?

A: Yes, she is.

A. Unscramble the sentences.

- 1. She / going / a new dress / is / to buy
- 2. jeans / are / to the park / They / to wear / going ______
- 3. a new pair of sneakers / to shop for / going / I'm ______
- 4. to wear / sandals / is / to the beach / He / going ______
- 5. are / for Dad / We / going / a tie / to buy
- 6. to need / going / for work / are / a suit / You

B. Work in a group. Ask and answer.

- A: What do you usually wear on a plane?
- **B:** I usually wear a T-shirt and jeans.
- 1. at home
- 2. to school
- 3. to a football game
- 4. to the beach
- 5. in cold weather
- 6. in hot weather





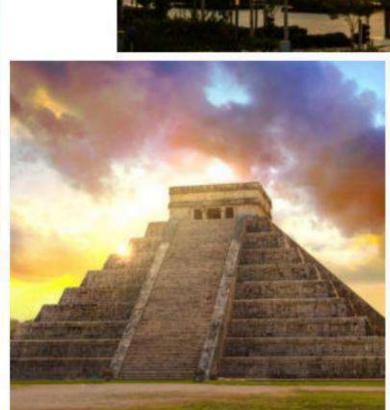
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- A: Where is Hussain going to go on vacation?
- **B:** He's going to go to Jeddah.
- A: What's he going to take?
- **B:** He's going to take light clothes.



Tom and Sam / Moscow











George and Joe / the Andes



What are Adnan and Mark going to buy? Listen and complete the chart. Write all the colors you hear each person say.

	Clothes	Colors	Style
1. Adnan			
2. Mark			

5 Pronunciation



Listen to the pronunciation of *going to*. Notice how the two words are pronounced together. Then practice.

What are you going to do? What are you going to wear?

I'm going to meet my friends.

I'm going to wear a sweater and jeans.



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13 What Are You Going To Wear There?



6 Conversation





Brian: What clothes are you going to take to Norway?

Andy: Warm clothes, very warm clothes. You know, a heavy coat, a scarf, gloves ...

I'm going to pack all my sweaters and warm socks.

Brian: Don't forget your sunglasses!

Josh: He's not going to need sunglasses. He isn't going to the beach.

Andy: Actually, Brian is right. I'm going to put them on when I'm out in

the snow!

Josh: You, out in the cold? You must be joking ...

Real Talk put on = wear

About the Conversation

- 1. Where is Andy going to go?
- 2. What is he going to wear?

Your Turn

Someone is going to visit Riyadh. Tell them what clothes to take.

About You



- 1. What kind of clothes do you like wearing? Casual or formal?
- 2. What's your favorite color for clothes?
- 3. Do you like shopping for clothes? Why? Why not?
- 4. What clothes do you need to buy?
- **5.** Where do you shop for clothes?
- 6. Are clothes expensive in your country?
- 7. What are you going to wear to school tomorrow?
- 8. Do you think clothes tell a lot about your personality?

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8 Reading

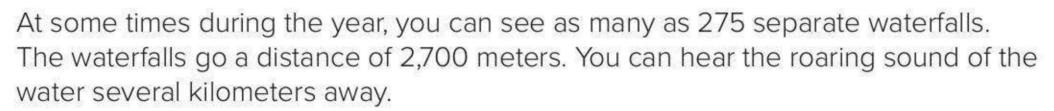


Before Reading

Look at the photos. What do you think the reading is about?

The Iguassu Falls

The Iguassu Falls are on the border of Brazil and Argentina. They are very beautiful and very famous. The falls are very popular with tourists from all around the world.



Visitors wear waterproof jackets or raincoats with hoods to keep their heads dry. They also wear rubber boots or waterproof shoes.



Transportation:

There are buses to the falls at the Iguassu Park.

Towns:

The town of Foz do Iguassu is near the falls. It's a big town, and it's very busy with people from many places around the world.

Other Attractions:

- Makuku boat ride on the Iguassu River to the falls. Very exciting!
- Helicopter ride over the falls. Great fun!
- Itaipu Dam (hydroelectric dam).
- Walk on the Brazilian side for a great view.

After Reading

- 1. Where are the Iguassu Falls?
- 2. What is near the falls?
- 3. What attractions do the Iguassu Falls have?
- **4.** How do the people go to the falls?
- 5. What do visitors wear at the falls?



13 What Are You Going To Wear There?

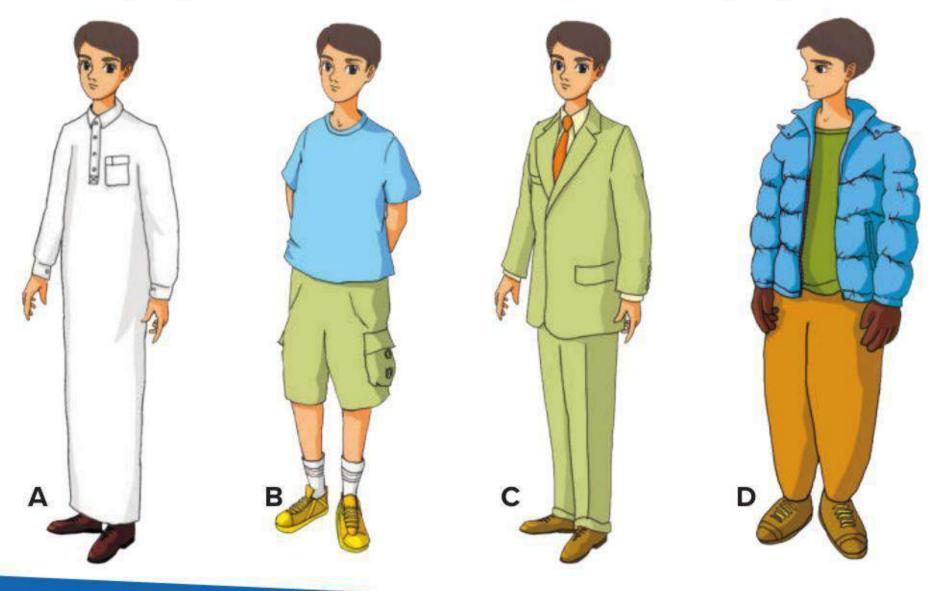






- A. With a partner, ask and answer questions about the boy's clothes and where he is going.
 - A: What is the boy wearing in picture A?
 - A: Where is he going?

- B: He's wearing...
- B: I think he's going to...



Writing Corner

- 1. When there are 2 or 3 adjectives in front of a noun, they usually go in this order: opinion shape origin material size color age These are comfortable brown leather shoes. He has a nice new silk tie. She has small round gold earrings. He's wearing an expensive Italian suit.
- B. Use two or three adjectives to describe the boy's clothes. Write them in a notebook. Then compare with a partner.
- comfortable old yellow sneakers
- C. Find three photos of people who are wearing different clothes. Write a description of each person's clothes.

Play a game: Work in small groups. Place all the photos from your group on a desk. Each student reads a description. The first person to find the correct photo gets a point. Continue until you have read all the descriptions. Who has the most points?

10 Project



In groups, do a survey to find o	ut where classmates get shopping advice.	Who helps them with
their clothing choices? Present	your survey results to the class.	

Advertising _____Salespeople _____Fashion magazines
Store websites _____Family and friends _____Other

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The Future with the Present Progressive

We often use the present progressive for definite arrangements in the future. It is also correct to use be + going to, but English speakers usually use the present progressive when the arrangements are certain. Compare:

What **are** you **doing**? (now) What are you doing tomorrow? (future)

What are you going to do tomorrow? (future)

He **is wearing** a suit. (now) He is wearing a suit to the graduation. (future)

He is going to wear a suit to the graduation. (future)

Note: When we use the present progressive to show the future, it is necessary to use time expressions such as: tonight, tomorrow, next week, on Thursday, etc.



on Tuesday morning/afternoon/evening/night I'm meeting my brother... tomorrow morning/afternoon/evening/night this afternoon/this evening/tonight

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday
8 am – 12 pm (morning)			Order cake from bakery	Pick up suit from dry cleaner	
12 pm – 4 pm (afternoon)		Take suit to dry cleaner		Wash car	Attend graduation ceremony 2 pm
4 pm – 8 pm (evening)	Call to invite friends	Buy shoes	Write speech		Guests arrive at restaurant 6 pm
8 pm – 12 am (night)	Book restaurant			Meet brother at airport 8:30 pm	

A. It is Sunday morning. Qassim's graduation is on Thursday. He is planning a party after the ceremony, so he has many things to do this week. Look at Qassim's schedule. Write sentences with the present continuous about

,	ils arrangements.
	He is calling his friends this evening to invite them to the graduation party.
8	•
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1	

Pul C is. Work with a partner. Talk about definite arrangements that you have in the future. Use the present progressive. Ministry of Education

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14 Let's Celebrate





Listen and Discuss



- 1. What are the important holidays in your country?
- 2. How do you celebrate them?

National Day



Saudi Arabia September 23rd

Cities and towns are covered in green. People fly flags and celebrate in the streets.





▲ Oman November 18th

There are official celebrations, parades, and fireworks.

United Arab Emirates December 2nd

UAE countries celebrate the Federation of the Emirates. People decorate the streets, buildings, and homes with bright lights.



▲ Kuwait

February 25th and 26th

People in Kuwait celebrate their National and Liberation Days with fireworks and special events. Families and friends get together to share meals.





Amal: Let's get some cards for the National Day.

Sabah: OK. That's a wonderful idea. We can send them to family and friends.

Amal: Yes. I like to send greeting cards to people I know.

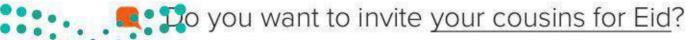
Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. Fill in the blanks with words from page 124.
 - 1. People ______ in the streets.
 - 2. People _____ their homes with bright lights.
 - 3. There are _____ in most countries on National Day.
 - **4.** You can watch the _____ in the sky at night.
 - 5. Families and friends get together to _____ meals.
 - 6. On national days, people fly _____ from their houses or wave them in the streets.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - 1. ____ People in Saudi Arabia cover everything in green.
 - 2. ___ In the UAE, people only decorate their homes.
 - 3. ___ There are parades in every country.
 - 4. ___ Kuwaitis celebrate their Liberation Day.

2 Pair Work



- A. Ask and answer about holidays.
 - When is the national holiday in your country?
 - Saudi National Day is on September 23rd.
 - What do people usually do on that day?
 - They fly the flag and celebrate.
 - What are you going to do on Saudi National Day?
 - I'm going to the open-air activities.
- B. Talk about invitations.



Yes, let's invite them.

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14 Let's Celebrate





Object Pronouns

Singular			Plural		
Subject Pronouns	Object Pronouns		Subject Pronouns	Object Pronouns	
1	me	He knows me .	we	us	They know us.
you	you	l know you .	you	you	They know you .
he	him	I know him .	they	them	We know them.
she	her	I know her .	-		

Need / Want / Like + Infinitive

Q: What do we need to buy for the celebration? Q: Do you want to invite your friend? A: Yes. I want to invite him/her.

Q: Do you like to watch parades?

A: We need to buy some snacks.

A: Yes. I like to watch them.



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Use need + infinitive to talk about necessity.

Let's + Verb

Use *let's* + verb to make or agree to suggestions.

Let's send greeting cards. Yes. Good idea. Let's do that.

A. Complete the sentences. Use the correct object pronou We need to invite our friends. I can ask <u>them</u> .	n: me, you, him, her, us, or them .
 He wants to invite Jack. He's going to call Sandra is her best friend. She's going to visit I want to meet my neighbors. I don't know We want to come to your graduation. Don't forget 	
5. I'm going to be at home tonight. Please call6. Please listen. I'm talking to	
B. Unscramble the sentences.1. my / to call / need / I / friends	
2. the house / likes / to decorate / Mariam3. snacks / to buy / you / Do / need / ?	
4. like / laptop / He / to share / doesn't / his5. don't / an invitation / need / We / to send	
6. want / you / to / a graduation party / Do / to come / ?	

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C. Work with a partner. Ask and answer.

A: What do you want to do during the holiday?

B: I want to spend some time with my friends.



Badr and his family / Eid Al-Fitr



3 you / Eid Al-Fitr



4 your family / vacation



5 you / graduation day





Listen to the invitations on the telephone answering machines. Complete the chart.

	Day	Time	Place
1. Eid Al-Fitr			
2. Eid Al-Adha			
3. Graduation party			

5 Pronunciation



Object pronouns do not usually have a strong stress in normal speech. They are said quickly. Listen to the pronunciation of *him*, *her*, and *them*. Then practice.



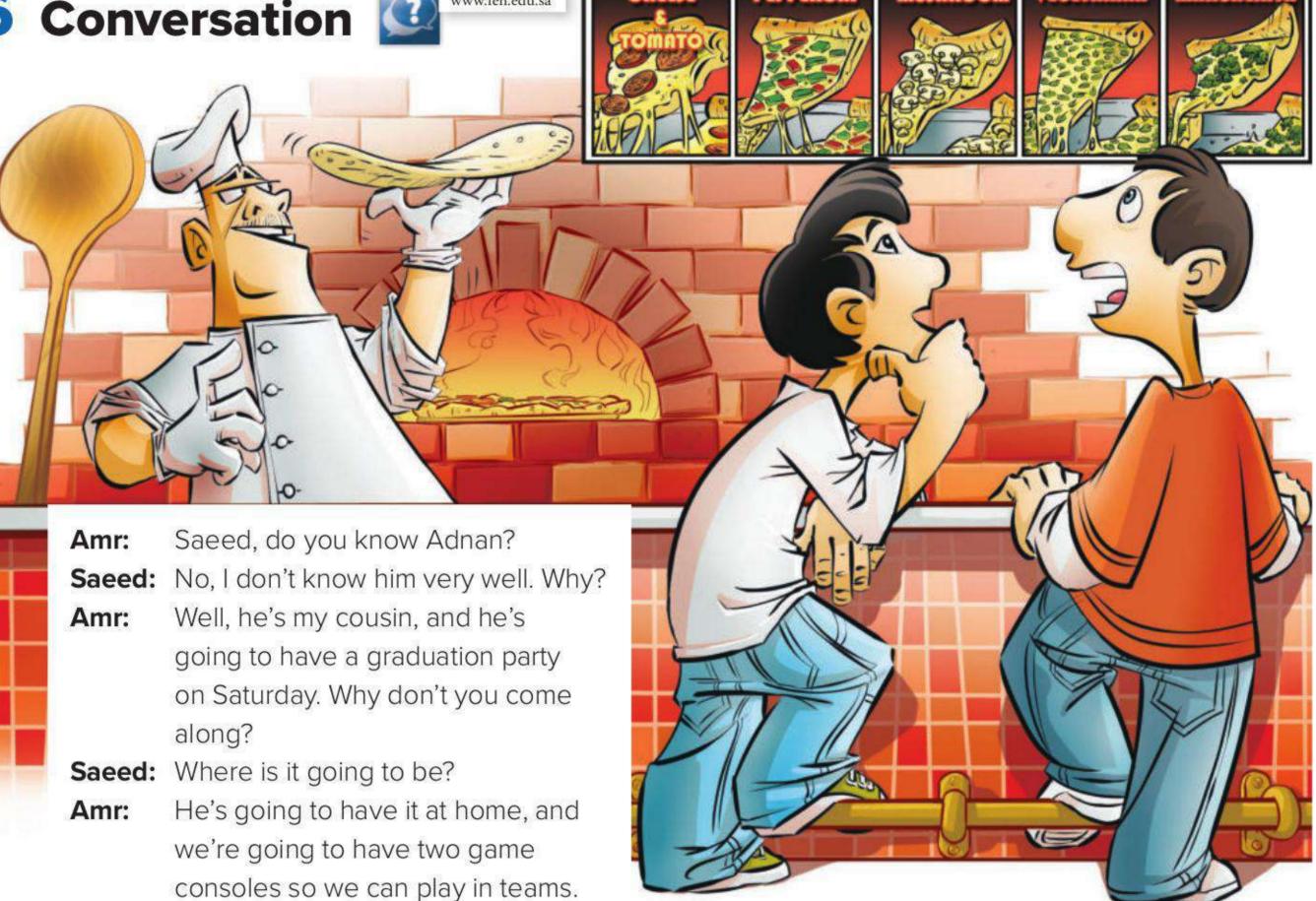
He knows **him** very well. She calls her every day. I see **them** often.

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14 Let's Celebrate







Your Ending

of pizza.

What does Saeed say?

1 Sounds like fun. Tell me how to get there.

Oh, yes, there's also going to be lots

- 2 I don't have an invitation. Too bad.
- 3 Sounds great! Can we go together?

About the Conversation

- 1. Does Saeed know Adnan well?
- 2. Where is the graduation party going to be? When?
- 3. What are they going to have there?

Your Turn

Invite a friend to a graduation party.

A: Do you _____ to come to a graduation party?

B: Great. When _____?

A: It's on_____. **B:** OK. And where _____?

A: It's at _____ around _____ P.M.

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About You



- 1. What do people usually do for graduation?
- 2. What are you going to do for your graduation?
- 3. What's your favorite holiday?
- 4. How do you celebrate it?



Reading



Before Reading

What do you know about traditional Eid practices in other Arab countries?



Bid Celebrations



Eid Al-Fitr is a Muslim holiday that marks the end of Ramadan. It is the most widely celebrated holiday in the Islamic calendar. The day begins with a light snack, usually dates, and the Eid prayer. People often decorate their homes and cook festive meals for family and friends. Older members of the family offer money to children.

Many store owners offer a special Eid gift to customers to show their generosity. Everyone does their best to be kind and generous to others, especially to those who are in need. At the end of Ramadan, Muslims donate food (such as dates and rice) to the poor. This is called Zakat Al-Fitr. In some areas, neighbors place large rugs on the street. Then, each family brings a meal to share with their neighbors.

Another important celebration is Eid Al-Adha. To celebrate Eid Al-Adha, Muslims all over the world sacrifice an animal. Depending on the region, they sacrifice a lamb, a goat, a camel, or a cow. The family shares the meal with friends and donates some to the poor.

Families get together for a special meal, visit friends and neighbors, and exchange gifts.



After Reading

Answer yes or no.

- 1. ____ Children offer money to adults.
- 2. ____ People show generosity and kindness to others.
- 3. ____ People have a light breakfast before the prayer on Eid Al-Fitr.
- 4. ____ In celebration of Eid Al-Adha, families sacrifice an animal and give some of it to those in need.

Discussion

Choose a holiday and discuss it with a partner. Compare how you celebrate the holiday with your families.

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14 Let's Celebrate



Writing **M**



A. Find 22 words in the word search that are related to celebrations (12 words across and 10 words down). Shade them with a pencil. Write the remaining letters to find a hidden message.

T	R	Α	D		Т		0	N	Α	L	L	
F	U	Ν	Р	L	Е	N	G	Α	G	Т	1	
Α	М	Е	Α	L.	S	V	0	Τ	1	S	В	
М	S	С	R	Ε	L	1	Α		F	Н	Е	
	D	L	Α	М	В	Т	Т	0	T	А	R	-
L	Е	Е	D	Α	Т	Ε	S	N	S	R	A	T
Υ	С	С	Е	L	Е	В	R	Α	T	Е	T	
Н	0	L	Ì	D	Α	Υ	F	L	Α	G	1	
Р	R	F	Ì	R	Е	W	0	R	K	S	0	
R	Α	G	R	Α	D	U	Α	Т	1	0	N	
Α	T	В	R	Α	М	Α	D	А	N	R	А	
Υ	Е	1	D	Α	L	F	Ĭ	Т	R	Т	Е	

B. Read the invitation to a graduation party. Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions with: who, what, where, when, and why.

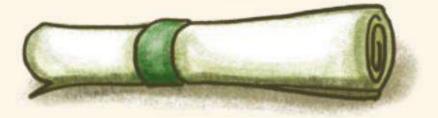
A: Who is the graduation party for?

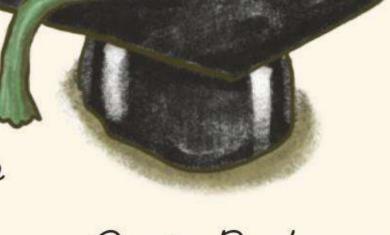
B: The graduation party is for Ahmed.

Please join us to celebrate the graduation of

Ahmed Al-Faisal

Saturday, May 15th at 6:00 pm





Oasis Restaurant Makkah Road

- C. Decide which holiday celebration you are going to write about in exercise D. Design an invitation to invite your friends to the celebration.
- D. Write about a holiday celebration in your country. Include: the date, the clothing, the food, and special events or traditional practices. Use vocabulary from the word search and ideas from this unit.





Research a celebration in another country. Present your findings to the class.

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Must / Mustn't and Should / Shouldn't

We **must** follow the rules.

He **must** stop at the traffic lights.

Must and should are modal verbs. The form of the modal verb does not change according to the subject. After the modal verbs *must* and *should*, we use the base form of the main verb.

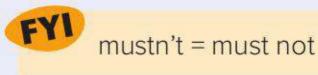
Use must / mustn't to talk about obligations and rules.

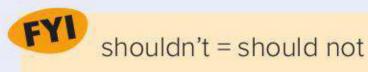
You **mustn't** talk during the test. They mustn't park on the sidewalk.

Use should / shouldn't to give suggestions and advice.

Who **should** I invite to the celebration? They **shouldn't** eat junk food. She **shouldn't** spend all her money. We **should** donate to the poor.

Note: Must is stronger than should. It has a more formal tone.





A.	Change	the	imperatives	to	sentences	with	must	or	mustn'	t
----	--------	-----	-------------	----	-----------	------	------	----	--------	---

Be kind to your neighbors.	We must be kind to our neighbors.
1. Do your homework tonight.	1
2. Don't be late for class.	You
3. Ask the teacher for help.	She
4. Don't sit on the desks.	Students
5. Share your toys.	The children
6. Don't eat snacks before dinner.	He
7. Send the invitations today.	We
8. Don't use fireworks indoors	You

D	Complete the	contoncos	with e	hould o	r chauldn't	and the	work in	naronthococ
В.	Complete the	seniences	WITH S	snouia c	i snoulan t	and the	vern in	parenineses

1.	I. Yahya's tooth hurts. He a der	ntist. (see)
2.	2. Fatimah wants to lose weight. She	ice cream. (eat)
3.	3. The children don't feel well. They	to school today. (go)
4.	1. If you don't understand, you	the teacher to explain it. (ask)
5.	5. The parade starts at 11 o'clock. What time	? (we/leave)
6.	5. Drivers cell phones when the	ey are driving. (use)
7.	7. I have an idea. We the room	with balloons. (decorate)
8.	3. Thanks for inviting me. What	? How about a cake? (I/bring)

C. Work in groups of four. Plan an end-of-the-year celebration for your class. Think about: the date and time, the place, the food and drinks, invitations guests, decorations, and activities.

Use should, shouldn't, must, and mustn't.









15 Then and Now

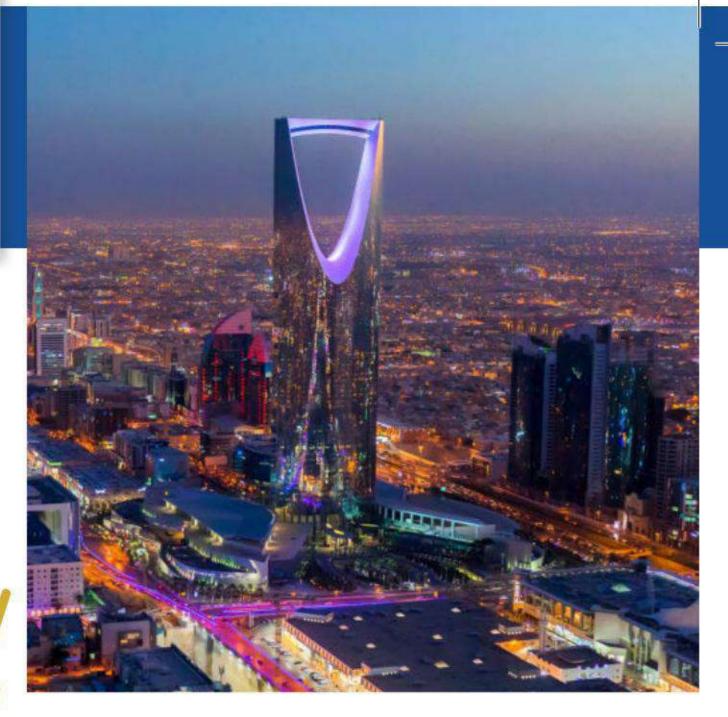


1 Listen and Discuss



How well do you know these cities? What do you know about them?

Riyadh and Jeddah Then and

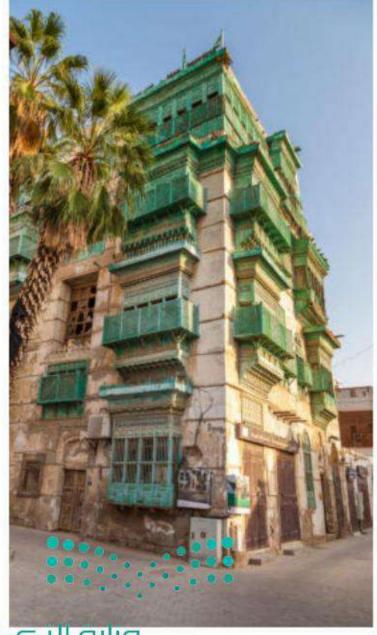




The old, oasis town of Riyadh was an area of about one square kilometer with a population of about 14,000. There were many mud-brick houses, mosques, and other buildings inside the walls of the city.

Today, most of the buildings and walls of the old city are in ruins. But the Al-Masmak fort and some parts of the walls were restored and are in better condition.

Nowadays, Riyadh is home to a population of more than 7 million people and covers an area of more than 1,500 square kilometers. Modern building complexes and skyscrapers like the Kingdom Center, the Al-Faisaliya Center, and the Riyadh TV Tower are now attractions of the new city.



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Balad, the old part of Jeddah, was a group of three- to fivestory buildings with beautiful wooden balconies. The roads were narrow to protect pedestrians from the sun during the hot months and offered shelter from strong winds. All the woodwork was beautifully carved and decorated.

There were plazas and sougs, where vendors from different places showed their products. Present day Jeddah is an attractive, modern port city with tall buildings, beautiful homes, and a wide range of stores and hotels.

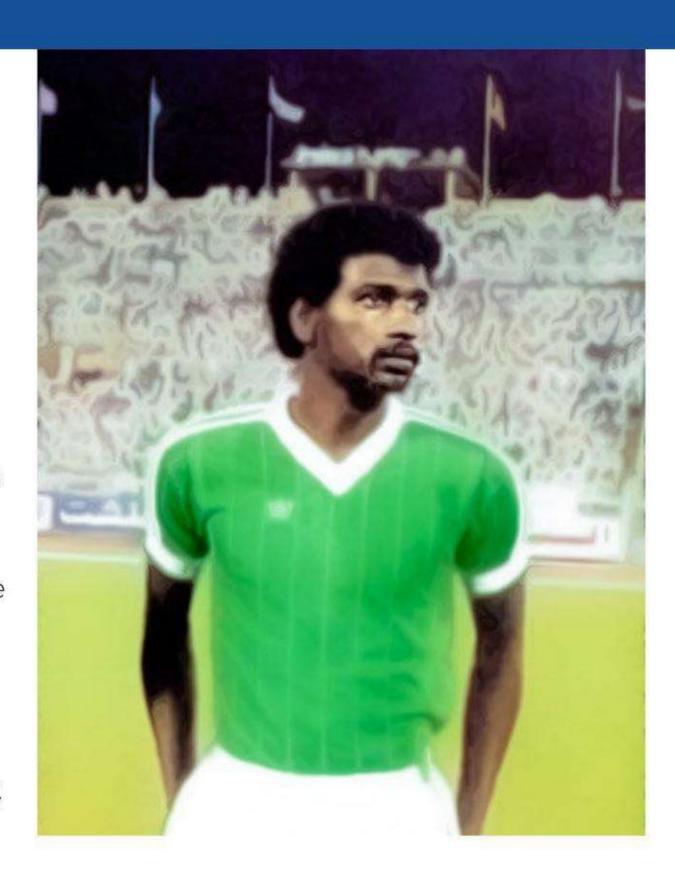


Majed Ahmed Abdullah Then and Now

Majed Ahmed Abdullah is one of the best football strikers in the history of Saudi Arabia. He is also the all-time goal leader of the Saudi national team. He was born in Jeddah, but moved to Riyadh with his family when he was very young. Majed's father was a football manager.

Majed and his friends used to play for a club called Al-Nasser while he was still in high school. They were too young to join a football tournament, but their team was finally accepted after a 3-1 win in a game against an important Riyadh team.

Majed holds two national records: one when he scored 5 goals in an international game in 1979; and another one when he scored 4 goals during the 1984 Summer Olympics.



Quick Check 🗹

- A. Vocabulary. Mark the information about the buildings, materials, and size of each city.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - 1. _____ The walls of the old city of Riyadh were made of concrete.
 - 2. _____ Most of the buildings in Balad had two stories.
 - 3. ____ More than 7 million people live in Riyadh.
 - 4. _____ The Al-Masmak fort is in ruins.
 - **5.** _____ Majed was a member of the Saudi national team.

2 Pair Work



- A. Ask and answer about the cities and Majed.
 - What was the population in old Riyadh?
 - It was about 14,000 people.
 - Was Majed in Jeddah when he was a teenager?
 - No, he wasn't. He was in Riyadh.

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- B. Ask and answer about yourself.
 - Where were you born?
 - I was born in _____.

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15 Then and Now



3 Grammar 📖



Simple	Simple Past Tense: be							't = was + not
Affirma	tive (+)			Negative (-)			were	n't = were + not
He She It	was	famous.		I He She It	wasn't	famo		
We You They	were			We You They	weren't			
Questio	ns (?)		Short /	Answers (+	-)	Short Answers (–)		
Was	he she it	famous?	Yes,	he she it	was.	No,	I he she it	wasn't.
Were	we you they			we you they	were.	ğ	we you they	weren't.
To be born Q: Where were you born? A: I was born in Oman. Q: Where was he/she born? A: He/She was born in Kuwait.								

A.	Complete	the	conversations.	Use	was/	wasn'	t or	were/	were	n't
	Complete	CITC	conversations.	000			- 01			

	your father born in the States? No, he He born in Europe.
	Where in Europe he born? He born in Poland.
	What your father's first job?
	He and his brother waiters. How old they?
	They very old—17 and 15.
	How the graduation party? It great.
A:	Who there?
B:	All our friends there.
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4.	A:	What Oscar like?
	B:	He very smart.
	A:	his grades good?
	B:	No, they
5.	A:	you late for school?
	B:	Yes, I
	A:	Why?
	B:	The bus late.
	6.	A: the hotel comfortable?
	B:	Yes, it OK.
	A:	What the weather like?
	B:	It terrible.



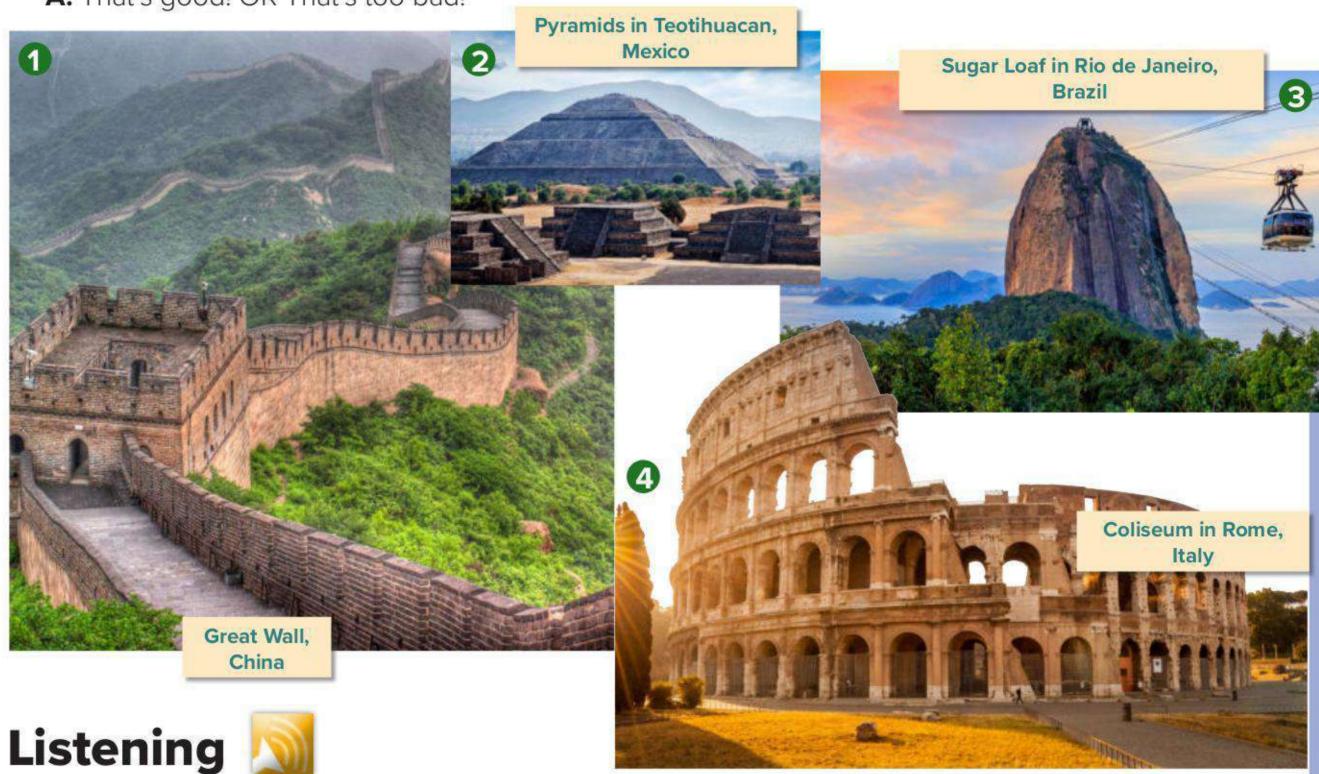
B. Work with a partner. Imagine you went on vacation to these places. Ask and answer about your vacation. Use the adjectives in the box.

A: How was your vacation?

B: It was great. OR It was boring.

A: That's good! OR That's too bad!

Positive (+) Negative (-) great bad OK terrible interesting boring uncomfortable awesome beautiful crowded



Listen to the description of the life of Majed Ahmed Abdullah. Complete the information.

1. Nickname	
2. Schools	
3. Football experience before Al-Nasser	
4. National records	
5. National Team	



5 Pronunciation



Listen to the pronunciation of *was* and *were*. Then practice.

You were late for class. Where were you? Sorry I was late. I was in the library.

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15 Then and Now

6 Conversation







Neil: Hi, Leo. Don't you remember me? Neil Roberts. I was in your class in ninth grade.

Leo: Oh, yeah. Sure, I remember you. How are things?

Neil: OK. Do you ever see any of our old classmates?

Leo: Not very often. How about you?

Neil: From time to time. Remember Keith Anderson? He was always the winner of school competitions. He is a management consultant now.

Leo: Really? What about Derek Adams? He was really smart.

Neil: Yes, he was. Now he's a successful businessman, and . . . my boss.

Leo: You're kidding!

Real Talk

How are things? = How are you? You're kidding! = You're joking!

About the Conversation

- 1. Were Leo and Neil in the same class? What grade?
- 2. Does Leo see his old classmates often?
- 3. What was Keith Anderson like?
- 4. What does Derek Adams do now?

About You



- 1. Were your grades good in elementary school?
- 2. What was your favorite subject?
- 3. What was your favorite after-school activity?
- **4.** Who was your favorite teacher?
- 5. Who was your best friend?
 - 6. Where is he/she now? What is he/she doing?

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Your Turn

Role-play the conversation. Imagine you meet an old school friend. Discuss classmates, teachers, and events.



Reading ___



Before Reading

What do you know about basketball? What do you know about the person in the picture?

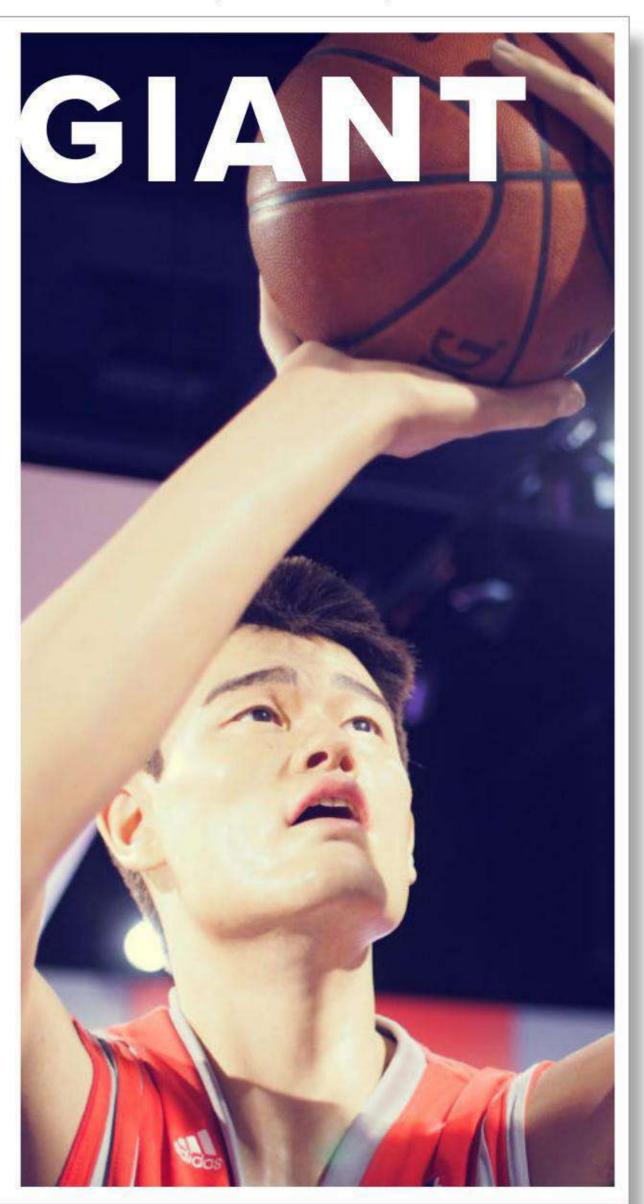
AREAL

- 1 In China, his nickname is "Little Giant." In the West, they call **him** the "Great Wall." Yao Ming is 7 feet 6 inches (2.29 meters) tall. He was born on September 12, 1980, in Shanghai, China. His parents were both
- 5 tall. Their beds were extra long, and their clothes and shoes were in special large sizes. His dad was a successful basketball player.

Yao wasn't interested in basketball as a child. He was tall but very thin, and he wasn't very strong.

- Yao's parents were very encouraging, and by the age of 12, he was serious about basketball. **His** progress at Shanghai's sports academy was excellent. Soon he was on his local youth team. Yao's big chance to play for the Chinese national team was in 1999
- in the Asian Cup. By 2002, **he** was a member of the Houston Rockets, one of the top professional teams in the U.S. At the opening ceremony of the Olympic Games in Beijing in 2008, he was the flag carrier for the entire Chinese team and a member of the 20 basketball team.
- Yao Ming is a celebrity, and his smiling face

appears in commercials around the world. **He** has fans everywhere!



After Reading

- 1. Where was Yao Ming born?
- 2. Were his parents short?
- 3. When was Yao first serious about basketball?
- 4. What was the name of his team in the U.S.?
- 5. What was his role in the Olympic Games of 2008 in Beijing?
- 6. Does he have fans only in his home country?

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15 Then and Now



W	rit	in	101	
			9	-

A. l	ook back at the	Reading	on page '	137. Who	do the	pronouns	or ad	jectives	refer	to?
------	-----------------	---------	-----------	----------	--------	----------	-------	----------	-------	-----

1.	him (line 2)	54 -31/	4. he (line 15)	U.S
2.	their (line 5)		5. his (line 21)	r <u> </u>
3.	His (line 11)		6. He (line 22)	

Writing Corner

Subject and object pronouns and possessive adjectives help to link sentences in writing.

- 1. Pronouns and possessive adjectives link similar ideas in sentences. Yao Ming was born in China. He is very tall, and his parents were both tall.
- 2. Pronouns help avoid repeating the same word or words. Basketball is popular because it is fun. It is a team sport, and it is easy to learn.
- B. Circle the pronouns and possessive adjectives in the text. Who do they refer to?



Khaled Al-Eid is a famous Saudi horseman. He is a member of the Saudi Equestrian Team and travels around the world to compete in showjumping events.

Khaled was born on January 2, 1969. His family has a long tradition of horse riding, and they own stables with Arabian horses near Riyadh. He was ten years old when he first learned to ride with his father. Khaled was a very talented young rider. He was successful in some racing

competitions, but he was more interested in show jumping. Khaled and his brother, Fahad, were members of the Kingdom's first international jumping team.

In 2000, Khaled was a competitor in the Olympic Games in Sydney, Australia. His horse, Khashm Al-Aan, was in good form, but there was some tough competition. Khaled wasn't sure they could do well. Finally, their performance in the jumping event was outstanding, and they were the bronze medal winners. Khaled was the first ever Saudi horseman to win an Olympic medal.

Many years later, members of the Saudi Equestrian Team were the bronze medalists in show jumping at the 2012 Olympic Games in London.

C. Write about a celebrity in your country.

10 Project



Work in pairs. Choose a famous person. Find information about the person. Create an interview one of you is the famous person and the other is the interviewer. Present your interview to the class.

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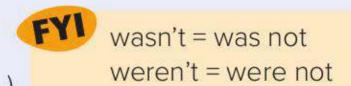
There Was / There Were

Singular

There was an old castle. (+) There wasn't a shopping mall. (–)

Plural

There were many traditional houses. (+) There weren't any modern skyscrapers. (-)



Questions (?)

Was there a restaurant? Were there any stores?

Short Answer (+)

Yes, there was. Yes, there were.

Short Answer (-)

No, there wasn't. No, there weren't.

A. Ten years ago, Lee was a poor student. Now he is a successful architect. Look at his apartments then and now. Describe his old apartment. Use *There was*, *There wasn't*, *There were*, and *There weren't*.



Lee's apartment then



Lee's apartment now

- 1. _____ only one room. 2. _____ any other rooms. 3. _____ an old sofa. **4.** _____ holes in the sofa. **5.** _____ a comfortable bed.
- **6.** _____ a balcony. **7.** _____ any windows. 8. _____ some books on a shelf. 9. _____ a light on the ceiling.

10. ______ a television.

- B. Work with a partner. Take turns asking and answering questions about Lee's old apartment. Use Was there ...? and Were there ...?
- A: Was there a sofa?

الت الت B: Were there any windows? Ministry of Education

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B: Yes, there was.

A: No, there weren't.

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16 What Did You Do Last Week?



1 Listen and Discuss



Did you do any of the things that Omar, Ahmed, Saeed, and Imad did last week?





yesterday

last week



0mar

We had a great time on Saturday. We went to a friend's house and played video games on his console, and watched a car race. Then we went to the zoo.





Ahmed

This was a good week. I presented my project in class, and everyone liked it. On Thursday afternoon,
I played football with friends, and I bought a new smartphone.



Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. Read the explanations. Write a word from the descriptions.
 - 1. a competition with cars
 - 2. equipment for video games _____
 - 3. a high-tech phone
 - 4. looking for

- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
 - 1. ___ Omar stayed at home on Saturday.
 - 2. ___ Ahmed was pleased with his presentation.
 - 3. ___ Saeed and his brothers drove to the museum.
 - 4. ___ Imad needed to finish his assignment for school.

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Saeed

Well, on Thursday afternoon I went to the art museum, and on Saturday morning, my brothers and I drove to the beach to play beach volleyball. Then we ate lunch at a restaurant. So I was out a lot. Did you go out Imad?







Imad

No, I stayed home, studied for the science test, and cleaned out my closet. I also spent some time searching for information on the Internet. I needed to finish my assignment for today.



2 Pair Work



A. Ask and answer about the teens.

Did Saeed go to school on Thursday afternoon? No, he didn't. He went to the art museum.

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Did Imad stay home on Saturday?

Yes, he did.

B. Ask and answer about yourself.

Did you have a test yesterday?

Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

What did you do yesterday afternoon?

went to the zoo.

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16 What Did You Do Last Week?







Simple Past Tense

worked

Affirmative (+) Negative (-) You

yesterday.

You He/She didn't work We

yesterday.

Questions (?)

He/She

We

They

Did | I/you/he/she | work | yesterday? we/they

Yes, I/you/he/she did. we/they

Short Answers (+)

No, I/you/he/she didn't.

didn't = did not

we/they

Short Answers (-)

Regular Past Tense Verbs

Add -ed to most verbs: work + ed = worked For verbs ending in **e**, add **-d**: live + d = livedFor verbs ending in consonant + y, use -ied: study = studied

Irregular Past Tense Verbs

Many verbs in English have irregular past tense forms. See the irregular verb list on page 182.

They

sleep slept drink **drank** get (up) got (up) have had buy bought drive drove give read read swim swam come came gave did see saw take took do went eat ate go

Time Expressions for the Past: yesterday, last night, last week, last month

What did you do last night? I went out.

A. It was very cold last weekend, and there was snow. Which activities do you think Steve did? Which activities didn't he do? Use the list of things. Add your own ideas.

He went skiing. He didn't go swimming.

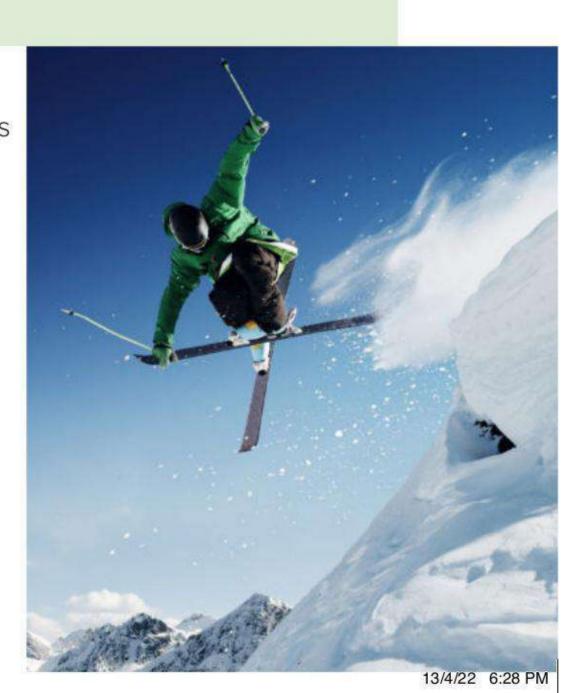
do the laundry take a walk go to the mall go to the football game

watch TV work outside in the garden talk on the phone eat a snack drink hot chocolate

read a book

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B. Work with a partner. Ask and answer about what the people did.

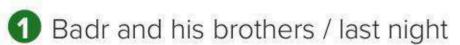
A: What did you do on your vacation?

B: I went to the beach.



💡 you / on vacation







2 your family / last weekend



3 the boys / last Thursday



4 Saud / last night



5 Keith and his family / in the summer



6 Huda / before dinner

Listening



Listen to the conversation between the two friends. Answer the questions.

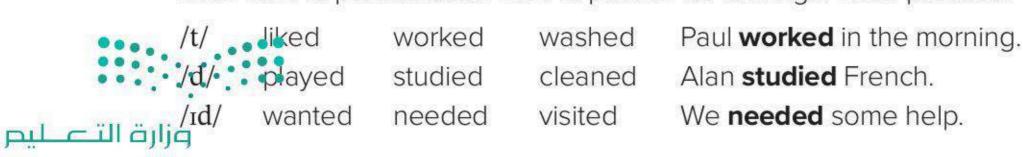
- 1. Who did Ken go out with?
- 2. Where did they go?
- 3. What did they talk about?
- 4. When did they go out?
- 5. Did Ken have a good time?



5 Pronunciation



Listen to the pronunciation of the past tense endings. Then practice.



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16 What Did You Do Last Week?

6 Conversation



Sam: What did you do last week?

Amr: Nothing special. How about you?

Sam: I went out with a new friend from work,

Dave Robbins.

Amr: Really? What's he like?

Sam: He's very interesting but very

demanding!

Amr: Where did you go?

Sam: Well, I wanted to impress him, so I took him to an expensive Indian restaurant.

Amr: Was the food good?

Sam: It was great. Um, the problem was he

didn't like the spicy food.

Amr: Didn't you know?

Sam: No, he said he ate all kinds of foods.

But at the Indian restaurant, he only had

the rice!



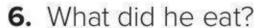
1. Who did Sam go out with?

2. What was he like?

3. Where did Sam take Dave?

5. Did Dave like the food?

4. What was the food like?



Your Turn

Ask your classmates about their activities last week.

A: Did you get up late on Saturday?

B: No, I didn't.

7 About You



How good is your memory? Do you remember what you did recently?

- 1. Did you drink water with your dinner last night?
- 2. What did you eat for breakfast yesterday?
- **3.** Who was the last person you talked to on the phone?
- 4. What was the last email you received?
- 3. When gid you write an email to a friend? Who did you write to last?
- 6. When was the last time you visited relatives?

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Reading

Before Reading

Do you like different kinds of ethnic dishes like sushi, pizza, and curry? Which do you like best?

Favorite Foods Around the World

kabsa

Saudi food

Many of the favorite foods and snacks in the world were accidents. For example, a favorite snack in the U.S. is chocolate chip cookies. In 1930, Mrs. Wakefield wanted to make cookies for her guests, but she didn't have the baking chocolate that she usually used. She used regular chocolate, but it didn't melt. It stayed in small pieces or chips. Her guests loved them, and chocolate chip cookies became popular everywhere.

Flat bread with different toppings was common in many cultures, but it became famous in Naples, Italy when they added tomatoes and cheese. At first, it was a meal for the poor, but in the 1800s it became popular with kings and queens. Today, pizza is popular all around the world.



chocolate chip cookies American snack







After Reading

- 1. Who made the first chocolate chip cookies?
- 2. Why were chocolate chip cookies an "accident"?
- 3. Where did pizza become popular? Why?
- 4. What are some of the most popular dishes in the world?
- 5. What ethnic food is popular in your country?

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Discussion

Is it important to know about different ethnic cuisines? Why? Why not?

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16 What Did You Do Last Week?







A. Work in small groups. Talk about your favorite foods. Find a dish that everyone in the group likes. Discuss the ingredients and how to prepare the dish.

Writing Corner

- 1. Use sequence words to show the order things happen: first, next, then, after that, finally. To boil an egg, first boil the water in a pot. Next, put the egg into the water. Then, wait 3-5 minutes. After that, remove the egg from the water. Finally, serve the egg.
- 2. Use time words such as when and until. Fry the onion in oil until it is golden brown. When the water boils, put the spaghetti in the pot.
- B. Read the recipe for pancakes. Complete the directions with time and sequence words: first, next, then, after that, finally, when, and until. Use each word once (sometimes more than one answer is possible).

Pancakes Ingredients 1 cup flour 2 tablespoons sugar 2 teaspoons baking powder EGGS ½ teaspoon salt 1 egg, beaten 1 cup milk 2 tablespoons vegetable oil **Directions** 1. _____, beat the milk, egg, and oil in a bowl. 2. _____, mix the flour, sugar, baking powder, and salt in a large bowl. 3. _____, make a hole in the center of the flour mixture. 4. Pour the milk and eggs into the flour, and beat _____ the batter is smooth. **5.** Heat a frying pan. _____, pour a scoop of the batter into the pan. **6.** _____ the batter starts to bubble, flip the pancake. Brown the other side. 7. _____, serve the pancakes hot with your favorite toppings.

C. Write a recipe for your favorite food. Make a list of ingredients. Use the imperative to write the directions. Remember to use sequence words and time words such as: first, next, then, after that, finally, when, and until.





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Simple Present versus Simple Past

Use the simple present to talk about permanent actions like habits or routines. We often use adverbs of frequency such as: always, usually, often, rarely, never.

Ali phones his family... every day / every Friday / every week Does Ali phone his family...? on Monday(s) / on the weekend once a week / three times a month Ali doesn't phone his family...

Use the simple past to talk about actions that were completed in the past. We often use time expressions such as: yesterday, last night, two years ago.

Ali **phoned** his family... yesterday

Did Ali **phone** his family...? last week / last Friday / last month Ali didn't phone his family... two days ago / a week ago

Note: We can also use adverbs of frequency with the simple past.



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A.	Match the	phrases to	make	sentences.	Use	each	phrase	on	the righ	t only	once.
----	-----------	------------	------	------------	-----	------	--------	----	----------	--------	-------

- 1. ___ Sabah finished
- 2. ___ Sabah always finishes
- 3. ___ My family and I go on
- **4.** ____ My family and I went on
- **5.** ____ I don't like this art exhibit
- **6.** ____ I didn't like the art exhibit
- _ What did you
- 8. ___ What do you usually

- a. because it's boring.
- **b.** vacation to Malaysia last summer.
- c. her assignment last Monday.
- d. have for breakfast?
- e. her assignments on time.
- f. have for breakfast this morning?
- g. because it was boring.
- h. vacation twice a year.

	C	TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	the also stored			- f 11 1 1-	and the second
В.	Complete the	sentences v	with the simple	present or the	e simple past	of the verbs in	i parentneses

- 1. My family usually _____ (eat) dinner at home, but last night we _____ (go out) to an ethnic restaurant. The food ______ (be) quite spicy.
- 2. I rarely ______ (stay) home on the weekend, but last Saturday I _____ (not/go out). I _____ (clean out) my closet.
- 3. When she _____ (be) younger, my sister ____ (not/like) coffee. Now she _____ (drink) coffee every day.
- 4. I always _____ (study). I _____ (spend) the weekend studying for the test, but now I _____ (not/know) any of the answers!
- 5. Our team _____ (play) a football match once a week. Two weeks ago we _____ (lose), but last week we _____ (win).
- 6. When my father _____ (go) to college, he often ____ (ride) his bike. Now he _____ (drive) to work every day.
- 7. I usually _____ (not/speak) English outside of class, but yesterday I ______ (give) directions to some British tourists. They ______ (say) that my English was excellent!
- 8: _____ (you/take) my keys? I ______ (search) everywhere, but I can't find them.

I always _____ (leave) them on my desk. وزارة التعليم

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EXPANSION Units 12–16

1 Language Review

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A. Use some of the words from the box and your own ideas to answer the questions.

Nouns		Verbs		Adjectives
boots	raincoat	buy	hang out	casual
fireworks	sandals	decorate	run	formal
invitations	sunglasses	get together	swim	quiet
ocean	volleyball	go shopping	touch	traditional

	What should your class do to celebrate graduation?
	We should watch fireworks.
	1
	2
	What should you wear to graduation? What shouldn't you wear?
	1
	2
	What about Fabrican at the beach? What about do't be week?
	What should Fahd wear at the beach? What shouldn't he wear? 1.
	2.
	What should Fahd and his friends do at the beach?
	1
	2
	What are used at the wealth
	What can you do at the mall?
	1
	2.
	What must the students do at the museum? What mustn't they do?
	1.
	2
	B. Write two activities you can do at your school and three that you can't do.
	I can practice with a friend at school. OR I can't play tennis at my school.
	1.
	2.
	3
	4:
•••	5.
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Ψ

C. We can hear and read English every day. English is in malls and hotels, at the beach and the airport, on TV and the Internet, and in the streets. We can find many English signs like these in countries around the world.

Look at the signs and write what they mean.

8	0	1	11 .	
	00	out	this	way.



1.



4.



2.



5.



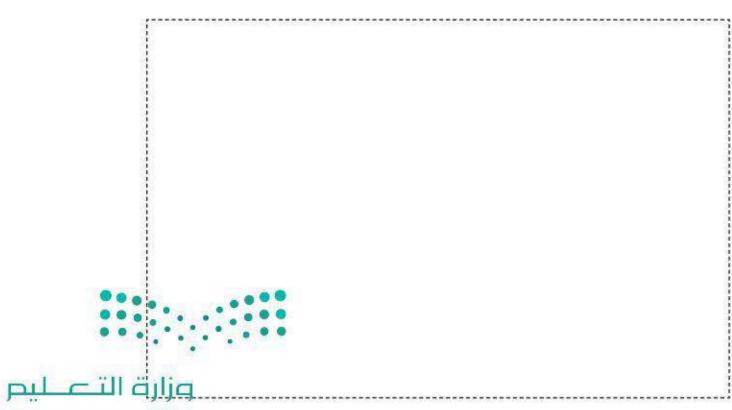
3.



6.



D. Find and draw more signs in English. Present them to the class.



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EXPANSION Units 12–16

E. Complete the following conversations using was, were, wasn't, or weren't.

1. A: Where _____ you yesterday?

B: I _____ at school.

A: No, you _____ at the mall.

2. A: Badr _____ the best student in the class.

B: No, he _____. Adel _____.

3. A: How long _____ the trip to the zoo?

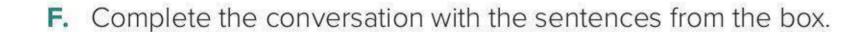
B: It _____ two hours.

A: What _____ the parrots like?

B: They _____ fabulous! They're my favorite birds.

4. A: How _____ everything at the restaurant?

B: Well, the food _____ delicious, but the service _____ very slow.



So, you had lots of fun? What was it like?

What did you do there? Show me your photos sometime.

How was your trip to London? Who did you go with?



Greg: ______
Imad: It was wonderful.

Greg:

Imad: My parents and my brother.

Greg:

Imad: We visited all the sights, and we went to the British Museum.

Greg: _____

Imad: It was awesome.

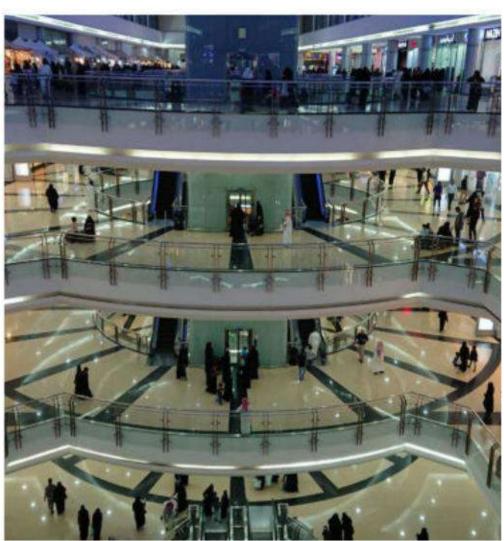
Greg: _____

Imad: Oh, yeah. We had a great time.

Greg: _____

Imad: I didn't take any. I lost my smartphone and forgot

my camera.









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G. Write your schedule. Then compare with a partner.

Last week

Day	What You Did	What Your Partner Did

A: What did you do on Saturday?

B: I hung out with my friends. How about you?

Next week

Day	What You Are Going to Do	What Your Partner Is Going to Do

A: What are you going to do on Monday?

B: I'm going to study English and history.

H. How much can you remember? Write your answers. Compare with a partner.

1. What did you wear yesterday?

2. What time did you go to bed last night?

3. What did you eat for lunch yesterday?

4. Who was the first person you talked to on the phone today?

5. What was the last thing you bought at the mall?

6. What was the last film you saw on TV?

Now tell another classmate about your partner's answers.

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EXPANSION Units 12–16

2 Reading



Before Reading

What is your favorite place in your town? Why?

My Favorite Hangout Place

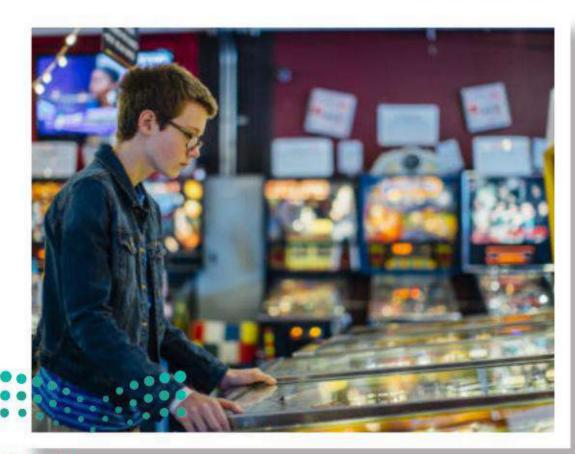
My name is Walter Tan. I'm from Alberta, Canada. My favorite hangout place is the West Edmonton Mall. The mall is one of the largest in the world, and it's a tourist attraction. There are 800 stores, a hotel, and 110 restaurants. It has an amusement park with 47 different rides, a swimming pool with a sand beach, an ice rink, an aquarium, and a miniature golf course. But my favorite place is the video arcade.

I was there with friends last weekend. We walked around to see if there were any new games before we started playing. We spent the whole afternoon there before we decided it was time to get something to eat.

I wanted to try vegetarian food, but my friends wanted to go to a new Italian restaurant. I like different kinds of food and many Italian dishes don't have meat, so I agreed. We walked in, but there were no tables. It was really crowded. So we decided to go to the Chinese restaurant near the arcade, but it was closed. They all looked at me as if it was my fault. Anyway, we went to the food court. They got sandwiches or noodles and I got salad, so everyone was happy.

Real Talk

hangout place = a place you like to spend time at



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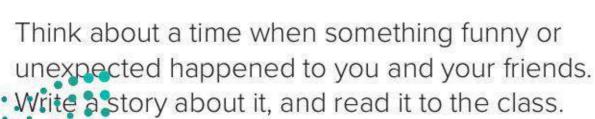
After Reading

- A. Compare your favorite place to Walter's favorite place. What do you think?
- B. Read the text and answer the questions.
- 1. Where is Walter from?
- **2.** What is the name of his favorite hangout place?
- **3.** How large is the mall? What kinds of shops, services, and other facilities does it have?
- 4. What is Walter's favorite place in the mall?
- **5.** What did Walter and his friends do last weekend?
- **6.** What did they want to eat? What did they finally eat?

C. Tell your partner what happened to Walter and his friends when they tried to get something to eat.







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EXPANSION Units 12–16

4 Chant Along 😸

Number the verses in the correct order.

My Dream

Vacation

I've got my ticket.
I'm not coming back
For a long, long time.
Forget all my worries.
Leave my cares behind.
Have lots of fun, that's the
First thing on my mind.

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My bag is packed.

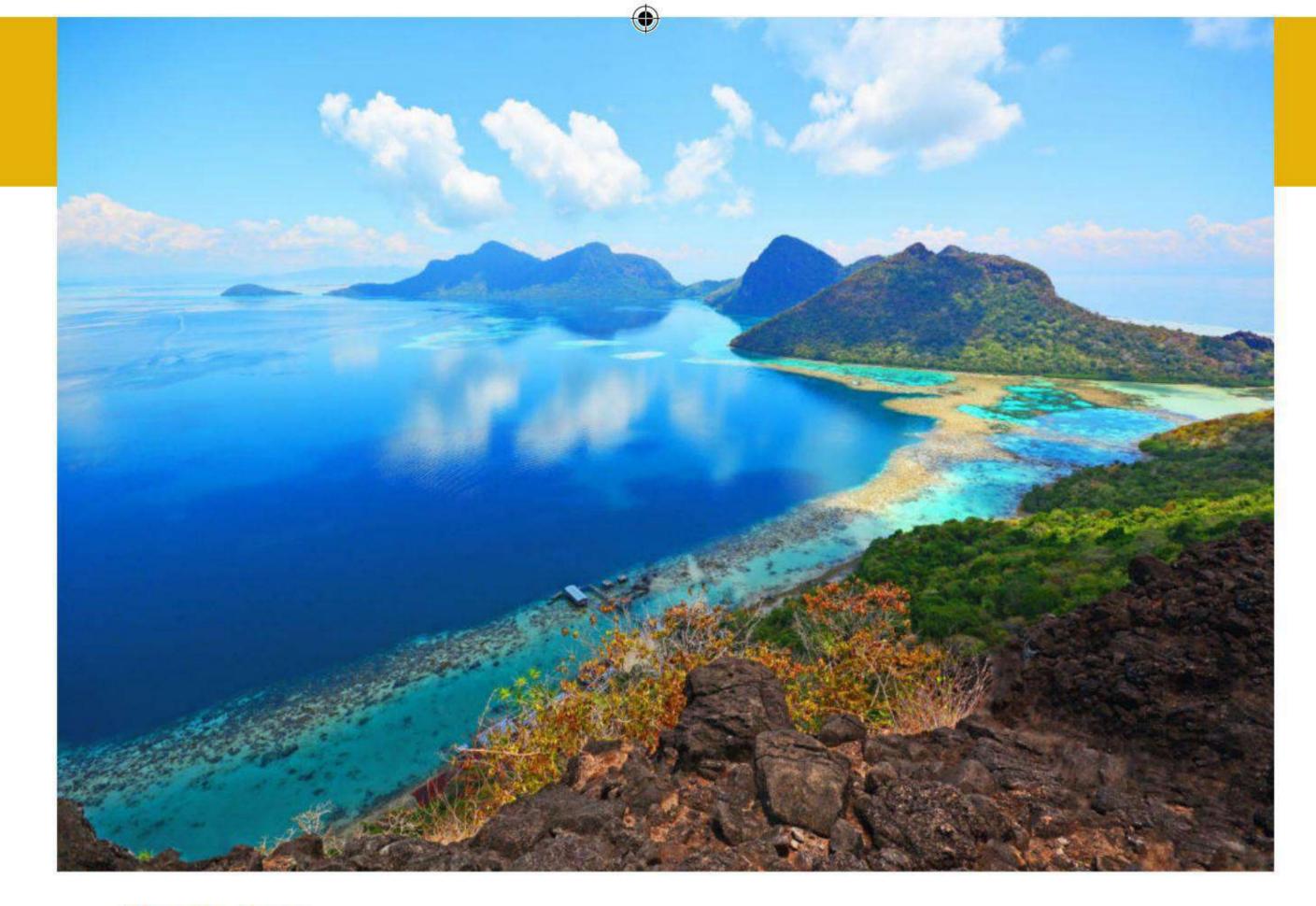
I'm lying in the sun.
Feelin' the ocean breeze,
Going for a swim
In the deep blue sea.
T-shirt and sandals,
I feel so free.
No phone, no tie,
That's the way I'll be.

I'm finally here.
Feelin' so fine.
Waiting in line
To get my bag.
Hat and glasses,
I feel so free.
No cars, no noise,
This is really me.

▶ Chorus

I am flying
I am flying
To a place
Across the sea.
I am going
I am going
To a land
Of fantasy.





Match the words from the chant with their meanings.

- **1.** ____ dream
- a. return
- **2.** ____ worries
- **b.** light wind
- 3. ____ come back
- c. good plan for one's future
- **4.** _____ breeze
- d. with no problems or things to do
- **5.** _____ free
- e. problems
- **6.** ____ tie
- f. clothing you wear around your neck

Comprehension

Answer **yes** or **no**.

- 1. ____ The man is dreaming about his vacation.
- **5.** ____ He's coming home soon.

2. ____ He's going by plane.

6. ____ Fun is the last thing on his mind.

3. ____ He doesn't have a ticket.

- **7.** ____ He usually wears a tie to work.
- **4.** ____ His clothes are in his suitcase.
- **8.** ____ He's going to a beach.

Discussion

- 1. What are some of the things that the person is happy to get away from?
- 2. Do to u feel the same when you go on vacation? Why? Why not?
- 3. Where do you want to go for your dream vacation? Describe the place.

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Good Morning!

VOCABULARY

Nouns

best friend class classmate family father (dad) first name friend last name man

mother (mom)

name principal student teacher woman

Parts of the day

afternoon evening morning night

Titles

Miss Mr. Mrs. Ms.

Adjectives

big married single

EXPRESSIONS

Greetings

Good afternoon. Good evening. Good morning. Hello. Hi. Welcome to . . .

Saying goodbye

Bye. Goodbye. Good night. See you later. Take care.

Introductions

How do you spell (name)? I'm (name). My friends call me (name). My name's (name). Nice to meet you. Nice to meet you, too. This is (name).

Ask/say how someone is

How are you? How's it going? I'm fine, thanks. I'm OK. Not bad.

Express thanks

Thanks. Thank you.

Express regret

I'm sorry.

What Day Is Today?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

age cat date middle name

Adjectives

cute favorite our their your

Days of the week

Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday

Prepositions

in on

Months of the year

January February March April May June July August September October November December

Numbers

1 one – 1st first 2 two - 2nd second 3 three - 3rd third 4 four – 4th fourth 5 five - 5th fifth 6 six - 6th sixth 7 seven – 7th seventh 8 eight – 8th eighth 9 nine – 9th ninth 10 ten – 10th tenth 11 eleven – 11th eleventh 12 twelve – 12th twelfth

30 thirty – 30th thirtieth 40 forty – 40th fortieth 50 fifty – 50th fiftieth 60 sixty - 60th sixtieth 70 seventy – 70th seventieth 13 thirteen – 13th thirteenth 14 fourteen— 14th fourteenth

15 fifteen – 15th fifteenth 16 sixteen – 16th sixteenth

17 seventeen – 17th seventeenth 18 eighteen – 18th eighteenth 19 nineteen – 19th nineteenth

20 twenty - 20th twentieth

21 twenty-one – 21st twenty-first 22 twenty-two - 22nd twenty-second

23 twenty-three - 23rd twenty-third 24 twenty-four – 24th twenty fourth

80 eighty - 80th eightieth 90 ninety – 90th ninetieth

100 one hundred – one hundredth 1,000 one thousand - one thousandth

EXPRESSIONS

Ask for information

• How old are you/they? How old is he/she?

What month is it? What day is today?

Real Talk

You're welcome.

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What's That?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

fish

airplane bicycle / bike calculator camera car diamond dinosaur egg

fossil gift shop guide headphones key key chain lamp

meteor

museum

painting pencil photograph poster radio reproduction sculpture skeleton souvenir

telephone television tote bag toy typewriter washing machine watch

Verbs

buy check out follow touch

Adjectives

enormous famous nice

Pronouns

this / that these / those

EXPRESSIONS

Ask for the name of something

What's this/that? What are these/those?

Polite command

Please...

Around the World

VOCABULARY

Nouns

address language nationality area code people avenue bus street telephone number capital cell number tourist viewer country email world home

Nouns—Countries

Australia Mexico Brazil Oman Canada Russia China Spain Syria Egypt **United States** England France Venezuela Jordan Kingdom of

Adjectives—Nationality Mexican American Australian Omani

Brazilian Russian Saudi Canadian Chinese Spanish Syrian Egyptian English Venezuelan

French Jordanian

Verbs

believe say

Adjectives

hot official

Prepositions

in around from on

EXPRESSIONS

Idioms



Ask for information

Where are you from?

Real Talk

Saudi Arabia

Excuse me. How about you?

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5 🛮

Families, Families

VOCABULARY

Nouns

grandparent aunt husband baby brother nephew child / plural: children niece cousin parent daughter sister family son grandchildren uncle grandfather wife grandmother

Verbs

come from have miss

Adjectives

big many married only single small

EXPRESSIONS

Quantity expressions

a lot of any lots

Real Talk

I've got . . . Not really.

EXPANSION Units 1–5

VOCABULARY

Nouns

ad kid order backpack pineapple broom prize coconut questionnaire contest destination ship door sport floor tourism form trip industry winner island

Verbs

brush
clean
close
come in
do
find
get up
hurry
use
wait
walk
work

Phrases with verbs

brush (one's) teeth do (one's) homework get off the phone give (someone) a break sweep the floor

Adjectives

late national popular principal

EXPRESSIONS

Idioms

give me a break leave me alone What for?

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Is There a View?

VOCABULARY

Nouns	Nouns-Rooms	Nouns—Fur	niture and thi	ngs in a room
apartment	of the house	armchair	DVD player	sink
balcony	bathroom	bathtub	lamp	sofa
flower	bedroom	bed	laptop	sound
garden	dining room	cabinet	computer	system
house	garage	chair	microwave	stove
laundry	kitchen	closet	mirror	table
motorcycle	laundry room	curtains	refrigerator	toilet
tree	living room	desk	rug	TV
view		dishwasher	shelf	vase
yard		dryer	shower	washer

Adjectives

beautiful huge comfortable pretty small great

Adverbs

downstairs upstairs

Prepositions

behind on under in front of

EXPRESSIONS

Ask for and give a description

Is/Are there...? There is (There's)/There are . . . What's . . . like?

Ask for and give a reason

Why? Because . . .

Where Do You Live?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

block pasta pizza corner floor price food sauna swimming pool gym

neighborhood town

Nouns—Places in the neighborhood

mall airport apartment building park bank pharmacy bookstore post office restaurant bus stop subway station convenience store supermarket gym health club

Verbs get off go

low live new take open turn

Adjectives

closed

Prepositions

across from between far from near next to on

on the corner of ... and ...

EXPRESSIONS

Give directions

Go down. Go up. Go straight (ahead). Go to the corner.

Turn left • • • Turn right.

Ask for directions

How do I get to . . . ?

Give a strong yes answer

Of course.

Real Talk

Trust me. You can't miss it.

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8 What Are You Doing?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

action film
actor
advantage
comedy
food court
generation
hangout

helpline service homework magazine mail sandwich science fiction text message

Verbs

call read chat see send come deliver speak study do drink surf (the Internet) talk eat wait for hang out help watch listen to wear look at work (online)

write

Adjectives

action busy

Adverb

right now

EXPRESSIONS

Expression of location

at work

Make a suggestion

play

Let's (go).

Accept a suggestion

Good idea!

Real Talk

check out What's up?

9 What Do You Do?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

advertising
airline
architecture
art and design
clinic

future gadget job newspaper

Nouns—Occupations/jobs

bus driver mechanic
cameraman reporter
carpenter salesperson
chef teacher
doctor waiter
flight attendant website designer

Verbs

cook cut design drive make meet sell travel

Adjectives

interested (in) professional

EXPRESSIONS

Idiom

Ask about someone's job

lawyer

I'm good with . . . What do you do?



10 What's School Like?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

archaeology
basketball
club
drama
exchange student
expedition
glasses
poetry
schedule
subject
team

volleyball

School Subjects

art
computer science
English
geography
health
history
math
physical education (PE)
science

Adjectives

active friendly
athletic fun
boring hard
challenging intelligent
difficult interesting
easy smart
fascinating strict

Verbs

act brush excavate run teach wear

Adjectives to describe people's looks

black (hair) long (hair) blond (hair) short (hair) blue (eyes) tall brown (hair, eyes) thin

EXPRESSIONS

Ask about people's appearance

What does he/she look like?

Real Talk

Ask about people's personality

What's he/she like?

11 What Time Do You Get Up?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

activity
breakfast
dinner
karate
lunch
martial arts
traffic
weekday
weekend
weeknight

Verbs

concentrate get up learn wake up work out

Phrases with verbs

brush one's teeth check email go to bed play football ride home take a bath take a shower

Adjectives

bad different late same

Adverbs

early late

Frequency adverbs

always never sometimes usually

Time words

after before then

EXPRESSIONS

Time expressions

A.M. in the evening at night in the morning o'clock o'clock o'clock on weekdays in the afternoon P.M.

Ask for the time

What time is it?

Real Talk

awesome No way! Where are you off to?

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EXPANSION Units 6-11

VOCABULARY

Nouns

mailman artist cable TV nurse pet carpenter chess problem circle rectangle hangout place screen hobby source holiday square interests subject subtitle jargon veterinarian joke keyboard website designer label writer

Verbs

click repair collect repeat complain reply drag sew smile draw hear solve laugh spell leave

Phrases with verbs

come across hang out pick up search for

Adjectives

busy enormous local quiet

Adverb

loud

EXPRESSIONS

Idiom

tell jokes

Meeting and greeting people

How are you? How do you do? Nice to meet you.

What Can You Do There?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

12

beach free time match ocean resort

Nouns-Places in a town

hotel airport bank mall bookstore museum park bus station restaurant gym supermarket hospital

Verbs

buy can draw fly hang out like shop sleep

Verbs-Sports

ride a bike climb dive ride a horse rollerblade fish sail hike snorkel ice-skate play golf swim play tennis

EXPRESSIONS

Accept a suggestion

Sure.

Real Talk

Are you crazy? When's good for you?





What Are You Going To Wear There?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

attraction graduation style transportation waterfall weather wedding

Nouns—Clothes

abaya jacket shirt socks blouse shoes suit jeans pants shomagh boots sweater shorts raincoat thobe coat dress sandals skirt tie sneakers T-shirt gloves scarf

Adjectives

casual (clothes) cold formal (clothes) light (clothes) warm (clothes)

Adjectives—Colors

light (blue) beige black orange pink blue purple brown dark (green) red white gray yellow green

Verbs

get married go shopping need wear

Time expressions for the future

next month next week tomorrow

EXPRESSIONS

Ask about color

What color are your boots?

Real Talk

put on

Let's Celebrate 14

VOCABULARY

Nouns

holiday card celebration independence invitation federation fireworks neighbor flag parade snack generosity gift

Nouns—Holidays

Eid Al-Adha Eid Al-Fitr Independence Day Liberation Day National Day

Verbs

celebrate cover decorate donate exchange get together invite know offer sacrifice send share show

Adjectives

bright traditional wonderful

Adverb

well

her him me

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Pronouns

them us you

EXPRESSIONS

Make or agree to a suggestion

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Expressions to show interest

Sounds like fun. Sounds great! That's a wonderful idea.

Expression of regret

Too bad.

15 Then and Now

VOCABULARY

Nouns

area
balcony
boss
businessman
celebrity
football striker
member
management
consultant

pedestrian population shelter skyscraper story tournament vendor

Phrases with verbs

be in good condition be in ruins hold a record score a goal

Verb protect

Adjectives

attractive modern narrow successful

Adjectives for opinions

awesome
bad
beautiful
boring
crowded
great
interesting
OK
terrible
uncomfortable

EXPRESSIONS

Ask for information

Where were you born?

Time expression

from time to time

Real Talk

How are things? You're kidding!

16 What Did You Do Last Week?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

accident race
assignment rice
beach volleyball snack
console topping
guest

Verbs

impress melt stay

Phrases with verbs

clean out
go out
have a great time
search for
spend time
stay home

Adjectives

common demanding ethnic expensive spicy

Time expressions

last month last night last weekend yesterday

EXPRESSIONS

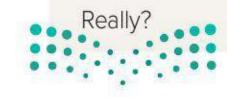
Ask for information on past activities

What did you do yesterday/last week, etc.?

Conversation filler

Um . . .

Expression of interest in the speaker's comment



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EXPANSION Units 12–16

VOCABULARY

Nouns

amusement park hangout place aquarium ice rink breeze sign dream suitcase facility video arcade fault worry

Verbs

decide forget lie pack

Adjectives

free unexpected

EXPRESSIONS

Idioms

on my mind

golf course

Describe means of transportation

by bus by car by train





Unit 1 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 1:	Things that I didn't like very much:

Things that I found easy in Unit 1:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 1:
	- ST

Unit 1 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
greet people			
say goodbye			
introduce myself and others			
use the verb be			
use the possessive adjectives my, your, his, her			
talk about school supplies			

My five favorite new words from Unit 1:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 1:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help



Unit 2 Self Reflection

Th	ings that I liked about Unit 2:	Things that I didn't like very much:
·	<u>-</u>	*
2.		
Th	nings that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 2:
Th	ings that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 2:
Th	nings that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 2:
Th	nings that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 2:
Th	nings that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 2:
Th	nings that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 2:
Th	nings that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 2:

Unit 2 Checklist	I can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
use the days of the week and the months of the year in context			
use the numbers 1 to 1,000 in context			
use ordinal numbers			
talk about my age			
use the possessive adjectives our, your, their			
use the question words what, when, and how old			
use the prepositions in and on with dates			
follow and give classroom instructions			

My five favorite new words from Unit 2:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 2:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions
ميلح تاا قرارة التعليم	from the unit again ask your teacher for help

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Unit 3 Self Reflection

Things tha	t I liked about Unit 3:	Things that I didn't like very much:
2 	-	<u></u>
Things tha	t I found easy in Unit 3:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 3:
	75.	20

Unit 3 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
give commands and instructions			
ask for identification of things			
use the demonstrative pronouns this/that and these/ those			
use imperatives			
use the indefinite articles a/an			
use the definite article the			

My five favorite new words from Unit 3:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 3:
	read through the unit againlisten to the audio material
	 study the grammar and functions from the unit again
	ask your teacher for help



Unit 4 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 4:	Things	that I didn't like ve	ery much:
	52		
Things that I found easy in Unit 4:	Things	that I found difficu	ılt in Unit 4:
Unit 4 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about countries and nationalities			
ask for information with <i>yes/no</i> questions			

Unit 4 Checklist	very well.	quite well.	practice more.
talk about countries and nationalities			
ask for information with yes/no questions			
give basic personal information			
use the verb be in the negative and in questions and short answers			
use the question word when			
use the prepositions from, in, and on			
use can/will for requests and offers			

My five favorite new words from Unit 4:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 4:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help

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Unit 5 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 5:	Things	that I didn't like ve	ery much:
	8		
	i a		. }
			5
Things that I found easy in Unit 5:	Things	that I found difficu	ılt in Unit 5:
1	19 <u>-</u>		<u> </u>
	2		
	Act Comments of the Comments o		
	1		
Unit 5 Checklist	l can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
identify family members			
identify family members describe families			
describe families use the verb <i>have</i> in the affirmative and negative and			
describe families use the verb <i>hav</i> e in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
describe families use the verb <i>have</i> in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers use the quantity expressions <i>any</i> and <i>a lot of/lots of</i>			
describe families use the verb <i>have</i> in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers use the quantity expressions <i>any</i> and <i>a lot of/lots of</i> talk about possession with 's			
describe families use the verb have in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers use the quantity expressions any and a lot of/lots of talk about possession with 's use the question words how many and who			
describe families use the verb have in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers use the quantity expressions any and a lot of/lots of talk about possession with 's use the question words how many and who	If you're so from Unit	till not sure about 5:	something
describe families use the verb have in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers use the quantity expressions any and a lot of/lots of talk about possession with 's use the question words how many and who use regular and irregular plural nouns	from Unit		

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• study the grammar and functions

from the unit again

ask your teacher for help



Unit 6 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 6:	Things	that I didn't like ve	ery much:
	N 		
	<u>-</u>		89
	N 		
Things that I found easy in Unit 6:	Things	that I found difficu	ılt in Unit 6:
	*		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	85		
	8 .		*
		1	
Unit 6 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about rooms in a house and objects in the rooms			
describe the location of objects			
describe houses			
use there is there are in the affirmative and negative			

My five favorite new words from Unit 6:	If you're s from Unit	till not sure about 6:	something
use the conjunctions and, but, and or			
use the prepositions in, in front of, behind, on, and under			
use there is/there are in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
describe houses			

My five favorite new words from Unit 6:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 6:
	read through the unit againlisten to the audio material
	 study the grammar and functions from the unit again
	ask your teacher for help

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Unit 7 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 7:	Things that I didn't like very much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 7:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 7:

Unit 7 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
name places in a city			
describe location			
describe houses			
ask for and give directions			
use the verb <i>live</i> + preposition			
use the prepositions of place across from, between, next to, on, near, and far from			
use imperatives for directions			
use comparative and superlative adjectives			

My five favorite new words from Unit 7:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 7:
الت الت	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help

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Unit 8 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 8:	Things that I didn't like very much:
	3
Things that I found easy in Unit 8:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 9:

Things that I found easy in Unit 8:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 8:

Unit 8 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about what people are doing			
use the present progressive tense in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
ask questions with what + present progressive			
use would like and would like to			

My five favorite new words from Unit 8:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 8:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help



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Unit 9 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 9:	Things that I didn't like very much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 9:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 9:

Things that I found easy in Unit 9:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 9:
S	3

Unit 9 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
ask and answer questions about jobs			
describe job activities			
ask and answer questions with why and because			
use the simple present tense in the affirmative			
ask questions with what in the simple present tense			
use the conjunctions so and because			

My five favorite new words from Unit 9:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 9:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help



Unit 10 Self Reflection

	Things that I liked about Unit 10:	Things	that I didn't like ve	ery much:
·		<u>.</u>		36
	Things that I found easy in Unit 10:	Things	that I found difficເ	ult in Unit 10:
	Things that I found easy in Unit 10:	Things	that I found difficu	ult in Unit 10:
	Things that I found easy in Unit 10:	Things	that I found difficu	ult in Unit 10:
	Things that I found easy in Unit 10:	Things	that I found difficu	ult in Unit 10:
	Things that I found easy in Unit 10:	Things	that I found difficu	ult in Unit 10:
	Things that I found easy in Unit 10:	Things	that I found difficu	ult in Unit 10:

Unit 10 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about school subjects			
describe people's physical traits			
describe people's personality			
discuss likes and dislikes			
use the simple present tense in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
use adjectives and put them in the correct position			
use the intensifiers very, quite, really, etc.			
use adjectives with -ed and -ing			

My five favorite new words from Unit 10:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 10:
وزارة التعليم	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions
ميلو تاا قرارة	from the unit again ask your teacher for help

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Unit 11 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 11:	Things that I didn't like very much:
	38=
Things that I found easy in Unit 11:	Things that I found difficult in I lait 11:
Things that I found easy in Unit 11:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 11:
Things that I found easy in Unit 11:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 11:
Things that I found easy in Unit 11:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 11:
Things that I found easy in Unit 11:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 11:
Things that I found easy in Unit 11:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 11:

Unit 11 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
describe daily activities and routines			
express time			
use the adverbs of frequency always, usually, sometimes, and never			
use the time expressions before, after, then, and every day			
use the prepositions at, in, and on in time expressions			
use the simple present versus the present progressive			

My five favorite new words from Unit 11:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 11:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help



Unit 12 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 12:	Things that I didn't like very much:		
	5d		90
Things that I found easy in Unit 12:	Things	that I found difficu	ult in Unit 12:
	<u> </u>		3/1
	G .		
Unit 12 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about places and activities			
express ability			
express likes and dislikes			
use the modal <i>can</i> in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
use the verb <i>like</i> + infinitive			
use gerunds and infinitives after verbs			
My five favorite new words from Unit 12:	If you're s from Unit	till not sure about 12:	something

My five favorite new words from Unit 12:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 12:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help



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Unit 13 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 13:	Things that I didn't like very much:
	4
Things that I found easy in Unit 13:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 13:
Things that I found easy in Unit 13:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 13:
Things that I found easy in Unit 13:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 13:
Things that I found easy in Unit 13:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 13:
Things that I found easy in Unit 13:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 13:

Unit 13 Checklist	l can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about clothing and colors			
express future plans			
make suggestions			
use the future construction be + going to in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
use the time expressions for the future tomorrow, next week, and time expressions tonight, etc.			
express future arrangements with present progressive			

My five favorite new words from Unit 13:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 13:		
	read through the unit againlisten to the audio material		
	 study the grammar and functions from the unit again 		
	ask your teacher for help		

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Unit 14 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 14:	Things	that I didn't like ve	ery much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 14:	Things	that I found difficu	ılt in Unit 14:
		Ť	
Unit 14 Checklist	l can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about national holidays and celebrations			
express wants and needs			

express wants and needs make suggestions and invitations use object pronouns use need / want / like + infinitive use let's + infinitive use the modals must / mustn't and should / shouldn't	200	E 3	
use object pronouns use need / want / like + infinitive use let's + infinitive	express wants and needs		
use need / want / like + infinitive use let's + infinitive	make suggestions and invitations		
use let's + infinitive	use object pronouns		
	use need / want / like + infinitive		
use the modals must / mustn't and should / shouldn't	use let's + infinitive		
	use the modals must / mustn't and should / shouldn't		

My five favorite new words from Unit 14:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 14:
	• read through the unit again
	 listen to the audio material
	 study the grammar and functions
	from the unit again
	ask your teacher for help

مرارة التقالية التقا

Unit 15 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 15:	Things that I didn't like very much:

Things that I found easy in Unit 15:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 15:

Unit 15 Checklist	I can do this very well.	l can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about the past			
describe places and people in the past			
use the simple past tense of <i>be</i> in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
use the expression to be born			
use there was / there were			

My five favorite new words from Unit 15:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 15:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help



Unit 16 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 16:	Things	that I didn't like ve	ery much:
	Et.		7,6
	4		
Things that I found easy in Unit 16:	Things	that I found difficu	ult in Unit 16:
	5.00		
		T.	
Unit 16 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about past activities			
use the simple past tense in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
use regular past tense verbs			
use irregular past tense verbs			
use the time expressions for the past yesterday, last night, last week, and last month			
use the simple present versus the simple past			
My five favorite new words from Unit 16:	If you're s from Unit	till not sure about 16:	something
	• read thro	ugh the unit again	
	• listen to t	he audio material	

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from the unit again

• study the grammar and functions

ask your teacher for help

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Irregular Verbs

Base Form	Simple Past
be	was/were
become	became
buy	bought
come	came
cut	cut
do	did
draw	drew
drink	drank
drive	drove
eat	ate
fight	fought
find	found
get (up)	got (up)
give	gave
go	went
hang	hung
have	had
hear	heard
know	knew
leave	left
lend	lent
make	made
mean	meant
meet	met
read	read
ride	rode
run	ran
say	said
see	saw
sell	sold
send	sent
sing	sang
sit	sat
sleep	slept
speak	spoke
spend	spent
sweep	swept
swim	swam
take	took
teach	taught
think	thought
understand	understood
wake (up)	woke (up)
wear	wore
write	wrote



SUPERGOAL 1 Audio Track List

		CD1	
Track	Unit	Stu	udent Book Section
2	Unit 1	1	Listen and Discuss
3	Unit 1	2	Pair Work
4	Unit 1	4	Pronunciation
5	Unit 1	5	Listening
6	Unit 1	7	Conversation
7	Unit 1	8	Reading
8	Unit 2	1	Listen and Discuss
9	Unit 2	2	Pair Work
10	Unit 2	4	Listening
11	Unit 2	5	Pronunciation
12	Unit 2	7	Conversation
13	Unit 2	8	Reading
14	Unit 3	1	Listen and Discuss
15	Unit 3	2	Pair Work
16	Unit 3	5	Listening
17	Unit 3	6	Pronunciation
18	Unit 3	7	Conversation
19	Unit 3	8	Reading
20	Unit 4	1	Listen and Discuss
21	Unit 4	2	Pair Work
22	Unit 4	4	Pronunciation
23	Unit 4	5	Listening
24	Unit 4	6	Conversation
25	Unit 4	8	Reading
26	Unit 5	1	Listen and Discuss
27	Unit 5	2	Pair Work
28	Unit 5	4	Listening
29	Unit 5	5	Pronunciation
30	Unit 5	6	Conversation
31	Unit 5	8	Reading
32	EXPANSION	2	Reading
33	Units 1–5	4	Chant Along
			初500

		CD2	
Track	Unit	St	udent Book Section
2	Unit 6	1	Listen and Discuss
3	Unit 6	2	Pair Work
4	Unit 6	4	Listening
5	Unit 6	5	Pronunciation
6	Unit 6	6	Conversation
7	Unit 6	8	Reading
8	Unit 7	1	Listen and Discuss
9	Unit 7	2	Pair Work
10	Unit 7	4	Listening
11	Unit 7	5	Pronunciation
12	Unit 7	6	Conversation
13	Unit 7	8	Reading
14	Unit 8	1	Listen and Discuss
15	Unit 8	2	Pair Work
16	Unit 8	4	Listening
17	Unit 8	5	Pronunciation
18	Unit 8	6	Conversation
49	Unit 8	8	Reading

20	Unit 9	1	Listen and Discuss
21	Unit 9	2	Pair Work
22	Unit 9	4	Listening
23	Unit 9	5	Pronunciation
24	Unit 9	6	Conversation
25	Unit 9	8	Reading
26	Unit 10	1	Listen and Discuss
27	Unit 10	2	Pair Work
28	Unit 10	4	Listening
29	Unit 10	5	Pronunciation
30	Unit 10	6	Conversation
31	Unit 10	8	Reading
32	Unit 11	1	Listen and Discuss
33	Unit 11	2	Pair Work
34	Unit 11	4	Listening
35	Unit 11	5	Pronunciation
36	Unit 11	6	Conversation
37	Unit 11	8	Reading
38		2	Reading
39	EXPANSION	5	Chant Along
40	Units 6-11	7	Reading
41		8	Chant Along
		CD3	
Track	Unit	Stu	dent Book Section
Track 2	Unit 12	Stu 1	Ident Book Section Listen and Discuss
2	Unit 12	1	Listen and Discuss
2	Unit 12 Unit 12	1 2	Listen and Discuss Pair Work
2 3 4	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12	1 2 4	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening
2 3 4 5	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12	1 2 4 5	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation
2 3 4 5 6	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12	1 2 4 5 6	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation
2 3 4 5 6 7	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12	1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading
2 3 4 5 6 7	Unit 12 Unit 13	1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 14 Unit 14 Unit 14	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 14 Unit 14 Unit 14 Unit 14	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Listening Listening
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 14 Unit 14 Unit 14 Unit 14 Unit 14	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 14	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Conversation
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 14	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Pronunciation Conversation Reading Pronunciation Conversation Reading
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 14 Unit 15	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8 1 1	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 14 Unit 15 Unit 15 Unit 15	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Pronunciation Conversation Conversation Conversation Conversation Conversation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 12 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 13 Unit 14 Unit 15 Unit 15 Unit 15 Unit 15	1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8 1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Pronunciation Conversation Conversation Conversation Conversation Conversation Conversation Conversation Reading Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening
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6 Conversation

4 Chant Along

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8 Reading

2 Reading

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Unit 16

EXPANSION

Units 12-16

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SuperGoal 1 Workbook

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WORKBOOK

MANUEL DOS SANTOS







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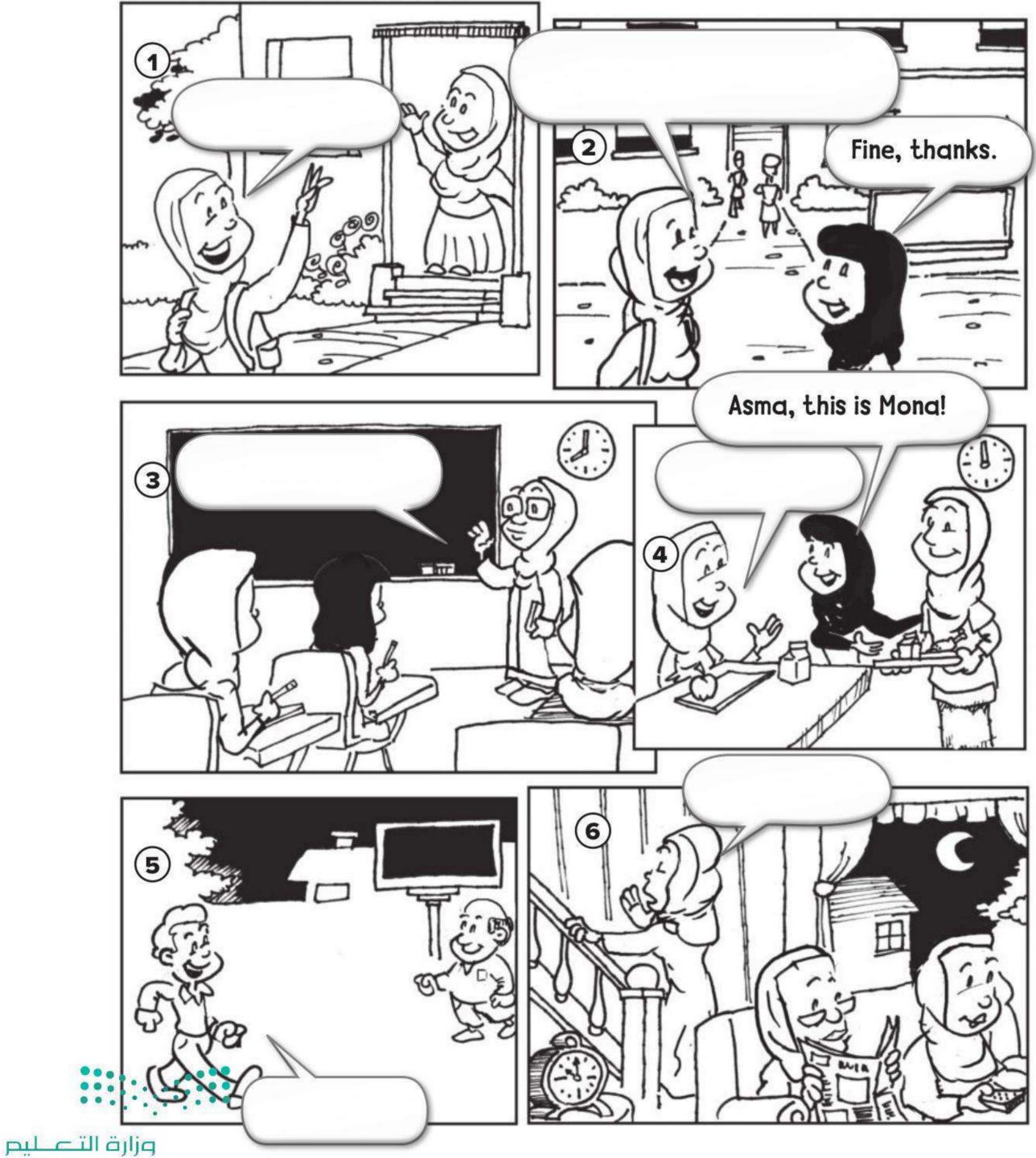


Term

A Write the correct expression in each picture.

Good night. Good morning. Goodbye.

Good evening. Nice to meet you. Hi. How are you?



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Unit 1

Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb **be**.

-					
	6	ë			
	4	Ī		۲.	
7	9	п	,		

Mrs. Rivera ____ is ___ Anita's mom.

- 1. Omar _____ a student.
- 2. You _____ a teacher.
- 3. This _____ Jennifer. But her friends call her Jenny.
- **4.** Mr. Bond ______ a good teacher.
- 5. Asma and Mona _____ best friends.
- **6.** We _____ students.
- **7.** He _____ Ahmed.
- **8. A:** How _____ you?
 - B: I _____ fine, thanks.

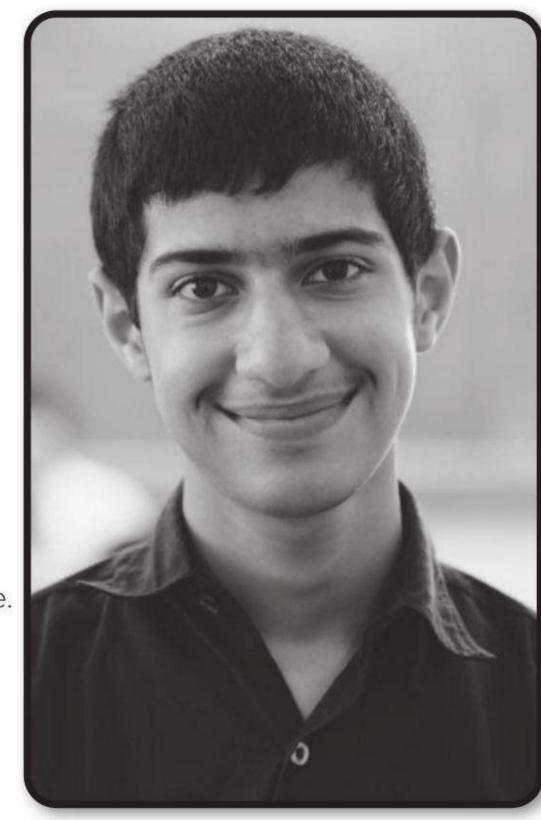




This is my friend, Saeed. He's a student.

- 1. This is my first day here. ______ your new classmate.
- 2. This is my friend. _____ a student.
- 3. This is Mr. Lee. _____ the principal.
- 4. My name is Paul. _____ a student.
- **5.** This is Mr. White and Mr. Cole. ______ teachers.
- 6. Our names are Adel and Fahd. _____ best friends.
- 7. You are my friend. _____ my best friend!
- 8. Saeed and Alex are friends. _____ classmates, too.





Complete the sentences. Use possessive adjectives.

He's a student. His name is Saud.

1. This is my sister. _____ name is Amira.

2. This is the teacher. _____ name is Mr. Ahmed.

3. I'm a student. _____ name is Alan.

4. Daniel is a student. _____ friends call him Dan.

5. Hi. My name's Yuko. What's _____ name?

6. This is my mother. _____ name is Kate.

7. Good morning, class! I'm your English teacher.

_____ name is Ms. Fatimah.

8. A: What's _____ name?

B: My name's Yasmin.





Complete the sentences. Use a form of the verb **be** or **my**, **your**, **his**, **her**.

Hello! My name (1) _____ Manuel. But (2) _____ friends call me Manolo.

I (3) _____ a student. This is (4) _____ friend Andrew. (5) _____ friends call

••• him Andy He (6) _____ a student, too. Timmy (7) ____ my classmate.

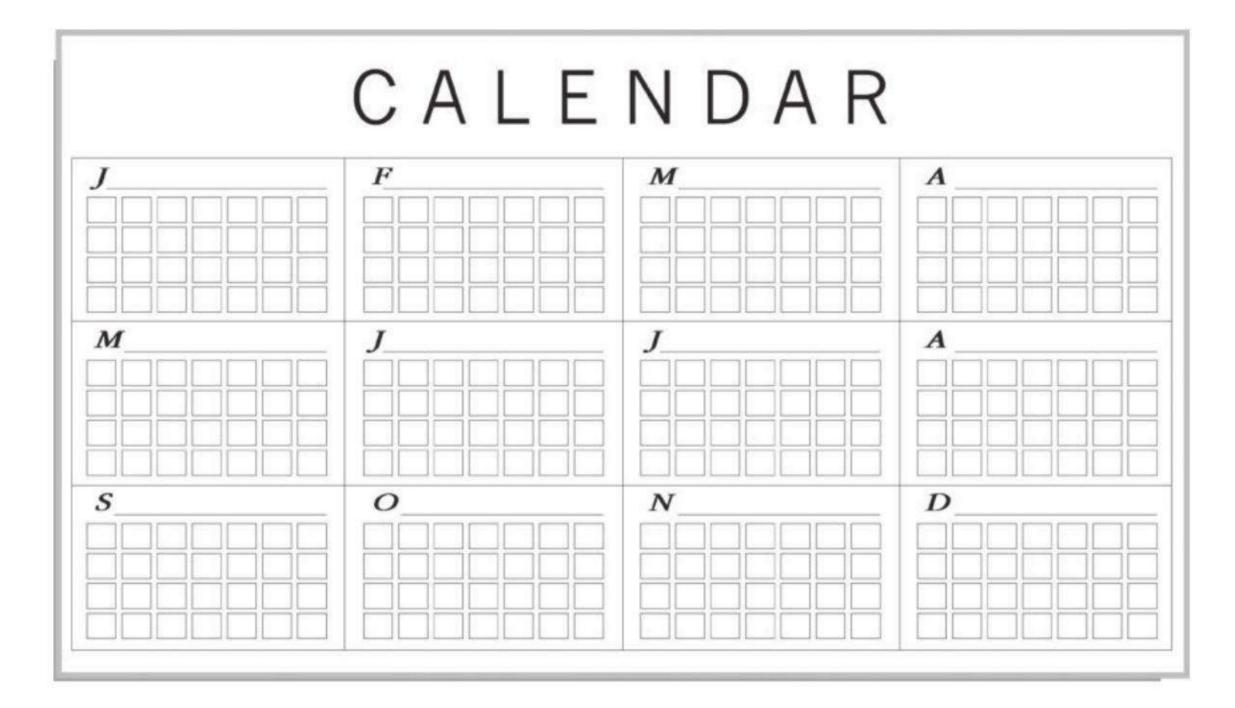
(8) _____ friends call him Tiny. Tiny means "small." What's (9) _____ name?

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Unit 1

Unscramble the words. Write the letters in the boxes. Find the secret word! 1. olshoc 2. detnust 3. Ipsel 3. - MARTIAL ARTS -EVENING CLASSES 4. etem 4. 5. drenif 5. 6. gnhit 6. 7. uyor **8.** rea 8. 9. eralt The secret word is: **WRITING** Look at the picture. Write a conversation. Paul: _____ Paul Wilson. John: ______ John. This is _____ friend, Samuel. But _____ friends call him _____. Paul: _____, Sam. Sam: ______. Paul: Mr. Lee and Mr. Grant _____ the teachers. _____, Mr. Lee! Mr. Lee: _______? Paul: _____, thanks.

- A Write the days of the week in the correct order.
- Write the months in the correct order on the calendar below.



Write the numbers in words. Then write the answer.

2. 21 + 15 = ?



مرارة المحلية المحلية

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- Fill in the numbers.
- thirty-first, <u>thirty-second</u>, thirty-third

 - **1.** sixth, _____, eighth **5.** twentieth, thirtieth, _____

 - 2. fourteenth, _____, sixteenth 6. _____, seventieth, eightieth

 - 3. eleventh, _____, thirteenth 7. seventeenth, _____, nineteenth

 - 4. fifty-fourth, _____, fifty-sixth 8. _____, sixty-third, sixty-fourth
- Write the following dates.
- 9/27: September twenty-seventh 2/15: 5/5: 12/30: 6/11:



Match.

4/25:

- 1. ____ How old are Jim and Jack?
- a. I'm 19.
- 2. ____ When is their graduation?
- b. It's Monday.
- 3. ____ How old are you?
- c. They're Jim and Jack.
- **4.** ____ What day is today?
- **d.** Their graduation is today!
- **5.** _____ What are their names?
- e. They're 18.
- **6.** ____ What month is it?
- f. It's June.



G Circle the correct possessive adjective.



Abdullah, congratulations! When is (their /(your)) graduation?

- 1. Hello. My name is Sabah. What is (your / our) name?
- 2. They are eighteen years old. (Your / Their) graduation ceremony is today.
- 3. A: What are your names?
 - B: (Their / Our) names are Yahya and Adel.
- 4. The boys are ten years old. (Your / Their) final test is October 7.
- 5. Your clothes are so amazing! And (our / your) clothes are great, too.
- H Circle the correct question words.



((What) / When) is your name?

- 1. (How old / When) is his brother?
- 2. (When / What) day is today? It's Thursday!
- 3. It's May 15th. (What / When) is the final test?
- 4. (What / When) are their names?
- 5. (When / What) is the date tomorrow? It's April 7th.
- Write the correct word. Use *in* or *on*.



on January 1st

- 1. _____ Saturdays
- 2. ____ Thursdays
- **3.** _____ April



- **5.** _____ March
- **6.** ____ October 30th
- **7.** _____ Mondays
- 8. ____ November

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Unit 2

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Complete the crossword puzzle. Spell out the numbers.

Across 1 t w 2 e t f t h 1. 12th 3. 3rd 4. 19 7. 5th Down 2. 11th 7 3. 20th 5. 80 6. 90

K WRITING

Write about yourself.

I am	
My final test is in the	month
of the year. It's in	
	_ is my best friend.
He/She is	years old.
His/Her final test is on	·

3 What's That?

Write the items from **A** in the correct columns. Use **a** or **an** for each one.

Travel	Electronics	Personal Items
	👔 a laptop computer	

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What's That?

Change to the plural.

What's this?

What are these?

It's a sculpture.

They're sculptures.

1. What's that?

2. It's a calculator.

3. It's a pencil.

4. It's my key.

5. That's a car.

6. It's her painting.







Write a polite affirmative (+) or negative (–) sentence for each picture.

close the door stand up

use cell phones talk

open the window take photographs

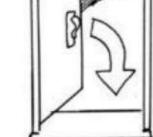


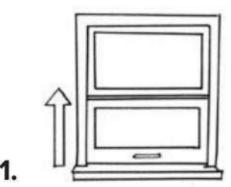




Please don't stand up.















وزارة التعطيم

Look at the photos. Complete the conversations. Use *this / these* for things near. Use *that / those* for things not near.





B: ______ It's a watch.



Vhat's that?

B: _____ It's a calculator.



1. A: _____

B:



4. A: _____

B:



2. A: _____

B: _____



5. A: _____

B: _____



3. A: _____



6. A: _____

B: _____



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3 What's That?

Fill in the blanks with the correct singular or plural words.

Singular	Plural
1 that car	those cars
1. this telephone	
2	those pencils
3. this watch	1 -12-12-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-1
4	those dinosaurs
5. this radio	

Look at the photos. What do you see? Write the words. Use **a** or **an**.







an airplane

2.

3. _____

WRITING

Buy some gifts for your family and friends. Make a list. Use \boldsymbol{a} or \boldsymbol{an} .



(

A Read the clues and complete the word for each country or nationality.

1.	A person that is from Jordan.	J

Fill in each blank with the correct word from the box.

= 500	12 88	NEED 0 101	8 88	22	N23 W
Brazilian	Saudi	England	Australia	Egyptian	Omani

- 1. I'm _____. I'm from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
- 2. Ali isn't Syrian. He's _____. He lives in Muscat.
- 3. Saeed is on business in London. He's in _____ right now.
- 4. Karen is English, but she lives in Sydney, ______.
- **5.** I'm from Brazil. My nationality is ______.
- 6. Aisha is from Egypt. She is ______.





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С	Complete the conversation. Fill in each blank with the correct form of the verb be . Circle the correct preposition.						
1	Tom <u>is</u> (in/ on) Brazil. He meets Eduardo and Roberto.						
	Tom:	Hi. My name Tom. What's your name?					
	Eduardo:	I' Eduardo. This my friend, Roberto.					
	Roberto:	Hi, Tom. Where you from?					
	Tom:	I' (in / from) the United States. I'm (on / in) vacation here in Brazil for the first time you Brazilian?					
	Roberto:	No, we'(on / from) Cuenca, but we live (in / on) Rio de Janeiro now.					
	Tom:	Cuenca in Colombia?					
	Eduardo:	No, it It' (in / from) Ecuador.					
D	Answer the questions. Use short answers. For negative answers, write the correct information.						
		rdo from Brazil?					
		on business?					
		from Colombia?					
	5. Are Rob	perto and Eduardo Ecuadorian?					
	6. Is Cuen	ica in Ecuador?					
		y in the United States now?					
• •		erto and Eduardo on vacation?					

ورارة التكليم **200** CryOffit 4 tion 2022 - 1444

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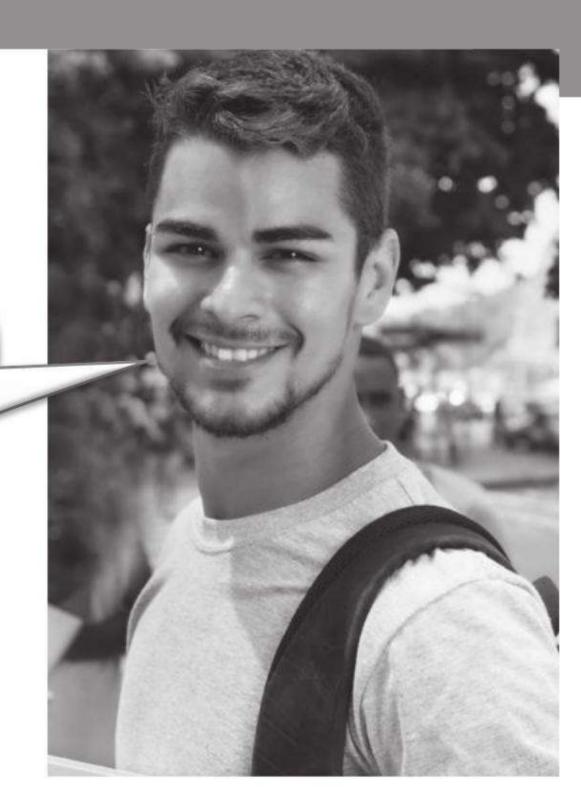
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G READING

Read the description of Carlos. Complete the form.

Hi. My name is Carlos Torres. I'm Chilean, but I live in the U.S. I live in Los Angeles, California. I am eighteen years old. My email address is carlos123@worldnet.com. My phone number is 310-555-9901.

	Name: Nationality: Address—city, state (if appropriate), country:
School Information Form	Age: Email address: Phone number:

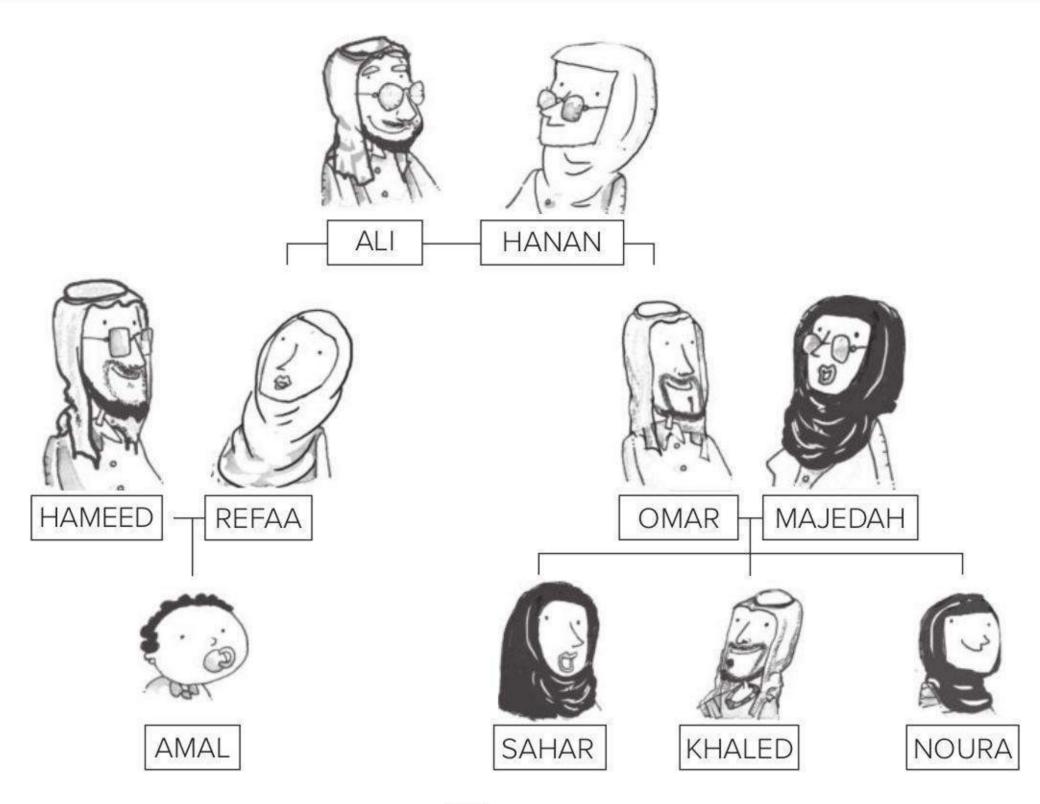


H WRITING

Complete the form with your information.

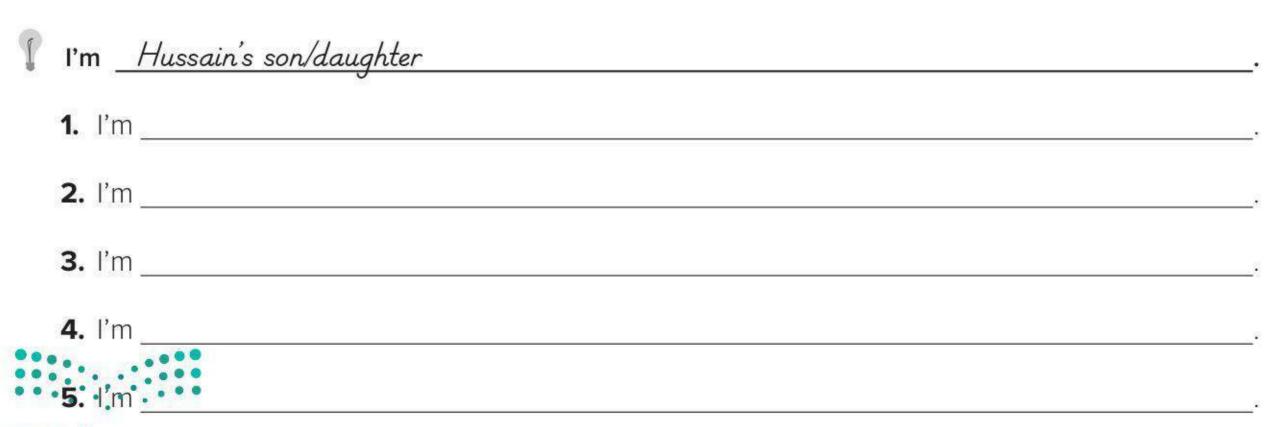
	Name:
	Address—city, state (if appropriate), country:
School Information	Age:
Form	Email address:
	Phone number:

<u>مرارة التكليم</u> **202**^{tru} (Thit 4 tion 2022 - 1444



- Answer **yes** or **no**.
 - _____ Sahar is Khaled's wife.
 - 2. ____ Omar is Hanan's son.
 - 3. _____ Refaa is Omar's sister.

- Complete the sentences. Who is Khaled?
 - 1. He's Majedah's _____
 - 2. He's Hanan's ______.
 - 3. He's Sahar's ______
- **4.** _____ Ali is Noura's grandfather. **4.** He's Amal's ______.
- Who are you in your family? Look at exercises **A** and **B** for ideas.



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Unit 5

T	Khaled <u>has</u> two sisters.		
	1. Omar and Majedah three children.	3. Noura	one sister.
	2. Khaled any brothers.	4. Ali and Hanan	three childr
E	Write the possessive.		
1	the son of Ali	Ali's son	
	1. the aunt of Sahar		
	2. the father of the children		
	3. the mother of the girls		
	4. the bags of the aunts		
F	Answer the questions. Use <i>any</i> , <i>a lot of</i> , or <i>lots of</i> .		
1	Your aunt and uncle don't have any children. Do you have any cousins?	No, I don't have any	cousins.
	1. Your father has seven brothers.	J	
	Do you have any uncles?		
	2. Your grandmother and grandfather		
	2. Your grandmother and grandfather have five daughters and one son.		
	have five daughters and one son.		
	have five daughters and one son. Do you have any aunts?		
	have five daughters and one son. Do you have any aunts? 3. You are an only child.		
	have five daughters and one son. Do you have any aunts? Tou are an only child. Do you have any sisters?		
G	have five daughters and one son. Do you have any aunts? 3. You are an only child. Do you have any sisters? 4. You have a big family.	ow many or Who .	
G	have five daughters and one son. Do you have any aunts? 3. You are an only child. Do you have any sisters? 4. You have a big family. Do you have any brothers and sisters?	ow many or Who? Khaled doesn't hav	e any brothers.
G	have five daughters and one son. Do you have any aunts? 3. You are an only child. Do you have any sisters? 4. You have a big family. Do you have any brothers and sisters? Here are the answers. What are the questions? Use H		N=5.
G	have five daughters and one son. Do you have any aunts? 3. You are an only child. Do you have any sisters? 4. You have a big family. Do you have any brothers and sisters? Here are the answers. What are the questions? Use H How many brothers does Khaled have	? Khaled doesn't hav	sters.
G	have five daughters and one son. Do you have any aunts? 3. You are an only child. Do you have any sisters? 4. You have a big family. Do you have any brothers and sisters? Here are the answers. What are the questions? Use H How many brothers does Khaled have 1.	? Khaled doesn't hav ? Khaled has two sis	sters. Majedah.

H READING

Clerk: What's your name?

Child: Olivia.

Clerk: What's your last name?

Child: Parker.

Clerk: What's your father's name?

Child: Daddy.

Clerk: OK. What's your address?

Child: Main Street.

Clerk: What's your telephone number?

Child: I don't know.

Mother: There you are, Olivia! Thank you, Ms. ...?

Clerk: Ms. Jones. Please teach Olivia her address

and telephone number.

Mother: Yes, Ms. Jones. Thank you.

Write yes or no.

1. _____ Olivia is the clerk's daughter.

2. _____ Olivia is Mrs. Parker's daughter.

3. _____ Olivia knows her address.

4. _____ Olivia knows her telephone number.

5. _____ Olivia says her father's name.

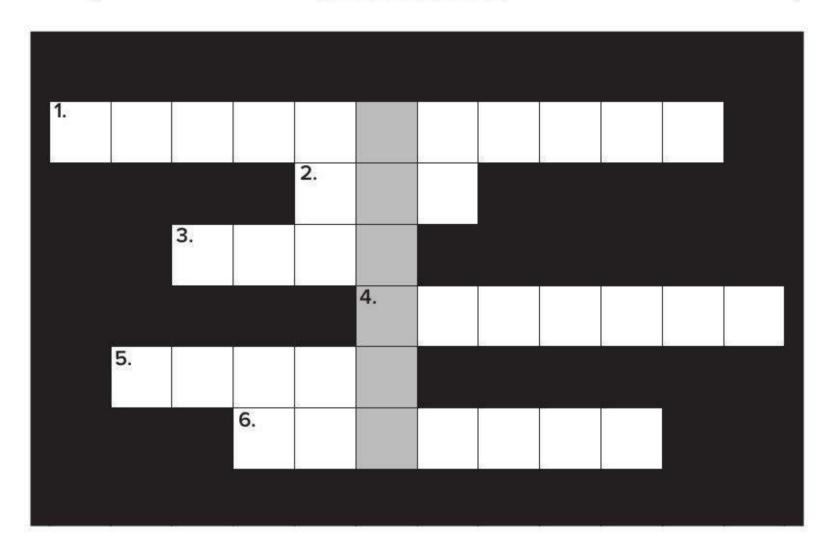




Unit 5

- Complete the sentences. Then write the words in the puzzle. Find the secret word!
 - **1.** My mother's mother is my ______.
 - 2. My parents' child is their daughter or ______. 5. My mother's brother is my ______.
 - 3. My uncle's wife is my _____.

- 4. My father is my mother's _____.
- 6. My mother and father are my ______.



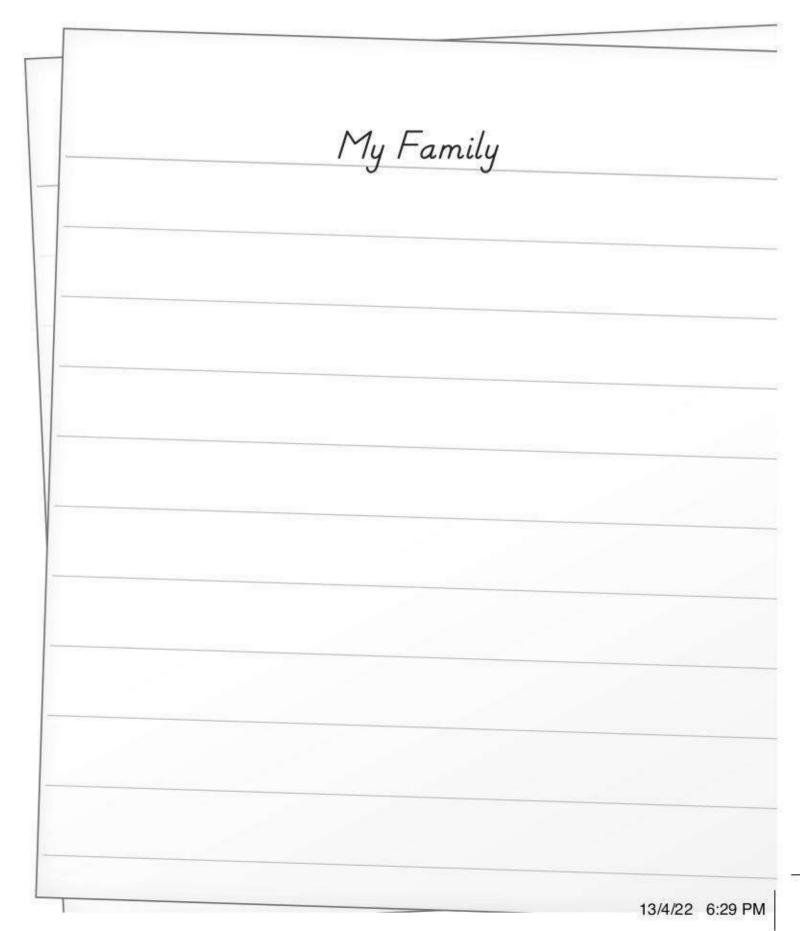
The secret word is ______.

WRITING

Write about your family. Answer these questions.

- 1. How many brothers and sisters do you have?
- 2. What are your brothers' and sisters' names?
- 3. How old are your brothers and sisters?
- **4.** Who is the baby in your family?
- 5. What are your grandparents' names?
- 6. How many aunts do you have?
- 7. How many uncles do you have?
- 8. Your aunts' children are your cousins. How many cousins do you have?
- 9. Do you have a pet?
- 10. What is your pet's name?

وزارة التعطيم



EXPANSION Units 1 – 5

A	Complete the questions Then match each quest		What, When, Where, or How old. as correct answer.		
T	Where	are you from?	<u>_</u> g	a. My school is near my	house.
	1.	is your graduation?		b. He's twenty years old	d.
	2	day is today?		c. My house is on Park	Avenue.
	3	are you?		d. I graduate in June.	
	4	is your house?		e. It's September.	
	5	month is it?		f. Today is Monday.	
	6	is your school?		g. I'm from the United S	States.
	7.	is your brother?	U -10-10-10-10-1 0	h. I'm seventeen.	
В	Write the negative.				
T	Sit down.	Don't sit down.	3. ⊦	He is from Oman	
	1. Please close the do	or	4. T	hey are sisters	
	2. Today is Sunday.		5.	am ten years old	
С	Change the statements	to questions.			
1	Today is (Tuesday).	<u>I</u>	s today Tues	sday?	3
	1. It's March 17th today	y	-1-0-3-2-1-1-0		11-12-16-06-09-00-XI-13-16-06-08-08-
	2. Sabah is 17 years of	d	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	3. You're from Syria.				
	4. You're Jordanian.				
	5. That's your pencil.				
	6. Those are our post	ers			
	7. That's a famous pai	nting			
وزارة التعطيص	7				

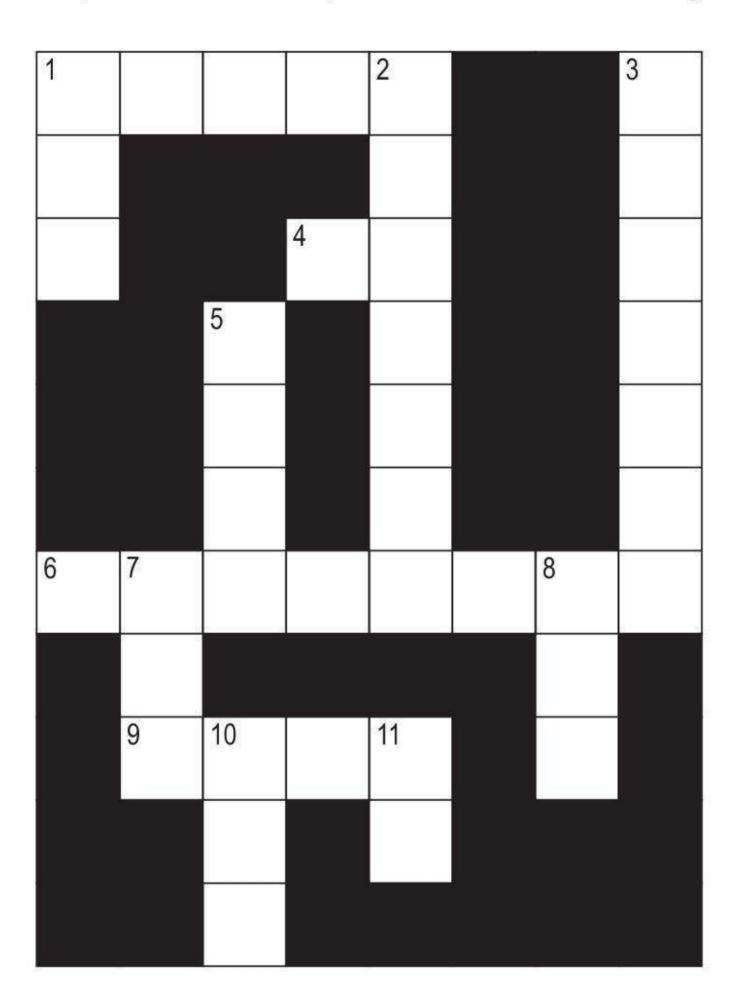
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EXPANSION Units 1 – 5

Complete the crossword puzzle. Use the clues on the right.



ACROSS

- 1. greeting
- **4.** he, she, _____
- 6. day of the week
- **9.** Sit ______.

DOWN

- **1.** she/her, he/_____
- 2. month
- 3. day of the week
- **5.** _____ is your name?
- 7. You _____ I are friends.
- 8. We _____ students.
- **10.** How _____ are you?
- **11.** opposite of yes

Write the correct form of the verb **be**.

Today (1) ______ Monday. It (2) ______ the first day of school. Mr. Clark and his students (3) ______ in class. There (4) ______ twenty students and twenty-one desks. One desk (5) ______ for Mr. Clark.

"How old (6) ______ you, Brandon?" asks Mr. Clark. Brandon (7) ______ sixteen years old.

The students (8) ______ all 16 or 17 years old. Mr. Clark (9) ______ seventeen years old.

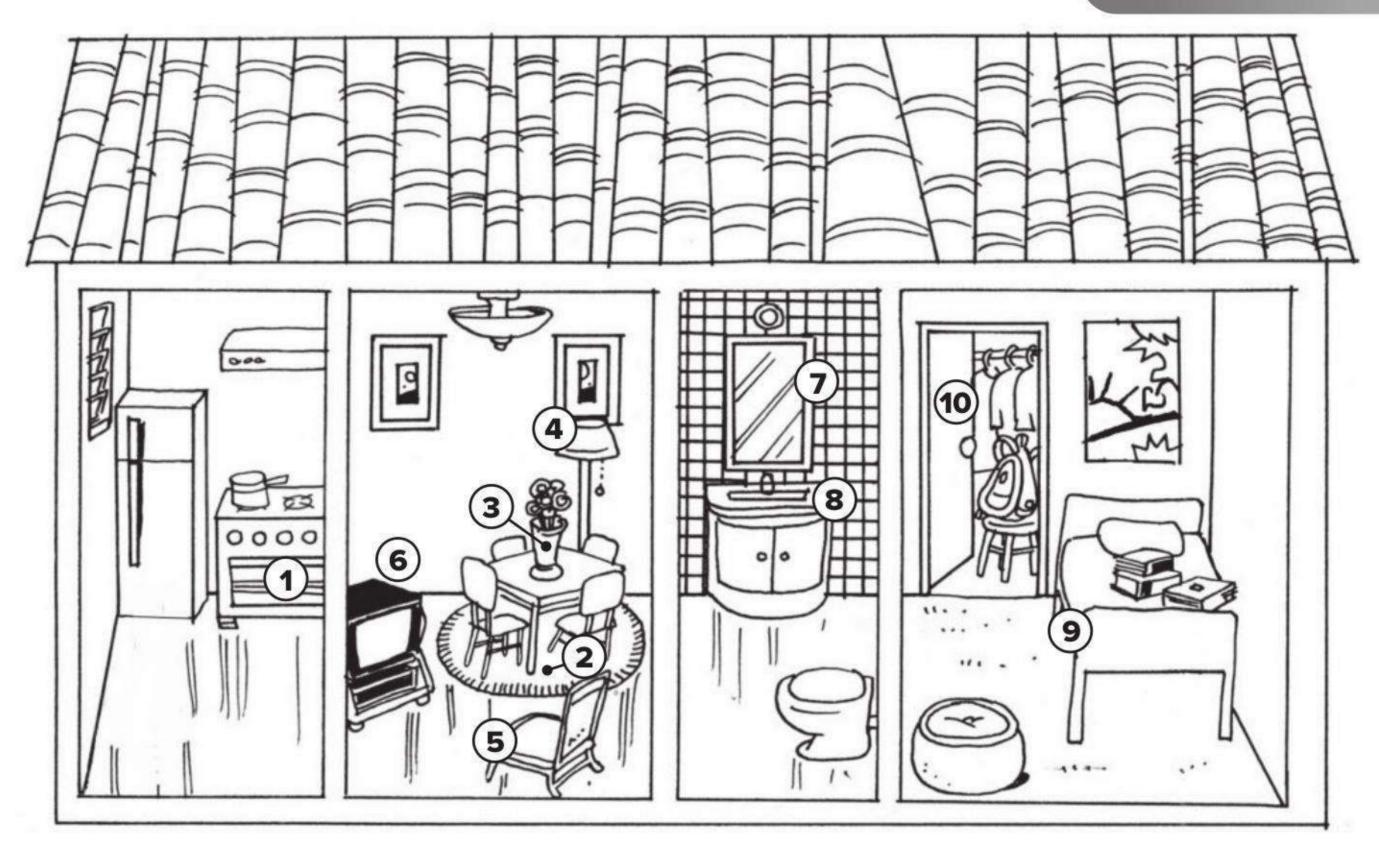
He (10) ______ thirty-five. It (11) ______ his first day at this school. "I (12) ______ your new teacher," says Mr. Clark.

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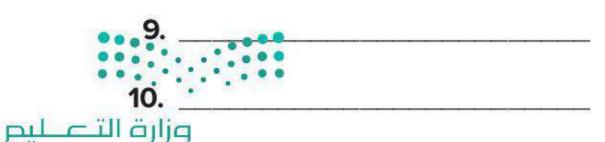
208 EXPANSION Units 1-5

6 Is There a View?

Term <u>________</u>



- A Write the names of the items.
 - 1.
 - 2. _____
 - 3. _____
 - 4. _____
 - 5. _____
 - 6.
 - 7. _____
 - 8.



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- Complete the sentences. Use **behind**, **in front of**, **under**, **on**, or **in**.
 - 1. The mirror is ______ the bathroom.
 - 2. The backpack is _____ the closet.
 - **3.** The rug is _____ the table.
 - **4.** The flowers are _____ the table.
 - **5.** The big chair is _____ the TV.
 - **6.** The sink is _____ the mirror.
 - **7.** The bed is _____ the bedroom.
 - 8. The lamp is _____ the table.
 - 9. The books are _____ the bed.
 - **10.** The poster is _____ the wall.

Unit 6

6 Is There a View?

Complete the conversation. John is a celebrity. Use *there is*, *there are*, *is there*, and *are there*.

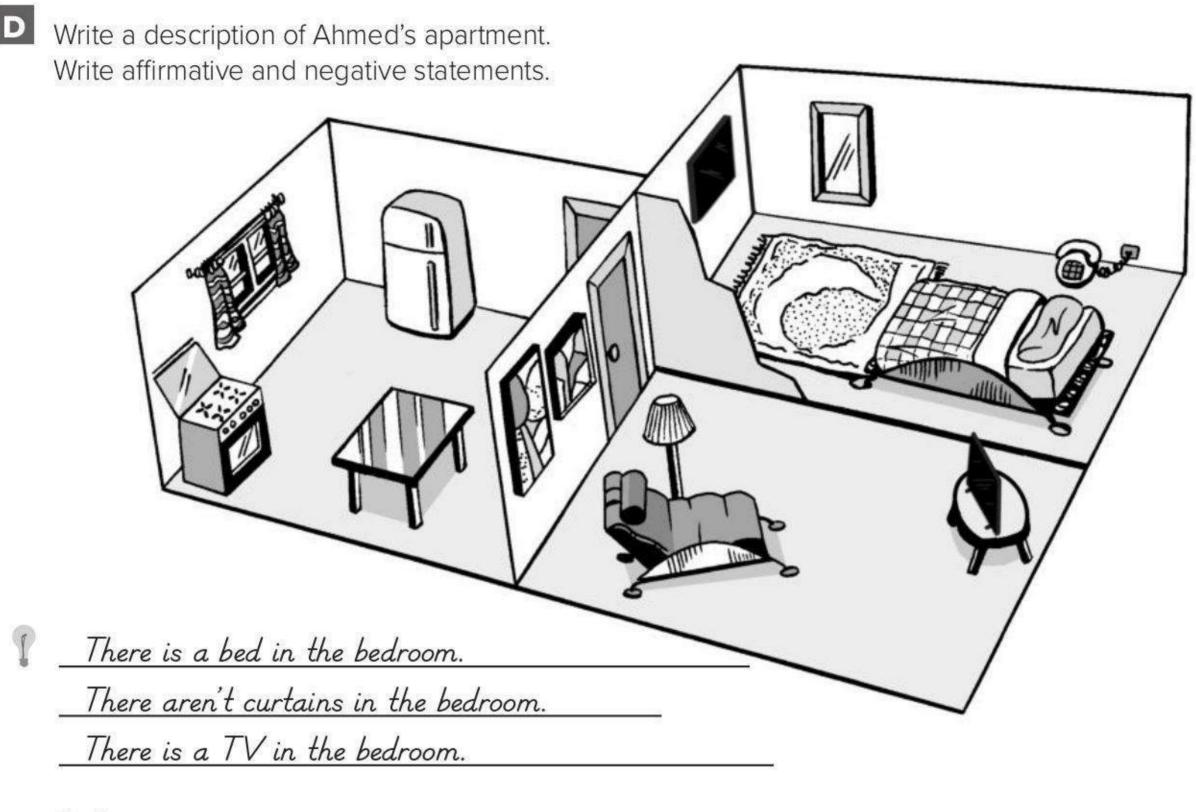


Reporter: Is your house in California big? Yes, _____ 35 rooms. John: **Reporter:** Thirty-five rooms? That's a big house! Yes, _____ 15 bedrooms, and _____ ___ John: __ two kitchens. 10 bathrooms a kitchen upstairs, and _____ a kitchen downstairs. Reporter: _____ a balcony? Yes, _____ two balconies. _____ one John: balcony in front of the house, and _____ one balcony behind the house. _____ a nice view from the front balcony. Reporter: _____ famous paintings? John: Yes, I have two paintings by Picasso. Reporter: That's great. _____ a garden? Yes, _____ a large garden with flowers behind the house. John: **Reporter:** What's your favorite room?

• John: ... t's my bedroom. _____ two phones, a laptop computer, and a

huge high-definition TV in my bedroom. I watch myself on TV!

6 Is There a View?



Bedroom
<u></u>
8
Living Room
Kitchen
Add two more items to Ahmed's apartment. Write about the rooms.



13/4/22 6:29 PM

E READING

Welcome to my home! My name is George. I live on a cruise ship. I work on the ship, too. It's a great place. The ship is big and comfortable. We have six modern kitchens and six beautiful dining rooms. There are lots of guest rooms. Look at my bedroom. Yes, you're right. It's very small. I have a small table and a small chair. There is a sofa and a bed in my room, too. It's OK. I love my home! I have a swimming pool and a great view of the ocean!



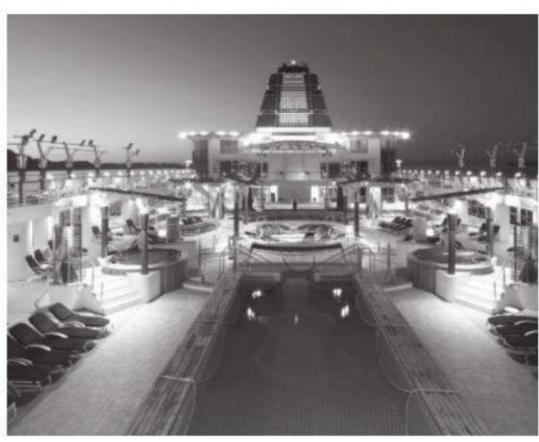






Answer **yes** or **no**.

- **1.** _____ George's bedroom is big.
- 2. _____ There are two old kitchens on the cruise ship.
- **3.** _____ There are a lot of dining rooms.
- **4.** _____ There is a TV in George's bedroom.
- **5.** _____ His home has a swimming pool.



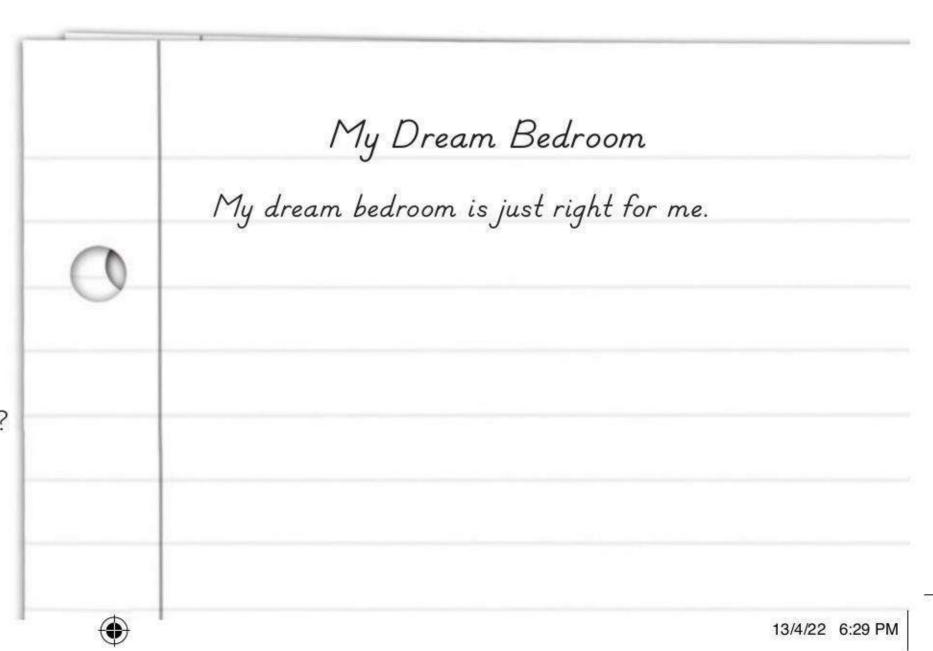
F WRITING

Write about your dream bedroom. Answer the questions.

- 1. Is there a big bed or a small bed?
- 2. What other furniture is there?
- 3. Are there windows?
- 4. Is there a view?

5. Are there special things in the room?





- What are these words? They're places in a neighborhood! Unscramble the words.
 - 1. laml
 - 2. ramapych
 - 3. karp
 - 4. ketpusrmare
 - 5. kbna
 - 6. tausertnar
 - 7. ooortbeks
- Make a conversation. Write the sentences in the correct order.

Excuse me. Is there a restaurant near here?

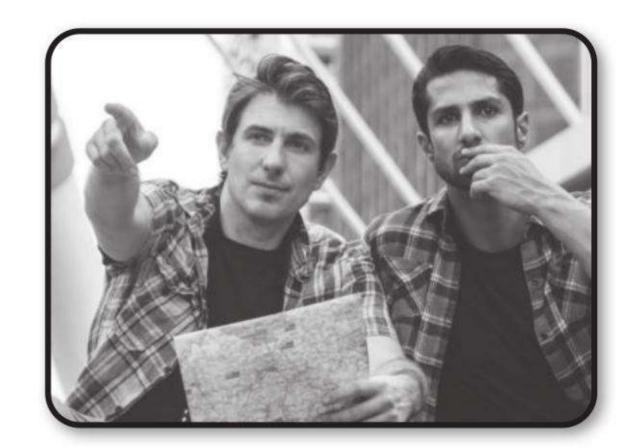
Go to the corner, and turn right.

Thank you.

Yes, there's one across from the post office.

And where is the post office?

You're welcome.



A: Excuse me. Is there a restaurant near here?

B: _____

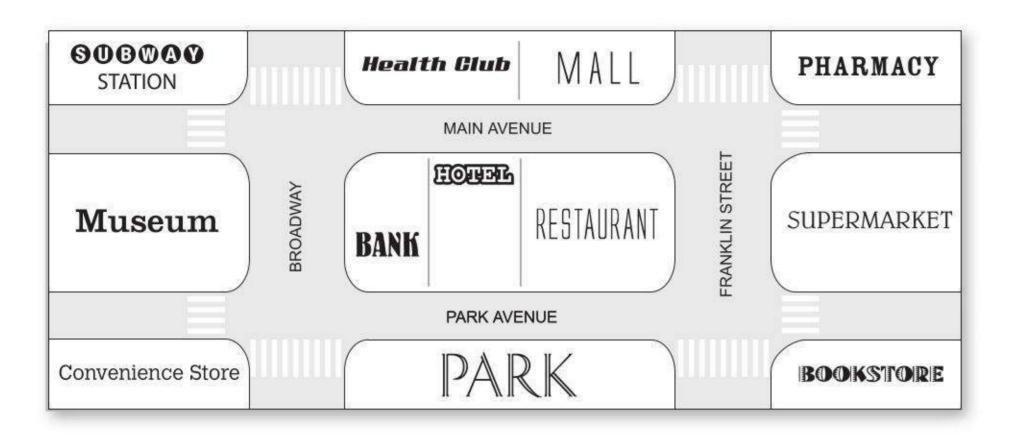
B: _____

A:



وزارة التعطيم Ministry of Education





- Look at the map. Complete the sentences. Use across from, between, or next to.
 - 1. The hotel is ______ the bank and the restaurant.
 - 2. The mall is ______ the restaurant.
 - 3. The health club is _____ the mall.
- Look at the map. Answer the questions. Make two sentences for each. Use *on*, *near*, or *far from*.
 - 1. Where's the subway station? _____

2. Where's the park?

3. Where's the supermarket? _____

Look at the map. Complete the conversation. Help the tourist. The tourist is at the bookstore.

Tourist: Excuse me. Where is the museum?

You: _____ straight on Park Avenue to the next corner.

_____ right at the bank.

The museum is _____ the bank.

It's ______ the convenience store and the subway station.

Tourist: Thank you.

<u>مرارة التكليم</u> **214**6try**0**filitytion

Complete the sentences. Use in or on.
Where do you live? I live ______ Jeddah.
Our apartment building is big.
Amina lives _____ Park Avenue.
We live _____ the twelfth floor.
My cousins live _____ Damascus.
Ali lives _____ Main Street.

G READING

Beautiful Penang

Penang Island, Malaysia, is a small island in Southeast Asia. About a million people live on this lovely island, and thousands of tourists visit every year. There's a lot to see and do in Penang. There are miles of sunny beaches with smooth white sand. Tourists stay in small, friendly hotels on the beach or in big hotels in the town. There are old buildings and many beautiful parks. There are also many places to shop. And Penang even has its own shopping mall on Penang Road. It's called KOMTAR, and it has over 200 stores.

There are no parks in Penang.



A beach at Penang

Answer yes or no. For no answers, write a correct sentence.

No Penang is in South America.

Penang is in Malaysia in Southeast Asia.

Many tourists visit Penang every year.

There aren't many stores in Penang.

There are no big hotels in Penang.

KOMTAR is the name of a hotel.

مرارة المنابعة المنا

Unit 7

215

WRITING

Write about your city.

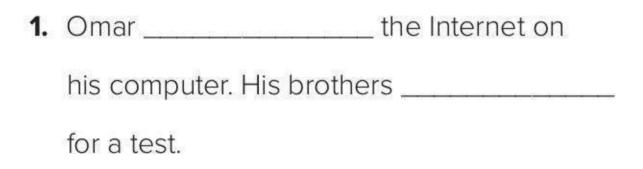
- 1. Is the city old or modern?
- 2. Is the city big or small?
- **3.** Is it popular with tourists?
- **4.** Are there many tourist attractions?
- **5.** What are the attractions?
- 6. Are there famous restaurants?
- **7.** Are there many stores?
- 8. What is the name of the most popular shopping street or mall?
- **9.** Are there good restaurants in your city?
- 10. Is there an airport near the city?

مرارة التعطيم 216 Unit 7 tion 2022 - 1444

A Look at the photos. Complete the sentences. Use the present progressive of the verbs in the box.

surf not ride listen eat study







2. Tom ______ to Carl's cell phone.



3. Jack and his friends _____



4. Mark ______ his bike right now.

pizza at his house.

Pيلحتاا قرابع Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

13/4/22 6:29 PM

He's eating

Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions and pronouns in the answers.







1. What _____ Jamal doing?

a book.

a sandwich.



2. What _____ they doing?



3. What _____ Jim doing?

the Internet. _____ sports on TV.



4. What _____ Ahmed doing?

5. What _____ the boys doing?

_____ video games.

رة التعطيم 218 true Fiture tion 2022 - 1444 ____ on his cell phone.

Look at the pictures. Answer the questions. Use short answers.

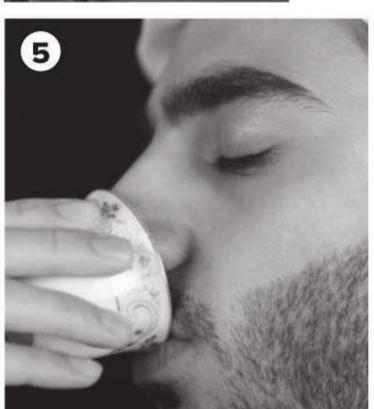












0				
1	Are	they	eating	dinner?

- 1. Is he talking to his friend?
- 2. Is he listening to his cell phone?
- 3. Are they hanging out at the mall?
- **4.** Are they waiting for a bus?
- **5.** Is he drinking coffee?

es, t	they d	are.		

Here are the answers. Write the questions.

What is Majid doing?

- **1.** _____?
- 2. _____?

Majid is playing a video game.

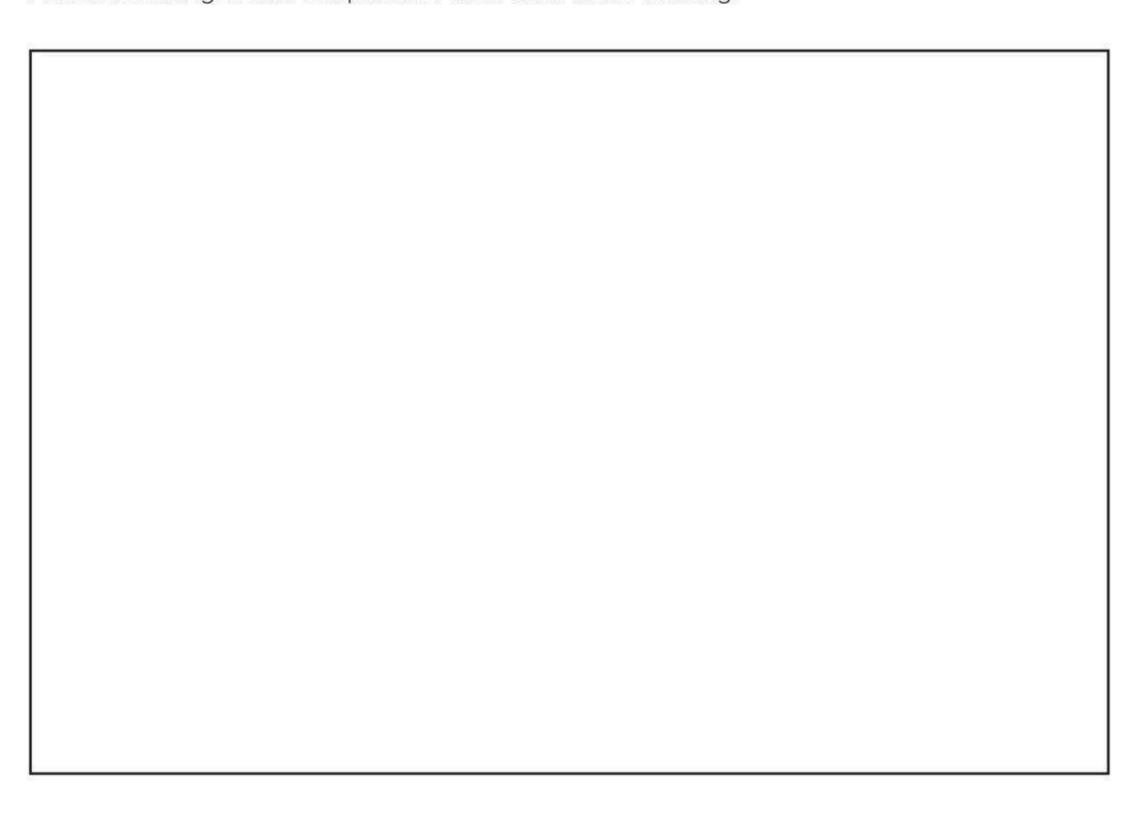
- Asma is talking to a friend on the phone.
- Omar and Qassim are watching TV.
- We are surfing the Internet.
- I am studying for a math test.

مرارة التعليم Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444



Read the sentences. Draw the picture.

You are walking in the park. You see five people. A boy is reading a magazine. A boy is riding a bicycle. A man is talking on his cell phone. Faisal and Ali are walking.



WRITING

Imagine you are at the library with four friends. What is each friend doing? Write an email.

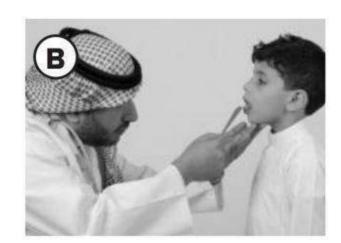
SEND NOW	SEND LATER	ADD ATTACHMENTS	SIGNATURE	CONTACTS	
to:		subjec	ct:		- E
message:					
					9
حتاا قرارة Tuge Education					

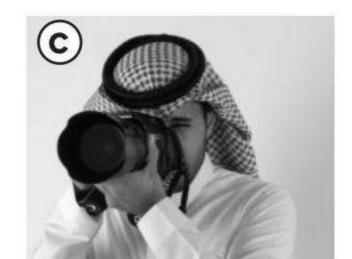
<u>كياحتاا قرازم</u> 2022 - 1444

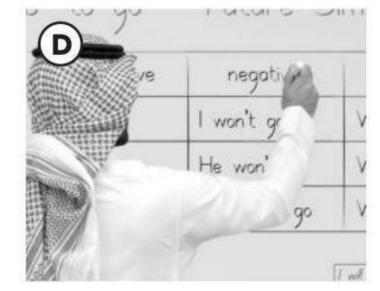
9 What Do You Do?

Match the photo with the person. Complete each sentence.

















8				
	Jabr takes	photos	Ha's a	
	 Jani takes	priotos.	He 5 a	

photographer .

- **1.** ____ Mustafa sells cars. He's a ______.
- 2. ____ Sadiq writes for a newspaper. He's a ______.
- 3. ____ My brother designs computer games. He's a ______.
- **4.** ____ Ahmed drives a taxi. He's a ______.
- **5.** ____ Adnan designs clothes. He's a ______.

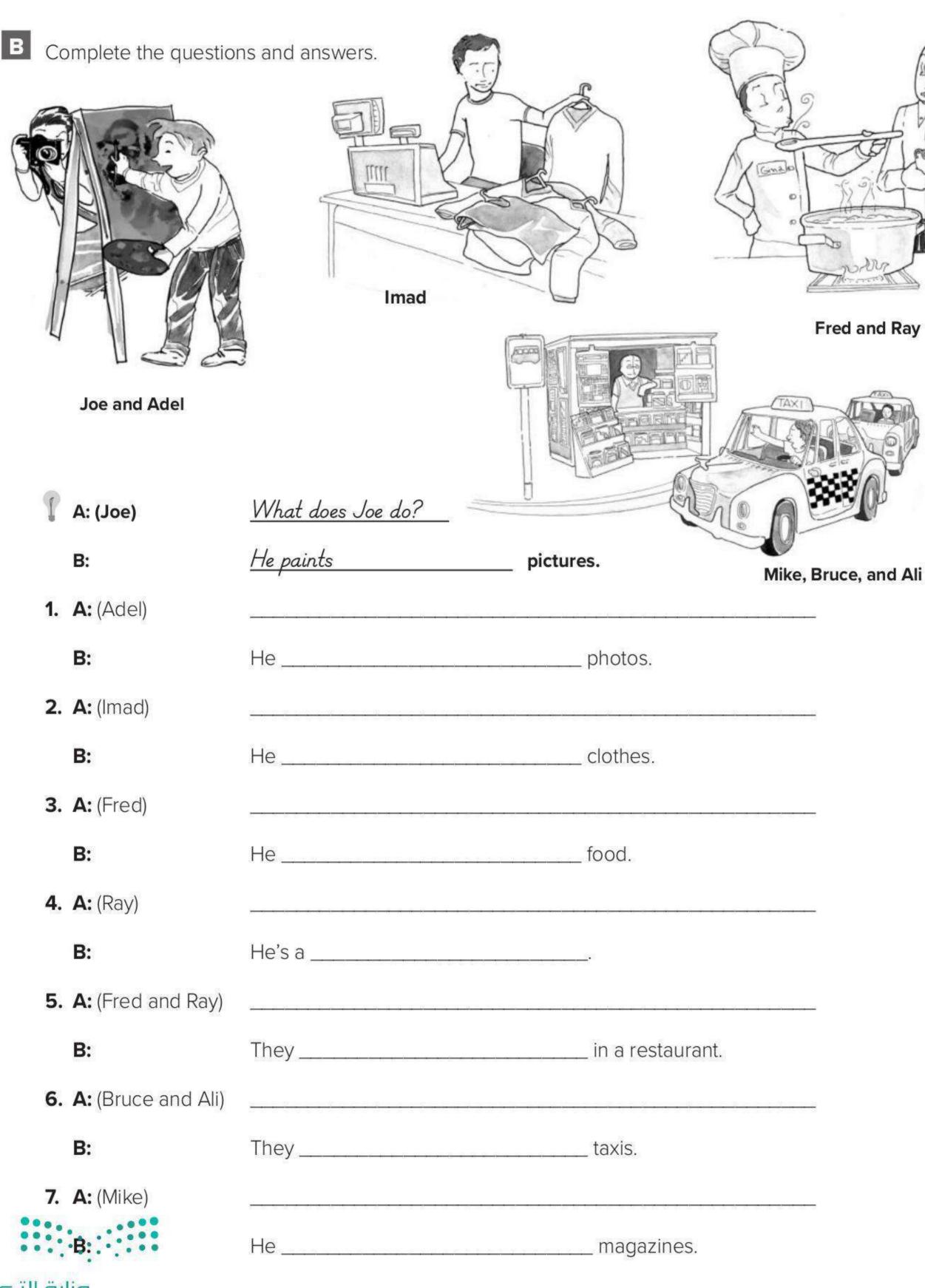
6. ____Omar's brother works in a hospital. He's a ______.

المال عالم Fahd works at a school. He's a ______.

Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

Unit 9

9 What Do You Do?



<u>مرارة الحليم</u> 222 Unit 9tion Complete the conversation. Use the information in the picture.



Youset:	Hi. I'm Yousef Hamda. I'm a _	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * 	I work in a hospita	ıl in Riyadh.
Darren:	That's a great job. I'm Darren	Barton.		
Yousef:	What	you	?	
Darren:	l'm a Sh		The same of the sa	а
Yousef:	Do you know anyone here?			
Darren:	Yes, I do. Those are my friend	ls, Saeed and Adel.		
Yousef:	What	they	?	
Darren:	Theyin Kuwait. Adel's brother a French restaurant in Dubai.			
Yousef:	That's interesting. My brother Jeddah.	is a chef, too. He	2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	at a restaurant in

What about you? What do you want to be? Write about yourself. Use the space in the picture.

- Circle the correct answers.
 - 1. A: What (do/does) Amina do?
 - **B:** She ('re/'s) a teacher.
 - 2. A: What do your parents (do / are)?

B: They (do/'re) teachers.

مرارة التيامية Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444 4. A: What (does / is) your brother do?

3. A: What does Yahya (do/does)?

B: He (drive / drives) a taxi.

B: He (does / 's) a student.

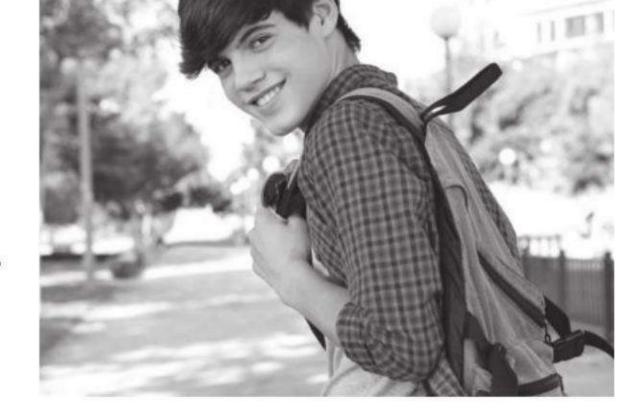
Unit 9

E READING

Career Day

My name is Mark Robbs. I'm 17 years old, and I'm a student at River Street High School. I want to be an architect, a chef, and a writer. It isn't easy to decide. I like to draw. I like to cook. I like to write, too. A lot of my friends have the same problem. What do we want to do?

Today is Career Day at my school. It's from noon to 3:00 P.M. On Career Day, different professionals come to our school. We



talk to them about their jobs. I want to talk to Mr. Redford. He's an architect, and he is at school today. A famous chef from New York is here, too. And a successful writer is coming at 2:00 P.M. Career Day is a great idea!

Answer yes or no.

Marking a student
Mark is a student.

- 4. ____ Mr. Redford is a chef.
- 2. Mark doesn't know what he wants to do.
- **5.** _____ A successful designer is coming to the school.
- 3. ____ Career Day is in the morning.

F WRITING

- **A:** Write about yourself. Use the first paragraph of the Reading as a model.
- **B:** Imagine your school is having a Career Day. Write about it.
- **1.** Who is coming to your school's Career Day? Name three people.
- 2. Where do they work?
- 3. Who do you want to talk to?

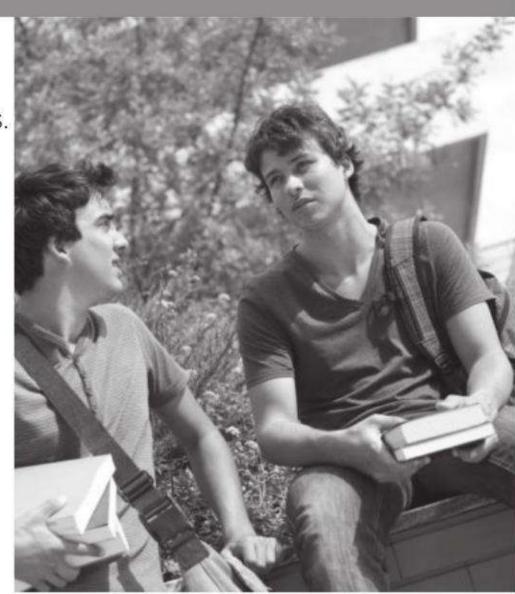


0	0		
Care	eer Day		

10 What's School Like?

A It's the first day of school. Dave and Sean are talking about their new classes. Complete the conversation. Use the words in the box.

fun challenging interesting difficult smart Sean: Here's my new schedule. Dave: Look! I have math class with you. It's my favorite class. It's fun. Do you like math? Sean: No, I don't. It's not easy. It's really
Dave: Look! I have math class with you. It's my favorite class. It's fun. Do you like math? Sean: No, I don't. It's not easy. It's really
It's fun. Do you like math? Sean: No, I don't. It's not easy. It's really
and
Dave: What's your favorite class?
Sean: English is my favorite class.
Dave: I like English, too. It's not boring. It's very
Sean: And look! Mr. Simpkins is teaching the class.
Dave: He's a great teacher. He's, and he's a lot of _



Ali is a new student. He is talking to his new friend, Fahd. Complete the conversation. Use the words in the box.

athletic	tall sho	ort brown	smart		1
Ali:	Who are you	ur friends?			
Fahd:		ing the striped s eam. He's very ₋	CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF STREET		
Ali:	Who is the b	ooy with short _		hair?	1
Fahd:	That's Adna	n. He's in my co	mputer club. H	e has lots o	of friends.
Ali:	What's he lik	ke?			
Fahd:	He's	ar	nd lots of fun.		
Ali:	And who is	the boy with		black hai	ir, in front
Fahd:	His name is	lmad. He's reall	ly	And	he's a ten

مرارة Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

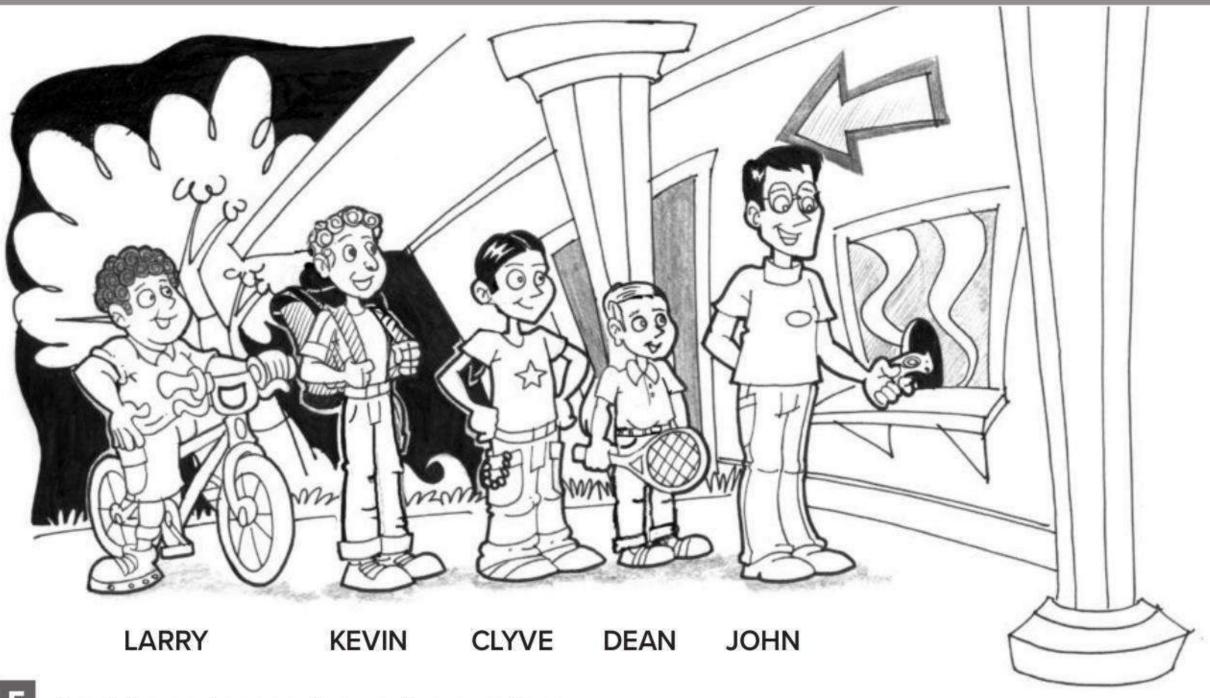
Unit 10

10 What's School Like?

1	1 Ted:	What does Matt look like?		
• _				
	Ted:	Does he play any sports?		
-	Ted:	Isn't Tom in our English class? What does he look like?		
-	Ted: What's he like?			
-	Ahmed:	No, he doesn't. He's in the science club. But his brother, Tom, plays footba		
-	Ahmed:	He's smart and very nice. And he's good at English.		
<u> </u>	Ahmed:	He's tall. He has short black hair. And he has brown eyes.		
-	Ahmed:	Yes, he is. He's tall, too. And he has curly black hair.		
	He doesn's study / you / do	t speak English		
1.	He doesn's	t speak English		
1.	He doesn's	t speak English o / French ce / teach / does		
1.	He doesn's study / you / do Mr. Lee / science	t speak English o / French ce / teach / does		
1. 2. 4.	He doesn's study / you / do Mr. Lee / science	t speak English o / French ce / teach / does s / blond / she faisal / backpack		
1. 2. 4.	He doesn's study / you / do Mr. Lee / science long / hair / has has / red / a / F	t speak English o / French ce / teach / does s / blond / she faisal / backpack ad / hair / short		

SG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2022.indb 226

10 What's School Like?



- Read the sentences. Answer the questions.
 - **1.** One of the people in the picture is Steven's friend. Steven's friend doesn't wear glasses. He is short, and he has short blond hair. What's the name of the friend?
 - 2. One of the people in the picture is Peter's friend. His friend has short black hair and wears glasses. His friend doesn't have a bike. What's the name of his friend?
- Describe the people in the picture.
 - **1.** John _____
 - 2. Dean ____
 - 3. Clyve _____
 - 4. Kevin _____
- 5. Larry _____

Pيلحتاا قرازم Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

Unit 10

Read the text. Write the name in the box next to each person in the teacher's room.

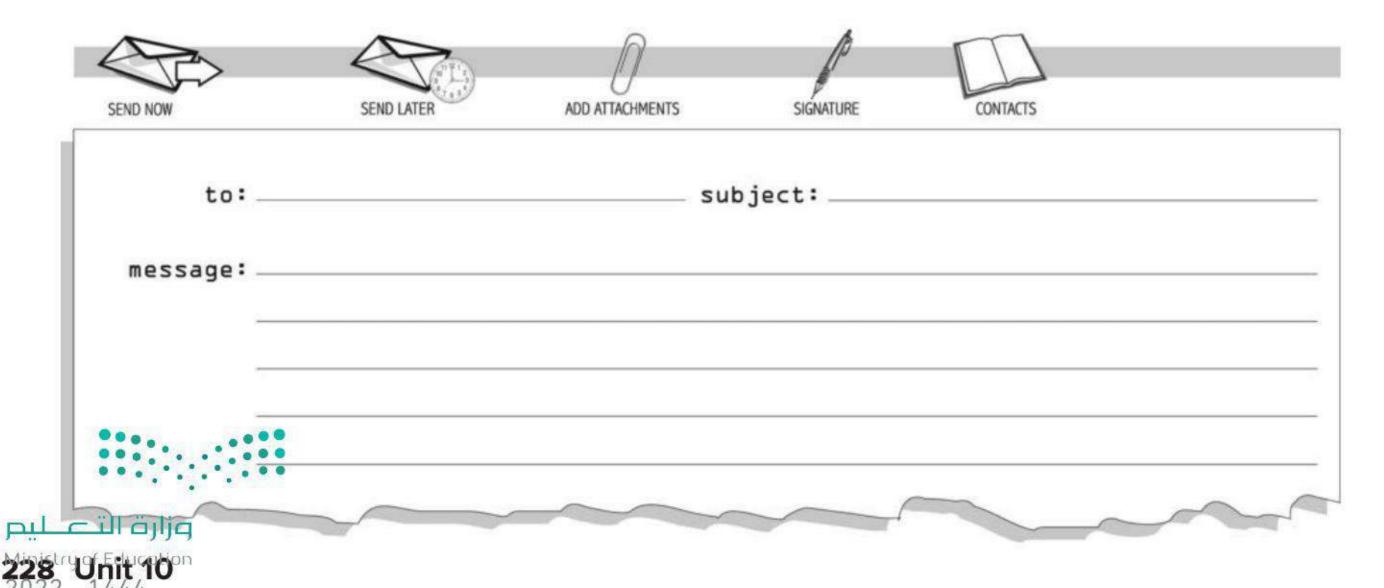


Mr. Fletcher is the history teacher. He has blond hair and wears glasses. Mr. Collins teaches French. He's short, and he has black hair. The math teacher is Mr. Argano. He's very intelligent. He doesn't have any hair. Mr. Johnson is tall and has black hair. He's the PE teacher. Mr. Werner teaches science. He has white hair, and he isn't very tall. He's very nice. Mr. Marsh is tall and thin. He has short blond hair, and he teaches language classes.

WRITING

Write an email to a friend. Write about your school.

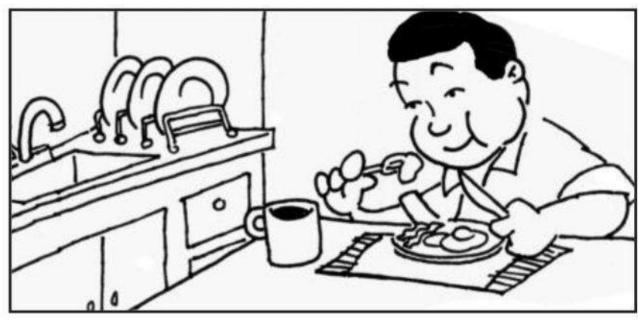
- 1. What subjects do you take?
- 4. Does your school have sports or clubs?
- 2. What is your favorite class?
- 5. What sports or clubs are you in?
- 3. Who are your teachers?



A Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences.



1. Mr. Shaw usually _____ at 6:30 A.M.



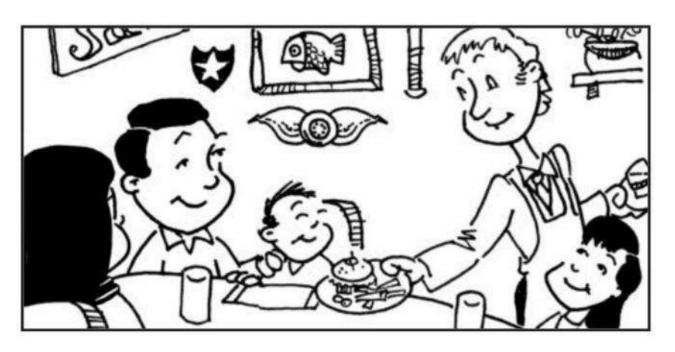
2. He always _____ in the kitchen.



3. The Shaws usually _____ from work and school.



4. Mr. Shaw's children usually ______ in the living room.



5. The Shaws usually _____ at home, but tonight they're eating dinner in a restaurant.



6. Mr. Shaw usually _____ early.



Unit 11

وزارة التعطيم

A: What time is it?	2. A: What time is it?
B: It's five o'clock in the morning. It's 5:00 A.M.	B:
1. A: What time is it?	3. A: What time is it?
B: It's six twenty-five in the evening.	B:
after breakfast, he gets ready for wood He drinks a lot of coffeethe before lunch. He eats lunchtakes a walk and goes back to work	7:00 A.M weekdays, ork. He goes to work 9:00 A.M. he morning at work. He does a lot of work 1:30 P.M. After lunch, he sometimes k until 5:00 P.M. He sometimes drinks tea , he goes home. Then he has dinner. He
	vening. He always goes shopping
usually watches TV the ev Thursday evening.	vening. He always goes shopping Use <i>always</i> , <i>usually</i> , <i>sometimes</i> , and <i>never</i> .
usually watches TV the ev Thursday evening.	
usually watches TV the eventhursday evening. How often do you do these things?	Use <i>always</i> , <i>usually</i> , <i>sometimes</i> , and <i>never</i> .

SG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2022.indb 230

E

Jamal has three part-time jobs. He also plays tennis. Read Jamal's weekday schedule. Then complete the sentences below.

Use these adverbs of frequency: *always*, *usually*, *sometimes*, *never*. Use these time expressions: *before*, *after*, *then*, *every day*, *at*, *in*, *on*.

Jamal's Schedule

	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY
6:00-10:00 A.M.	Drive taxi	Drive taxi	Drive taxi	Drive taxi	Drive taxi
10:00 A.M.– 12:00 noon	Sell cell phones	Sell cell phones	10:00 A.M.– 2:00 P.M. Work at the Internet café	Sell cell phones	Sell cell phones
2:00-3:00 р.м.	Play tennis with Adel		Play tennis with Adel	Play tennis with George	
3:00-6:00 р.м.	Free time	Free time	Free time	Free time	Free time
7:00–11:00 р.м.	Work at the Internet café		Work at the Internet café	Work at the Internet café	Work at the Internet café
12:00 A.M 1:00 A.M.	Watch TV	Watch TV	Watch TV	Watch TV	Watch TV

T	Jamal	always	drives the taxi	in	the morning.	
	1. He	dri	ves the taxi	he s	ells cell phones at th	ne store.
	2. He	pla	ys tennis	his job	at the store.	
	3. He drives the	ne taxi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	4. He drives the	ne taxi	Tuesday	<i>/</i>	he works at the	: Internet
	café	te	en o'clock.			
	5. He	se	ls cell phones	T	uesday.	
	6. Jamal	 	plays tennis	nig	ht.	

مرارة المحالة المحالة

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F READING

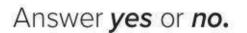
Read the article about Faris.

Faris's Day

It's 5:00 A.M. Is Faris at home sleeping? No, he is at the market. He's buying food for his restaurant. Faris goes to the market six days a week. Then, at 6:30 A.M., he goes to the gym and exercises. At 7:30 A.M., he goes home and goes back to sleep.

Faris goes back to the restaurant at 1:00 P.M. He cooks the food for the day. He writes out the menu for the next day. The restaurant is open from 5:00 P.M. to 11:00 P.M. After 11:00 P.M., Faris cleans the restaurant and the kitchen. He goes home at midnight. Then the next morning he gets up at 5:00 A.M. again.

But on Sunday he never gets up before 8:00 A.M. The restaurant isn't open on Sundays. Does Faris cook on Sundays? No, he doesn't. He always goes out to eat in a restaurant, of course!



- Faris goes to the market at 6:30 A.M.
- 2. _____ Faris sleeps in the morning after the gym.
- 3. _____ Faris goes to his restaurant at 2:00 P.M.
- **4.** _____ Faris goes home at midnight.
- **5.** _____ Faris always eats in his restaurant on Sundays.

G WRITING

Write about your days. Use time expressions and adverbs of frequency.

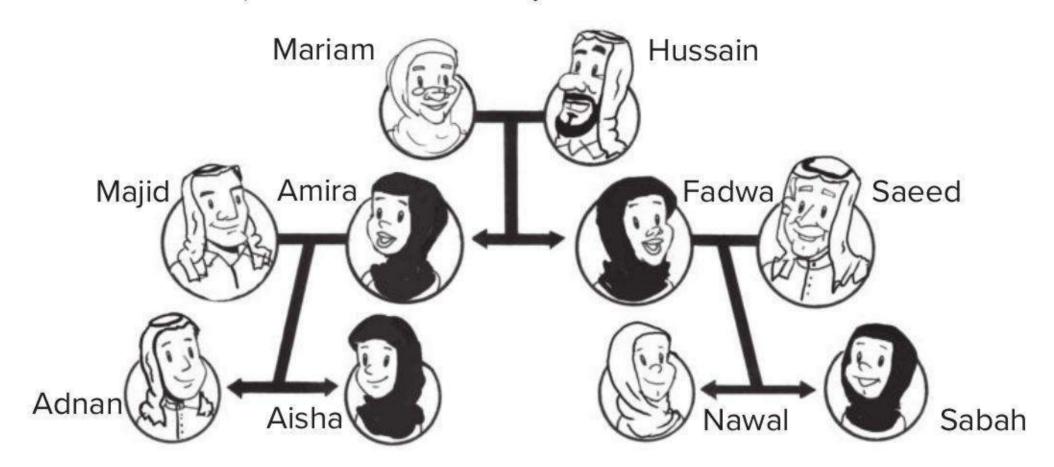
- 1. What do you do before school?
- 2. What do you usually do after school?
- 3. When do you do your homework?
- 4. What days do you see your friends?
- 5. When do you watch TV?





	My Days
-	
1920	
•	13/4/22 6:29 PM

Read. Then answer the questions about the family.



Adnan and Aisha are brother and sister. Their father, Majid, has two brothers. He has no sisters. Their mother, Amira, has no brothers. But she has a sister, Fadwa. Fadwa's husband's name is Saeed. Fadwa and Saeed have two children, Nawal and Sabah. The two families live in a big house with Amira and Fadwa's parents, Mariam and Hussain.

How many children do Majid and Amira have?

They have two children.

- 1. What are their children's names?
- 2. How many aunts do Adnan and Aisha have?
- 3. Does Majid have a brother?
- 4. Nawal and Sabah have an uncle. What's his name?
- 5. Who are Adnan and Aisha's grandparents?
- Complete the sentences. Use *there is*, *there are*, *is there*, or *are there*.
- There are two beds in my cousins' bedroom.
 - 1. _____ a modern kitchen in the house?
- a big garden behind the house.
- 3. _____ a mirror in the bathroom.

Ministry of Education 4. ______books on the table?

EXPANSION Units 6–11

13/4/22 6:29 PM

What are they doing? Complete the sentences.





in a restaurant.

the Internet.

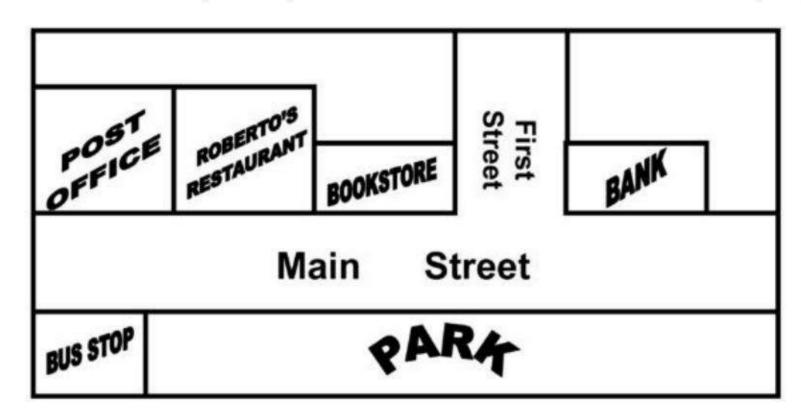






on his cell phone. in his notebook.

Look at the map. Complete the sentences below. Use next to, on, across from, between, and on the corner of.



- 1. The park is _____ Main Street
- 2. The post office is ______ the restaurant.
- 3. The bus stop is ______ the post office.
- 4. Roberto's Restaurant is ______ the post office and the bookstore.
- 5. The bank is ______ First Street and Main Street.
- Help your friend. Complete the directions.
 - Your friend is at the bookstore. Where's the post office?

Turn right on Main Street. The post office is next to the restaurant.

- 1. Your friend is at the post office. Where's the bookstore?
 - _____ on Main Street. The bookstore is _____ the restaurant.
- 2. Your friend is at the bookstore. Where's the bus stop?
 - _____ on Main Street. The bus stop is _____ the post office.
- 3. Your friend is at the bank. Where's Roberto's Restaurant?

on Main Street. Roberto's Restaurant is ______ the bookstore

and the post office. وزارة التعليم

234 EXPANSION Units 6-11

Look at the photos. Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.



3. What do Adel and Fadi do?



2. What does Ibrahim do?

1. What does Hashim do?

4. What does Mr. Badr do?



Write sentences.



hair / long / she / blond / has /.

1. speak / English / he / doesn't / .

2. math / Mr. Hussein / does / teach /?

3. tall / Mr. Wang / is / .

4. hair / have / black / does / he / short /?

5. glasses / wear / you / do /?



She has long blond hair.

Put this conversation in the correct order. Write numbers.



Let's play tennis on Thursday.

OK. See you Thursday afternoon.

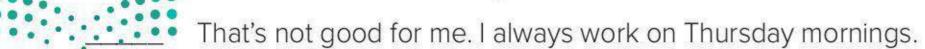
That's fine. I never work in the afternoon.

I usually like to play at 10:00 in the morning.

Sure. What time?



Then how about Thursday afternoon at 3:00?







EXPANSION Units 6–11

Read and answer the questions.

Tariq usually gets up at 7:00 A.M., and gets to work at 8:00. Before work, he always drinks two cups of coffee. At 11:00, Tariq reads his email, and at 12:00 he eats lunch. He usually eats in the cafeteria, but today he is eating at his desk. He never goes to a restaurant for lunch on Sunday through Friday, but on Saturday he always eats lunch or dinner in a restaurant. On Saturday, Tariq likes to go to the gym. Then he reads the newspaper and watches TV. Sometimes he visits friends. On Fridays, he eats a big dinner with his family and goes to sleep early.

1.	What does Tariq never do on weekdays?
2.	What time does he usually get up and get to work?
3.	When does Tariq eat in a restaurant?
4.	What does Tariq always do before work?
5.	What does Tariq do after his visit to the gym?
No	ow tell about you.
	What time do you usually get up?
2.	What do you always do before school?
3.	Where do you usually eat lunch?
4.	What do you never do on Saturday?
5.	What do you sometimes do on the weekend?



A Complete the sentences.



1. Ted likes to ______.



2. They like to ______.



3. Paul likes to ______.



4. Michael and Bob like to _____



5. Jack likes to _____



6. Ahmed and Robert like to ______.

B Which of the following activities do you like? Which don't you like?

to go shopping to watch films to do homework to eat to read to ride a bike to talk on the phone to cook

I like to go shopping.	I don't like to watch films.



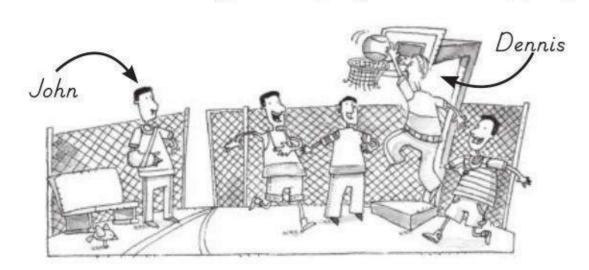
مرارة Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

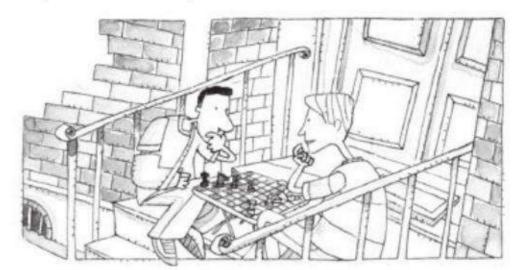
Unit 12

237

Write sentences about John and Dennis. Use can or can't.

Use the following verbs: play basketball, play chess, ride a bike, and skateboard.









John

2. _____

Dennis

2. _____

John and Dennis _____

Complete the sentences. Use likes to, like to, doesn't like to, or don't like to. No, thanks!







1. John _____ ride horses.

4. Dennis _____ fish.

2. Dennis _____ ride horses. 5. Dennis and John _____ run.

_____ fish. **6.** They ______ swim.

وزارة التعطيم

Which of the following activities can you do? Which can't you do	E	Which of the	followina	activities	can voi	u do?	Which	can't	vou	do
--	---	--------------	-----------	------------	---------	-------	-------	-------	-----	----

draw	write stories	make things	ride a bike	
swim	cook	play golf	skateboard	

I can swim.	I can't cook.	

Your ideas:

Luke is writing a story for English class. Look at the photos. Complete the story.

I have lots of friends. They (like)

_____ to do different things.

My friends Patrick and Tony have cell

phones. Patrick (like) _____ to talk on his cell

phone. _____ Tony (like) _____

to talk on his cell phone? No, he ______. Tony (like)

_____ to take photos with his cell phone! My

friend Ryan (like) _____ to surf. He lives in Hawaii and he (can) _____

_____ every day of the year. Tom lives in my apartment building. We live in Arizona.

There aren't any beaches in Arizona. But Tom (like) ______ to surf every day of the year,

too: How? He (can) _____ on the Internet!

مرارة التعطيم Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444



Unit 12

13/4/22 6:29 PM

G READING

The Cousins

Badr lives in Jeddah. He likes sports. He plays basketball every day. He goes to basketball games at school and watches football games and other sports on TV. He likes to

read and play computer games, but he doesn't like malls. He often walks along the sea with his older brother and likes to look at boats and sea birds.

Badr's cousin Imad lives in Riyadh. He likes to watch football games on TV, but he doesn't like to play football. He likes to play basketball. He also likes to watch films and go to malls. He often meets his friends at the mall near his house. They like to go shopping and spend time playing computer games. He doesn't often walk to places, but he likes to exercise in the gym.



Answer the questions.

•	Does Badr like sports?
2.	Does Imad like to play football?
3.	Do the cousins like to watch films?
ŀ.	What do you think that the cousins do when Imad goes to Jeddah?
5.	How are the cousins the same? How are they different?

H WRITING

Tell what you like and don't like to do.

- 1. What is your favorite activity?
- 2. Where do you do it?
- 3. When do you do it?
- 4. Who do you do it with?
- 5. What don't you like to do?
- 6. Why don't you like this activity?

<u>مرارة التعليم</u> 240 Unit 12 on 2022 - 1444

What	Ι	Like	and	Don't L	ike	To	Do
			1000	311-2-31-2-11-2-11-2-11-2-11-2-11-2-11-			

SG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2022.indb 240

A What words complete the sentences?







- 1. In Saudi Arabia, all the women wear
- 2. Saudi men wear
- 3. A businessman usually wears a suit and a
- 4. Basketball players wear
- 5. In cold weather, you need a
- 6. My brother never wears shoes without
- 7. In the summer, Ali wears shorts and
- 8. When it's very cold, Saeed wears

- _____b____s_
 - <u>h</u> <u>s</u>.
 - n k
 - C
- 0 _____.
- ___ <u>a</u> __ <u>d</u> ___ .
- g ____
- Find and circle the word that does not belong.

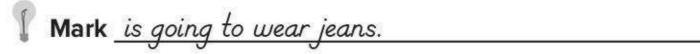
shirt	jeans	blouse	T-shirt
1. shorts	jeans	pants	shirt
2. skirt	blouse	tie	dress
3. coat	sunglasses	jacket	sweater
4. shirt	boots	sandals	shoes
5. dress	jeans	abaya	skirt
6: T-shirt	shirt	gloves	blouse

Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

Look at the photos. Write an affirmative and a negative sentence for each pair of photos.







He isn't going to wear shorts.





1. Amina and her mother ______.





2. Stephanie ______





3. Adnan ______.





4. Steve ______.

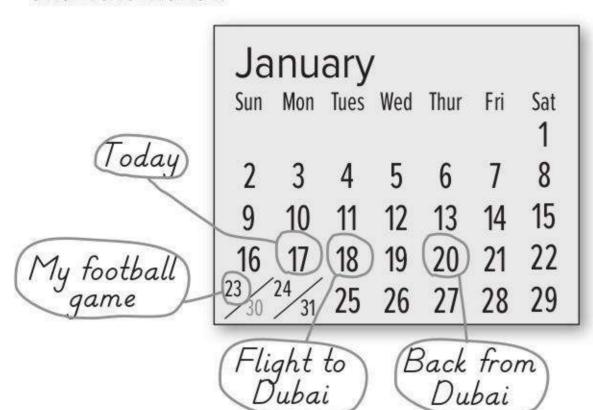




5. Tom______.

<u>مرارة الحطيم</u> 242 Unit 13 ما 2022 - 1444

This is Ashraf's calendar. Tell when he is doing each thing. Use **tomorrow**, **next week**, and **next month**.



	brı Mon			Thur	Fri	Sat	picnio
		1		(3)		NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
20	21	22	(23)	24	25	26	E
	28		~				Engli

1	Ashraf	is going	to fly	to Dubai	tomorrow.
1			• • •		

- **1.** He's _____
- **2.** He's ______.
- **3.** He's ______
- What do you think Ashraf is going to wear to each event? Write your idea.

flight to Dubai He's going to wear jeans, a shirt, and a jacket. 1. to his football game

Complete the sentences. Use words from the box.

2. on the picnic

	am	to go	are	be	going	'm		's	is		
1	A:	Are	_ you going	g to go to	Dubai?	2. A	۱:	Are yo	ou going .		_ at 8:00?
	B: Yes,	I am	<u> </u>			Е	3:	No, I_	- 2 H H H H S S	not.	
	1. A:	What	A	del going	to wear?	3. A			test going ry 18 th ?	g to	on
	B:	He's a sweater.	to	wear jear	ns and	E	B:	No, it	. 8. 8. 2 V. V. V. V	not.	

مرارة المحليم Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

Unit 13

243

G		ook at the photos. What clothes are Jack and Saeed going to wear? Vrite your answers.	
T	Jac	ack is going to the beach.	
	He	le is going to wear shorts and sandals.	
	1.	Saeed is going to the mountains. He	
	2.	Jack is going to run in the park. He	
	3.	3. Jack and Saeed have job interviews in the city.	
		Jack Saeed	
Н	W	WRITING	
	Wı	Write about what you are going to do this week and the clothes you are going to wear.	Week
	1.	. What are you going to do on Sunday at school?	VVEEK
	2.	2. What clothes are you going to wear?	
	3.	What are you doing on Tuesday after school?	
	4.	What clothes are you going to wear?	
	5.	What are you doing on Thursday afternoon?	



6. What clothes are you going to wear?



14 Let's Celebrate





B: That's right! It's _____



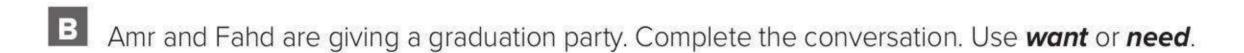
B: It's _____ the 10th day of the 12th Islamic month.

3. A: When is Eid Al-Fitr?

B: It's on the _____

A: What day?

B: The ______ this year.



Amr: Let's have our graduation party at my house on Thursday night.

Fahd: OK. Do you ______ to invite all our friends?

Amr: Yes. We ______ to invite all of them.

We don't _____ any of them to get upset.

Fahd: Are you going to make sandwiches and salads?

Amr: I ______ to make them,

but I _____ to ask my mother first.

Fahd: I ______ to buy a new shirt for the party.

Do you _____ to go to the mall

this afternoon?

Amr: I can't. I ______ to study for a test.

Fahd: I ______ to study for a test too,

but I _____ to go to the mall right now.

Amr: Well, let's go to the mall now and study for the

test later.

وزارة التعطيم Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444



Unit 14 245

14 Let's Celebrate

Ashraf and Saeed are spending the afternoon together. They are planning to go to the mall. Fill in the blanks. Use **me**, **you**, **her**, **him**, **it**, **us**, or **them**.

Saeed: What are we going to do this afternoon?

Ashraf: Let's go to the Prince Nora University Library.

Saeed: How are we going to get there?

Ashraf: My father can drive ______ there.

Let's ask _____.

Saeed: But your father is going to drive your mother to your aunt's house.

Ashraf: No, my older brother is going to drive ______.

Saeed: Okay, then. But I need to be home by 6:00 p.m.

Ashraf: No problem. We can drive _____ home.

Saeed: I just remembered. My brothers are going to be at the library.

They can drive _____ home.

Ashraf: Great! Call and arrange to meet ______ there.

Saeed: Good idea! Let's do ______.



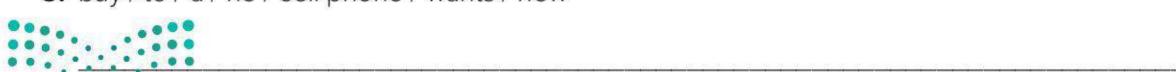
- D Unscramble the sentences.
 - 1. our cousins / us / country home / their / always / invite / to

2. friends / invite / to / want / they / their

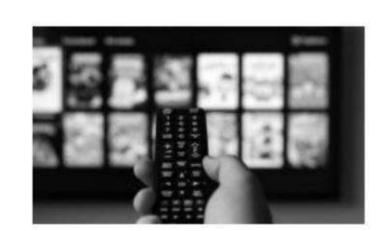
3. they / go / for / need / to / shopping / food

4. want / to / they / have / game console / a / graduation party / at / the

5. buy / to / a / he / cell phone / wants / new

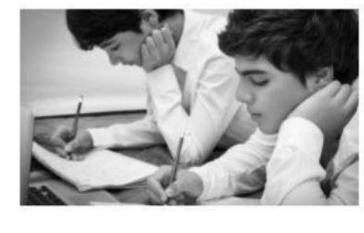


ارة التعطيم **246 Unit 14** م 2022 - 1444 Look at the photos. Write a suggestion for each one.



Let's watch TV

right now.



3. Our history test is next week, but

for it now.



1. Look at Faisal and Badr!

video

games with them.



4. I want to cook a special dish.

on the

Internet for a recipe.



2. Get your racket.



5. I really like your camera.

our

photo with it.

February twenty-sixth

Write the dates. Use words	F	Write	the	dates.	Use	words
----------------------------	---	-------	-----	--------	-----	-------

Kuwait Liberation Day

1. National Day in Oman

2. UAE National Day

3. First day of school this year

4. Last day of school

Ministry of Education **5.** Your country's National Day 2022 - 1444

Unit 14

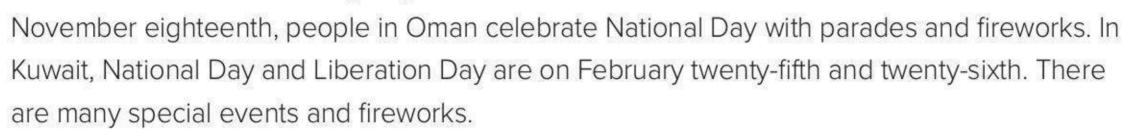
14 Let's Celebrate

G READING

National Holidays

Countries around the world have national holidays. Of course, the holidays are on different days. The ways people celebrate national holidays are sometimes the same.

In the United Arab Emirates, Federation
Day is on December second. People
decorate the streets with bright lights. On



National Day in Saudi Arabia is on September twenty-third. Cities everywhere in the Kingdom have green and white decorations. People fly flags and celebrate in the streets. There are laser shows and lots of cultural events for families.

Answer **yes** or **no**.

8	Kuwait	celebrates	two	national	holiday	son	the	same	da	V
	 Nuvvait	celeniare?	LVVU	Hational	Holludy	5 011	uic	Saille	ua	у.

- 2. _____ There are many events in Saudi Arabia on National Day.
- 3. _____ National Day in Saudi Arabia is celebrated on September 23rd.
- 4. _____ Countries around the world have national holidays on the same day.
- 5. _____ In many countries, people celebrate their national holidays in the streets.

H WRITING

Write about how you want to celebrate your country's national holiday this year.

- 1. What is the national holiday?
- 2. Who celebrates it?
- 3. Where do you want to go to celebrate it?
- **4.** What do you want to do on this day?
- 5. What special foods do you want to eat?



248 Unit 1400



The National Holiday in My Country

15 Then and Now

A Complete the sentences. Use was, wasn't, were, and weren't.



2. Ali ______ good in science, and he still doesn't like it.

3. He and Fahd _____ in the same science class.

4. Fahd ______ a good student.

5. They weren't very good at sports, and so they _____ on the school sports teams.

6. They ______ always on the computer. Now Fahd and Ali have their own Internet café!





1. Ali wasn't good in math in high school.

2. He wasn't usually late to class.

3. Fahd and Ali weren't in the same science class.

4. They weren't interested in computers.

5. They weren't classmates at school.





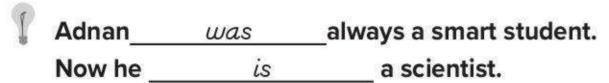


15 Then and Now

Complete the sentences.









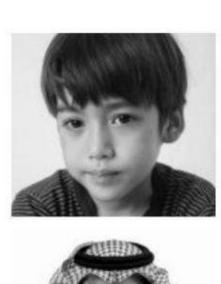


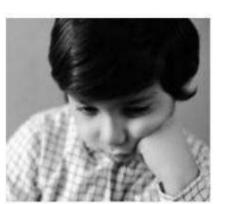
2. Abdullah and Ashraf _____ always good at sports. Now they _____ famous football players.





1. Adel _____ always on the phone. 3. Badr and Khalid _____ good students. Today he _____ a successful reporter.









But today they _____ good doctors!

Complete the conversations.

1. A: Where ______ you born?

B: I ______ born in Riyadh.

B: He ______ born in the UAE.

3. A: Where ______ your cousins born?

B: They ______ born in Canada.

2. A: Where ______ your brother born? 4. A: Where _____ your grandfathers born?

B: They _____ born in Oman, but they _____ raised in Saudi Arabia.



E READING

Omar was born in Tabuk. His family decided to move to Jeddah when he was young. His father was a doctor and he found a job in one of the hospitals in Jeddah.

Omar was a happy child. He was also a good student and made friends very quickly. When he was in high school, he became very interested in computer programming and especially artificial intelligence. He read books and articles and tried to learn as much as possible about it.

Omar knew that his father wanted him to become a doctor and he didn't want to disappoint him, so he decided to talk to him. He told his father what he had learned about artificial intelligence and asked him to help him study and specialize in this area instead of medicine. His father was a wise man. He wanted Omar to study medicine, but he saw that his son was genuinely interested and enthusiastic about artificial intelligence. He promised to do whatever he could to support him.

After graduation, Omar applied at some of the best universities in English-speaking countries. He was accepted by almost all of them. He had a hard time deciding which country and which university to go to. He finally decided to study in the U.S. He made Dean's list in his first year and graduated first in his class. He continued with his post-graduate studies, and he eventually became the leader of a research team after he got his PhD.

Sometimes when he thinks about his life, he can still see himself playing football with his friends in Jeddah. It all seems like a dream to him. For his parents and friends, however, it is a well-deserved and successful career.

Answer yes or no.

1	As a child, Omar was not very easy.
2	As a teenager, Omar was interested in medicine.
3	Artificial intelligence was Omar's favorite area of study
4	Omar applied to universities in the U.S.
5	Omar became the leader of a research team.

Answer the questions. Use short answers.

1.	Was Omar born in Jeddah?	
2.	Was he a good student at school?	
3. 4.	Was he interested in studying medicine? Were his parents in the U.S.?	

Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

15 Then and Now

WRITING

Describe yourself when you were a child and now.

Your picture here		
l	This is me at age	

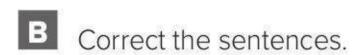
Your picture here		
	This is me now.	
i	This is the now.	



A Make a conversation between Imad and Majid. Number the sentences in the correct order.

1	Imad:	Did you have fun last Saturday?
# <u>" " " "</u> "	lmad:	What did you see?
# <u># # # \$</u>	Imad:	What did you eat?
* ************************************	lmad:	What did you do in the morning?
7	Majid:	I played tennis in the morning,
		and then I visited my uncle.
		We watched a film together in the afternoon
5 -11-11-2	Majid:	We saw an old Star Wars film. It was great!
		Then we went out to a restaurant.
D-10-10-10	Majid:	We had pizza and soda.
·	Majid:	Yes, I did.







4. They didn't see a Star Wars film.

Majid went out with his uncle last Saturday.

1. Majid played football in the morning.

2. Majid and his uncle watched a TV show together.

3. Majid and his uncle ate at home.









3.



6.

C	Look at the pictures.	Tell what Omar did.	Use the past tense	of the verbs in the box
---	-----------------------	---------------------	--------------------	-------------------------

drive	~~	taka	~~			mlavr
arive	go	take	go	see	eat	play

- Last Saturday, my brothers and I ________ to the beach.
 There was a steady wind so we _______ sailing.
 Suddenly, we _______ three dolphins playing near the boat. I ______ some great photos.
 After sailing, we ______ to a restaurant.
 We ______ five apples.
 In the evening, we ______ video games at home.
- Answer these questions. Use short answers.

Did Omar go to the mall?	No, he didn't.
1. Did he take some pictures?	
2. Did they drive to the beach?	
3. Did they see penguins in the sea?4. Did he eat sandwiches?	
ار القارة عند sandwiches? العاد القارة عند عالم القارة عند القارة عند القارة	

254 Unit 16 n

E	Ch	Change the sentences from negative to affirmative.				
	1. Qassim didn't surf last week.					
	2.	Amina didn't talk to her friend last night.				
	3.	Ahmed and Saeed didn't go to the football game.				
	4.	Adel didn't see his cousins last week.				

Write the simple past tense of the verbs. Then circle the words in the puzzle.

Present Tense	Simple Past Tense
go	8
have	
do	
clean	
buy	
see	
paint	
drink	H-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0

5. Sabah didn't get up early yesterday.

_										
	S	t	r	b	0	u	g	h	t	а
	S	а	r	С		е	а	n	е	d
l	а	У	d	i		С	S	W	q	1
l	W	r	i	t	į	p	W	е	n	t
l	а	g	d	S	е	У	W	n	W	h
l	d	r	а	n	k	W	V	р	Z	а
	p	а	İ	n	t	е	d	W	t	d
L										









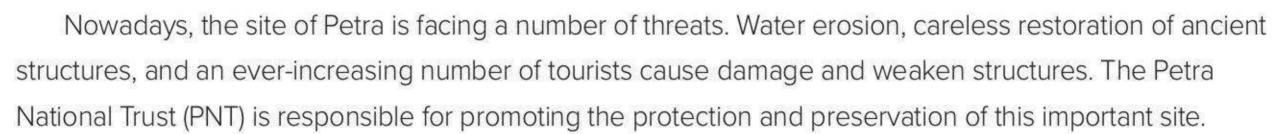
G READING

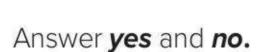
The City of Petra

The city of Petra was established around the 6th century, as the capital city of the Nabataeans. It is now the symbol of Jordan, and it is a popular tourist attraction. Petra became a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1985.

Petra, described as "a rose-red city half as old as time," is famous for its unique rock cut architecture and its ancient irrigation system. It was included on the BBC list of "40 places you have to see," encouraging more people to visit it.

Petra was like a natural fortress protected by the rocks around it. The city owed its prosperity and success to the ability of the Nabataeans to control the water supply from floods. The water was stored and sold to travelers and other towns.





- 1. _____ Petra became a World Heritage Site in 1958.
- 2. _____ The BBC considered Petra one of the most important places in the world.
- **3.** _____ The city of Petra is a popular tourist attraction in Jordan.
- 4. _____ People there used to store and sell water in ancient times.
- **5.** _____ Careless erosion is the main cause of damage in Petra.

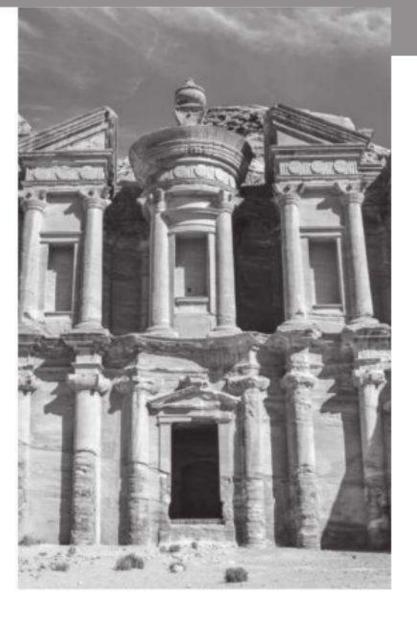
H WRITING

Write about your favorite place when you were a child.

- 1. What was it called?
- 2. Where was it? Describe it.
- 3. How old/new was it?
- 4. What did you do there?

5. Is it different now? Why?

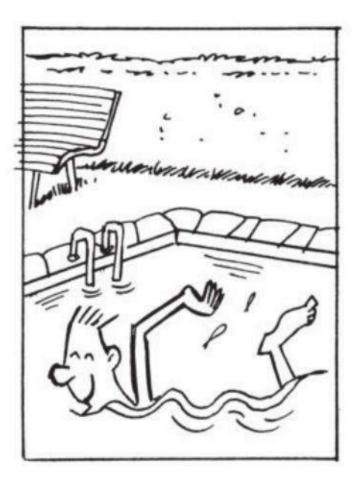
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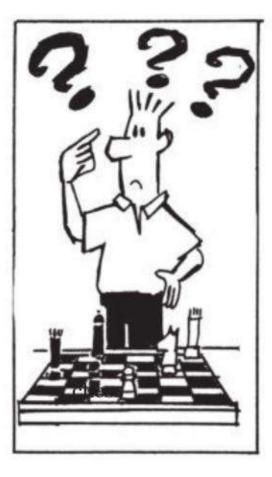


	My Fa	ivorite 1	Place		
-					
-					
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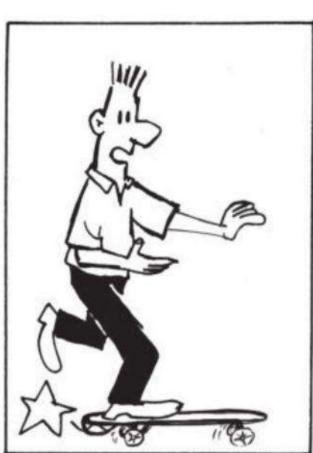
EXPANSION Units 12–16

Write about Bill. What are two things he can do? What are two things he can't do?









1				
2	 	: 10: 25 × 30 × 30 × 10 × 10 × 20 × 20		
3				
4.				

Now tell about you. Draw one thing you can do and one thing you can't do.

What are four things you can do?

- 1.

What are four things you can't do?



وزارة التعطيم Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444



EXPANSION Units 12–16

С	Look at the photos.	Complete the sentences.							
		ne park. He is wearing a wh							
		York City. Jeffrey is wearing e, and a							
	3. Alex is going to tand a pair of								
	4. It's raining, and J								
	5. Sam is going to a job interview. He is wearing a new								
D	What is Faris going	to wear? Write your ideas.							
P	to the gym	He's going to wear a T-s	shirt, shorts, and sno	eakers to the gym.					
Е	Complete the sentences. Choose from <i>me</i> , <i>you</i> , <i>him</i> , <i>her</i> , <i>it</i> , <i>us</i> , and <i>them</i> .								
	1. Noura wants a b								
	2. Don't call	tonight. I'm goir	ng to bed early.						
	3. We are hungry. F	3. We are hungry. Please give some food.							
	4. Khalid and Imad	like to get email. Write to _	at	khalimad@mail.com.					
• •	5. Ali likes graduati	like to get email. Write to _ on parties. Invite	to your par	ty. I can send					
الت	his email addres	S.							

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258 EXPANSION Units 12–16

EXPANSION Units 12–16

P	/ \									
=		k was on vacation. Today he is telling his friend about his trip. Complete the conversation. the verbs come , go , and have . Use short answers.								
	Mark:	I was in Washington, D.C., last weekend.								
	Derek:	ek: Did you a good time?								
	Mark:	Mark: Yes, I did. I a wonderful time.								
	Derek:	Where								
	Mark:	Mark: Ito the Capitol Building and the Air and Space Museum.								
	Derek:	Derek: you to the White House?								
	Mark:	No, I	I saw it from the street.							
	Derek:	When	you home?							
	Mark:	1	home early Monday morning.							
				O						
3	Read the	ead the story. Then answer the questions.								
	School in the United States									
	My name is Ahmed. I am from Saudi Arabia. I studied in the United									
	States for	States for a year. It was a great experience for me. I got up at seven o'clock								
	every d	every day, I ate a big breakfast, and then I took the school bus. The classes								
	were interesting, and I learned a lot. My English wasn't very good at first,									
	but the	out the teachers and other students helped me. Lusually had lunch in the								

1. How long was Ahmed in the United States?

the best players on the team. I can run fast.

2. Did Ahmed always eat a big or small breakfast?

cafeteria. The food was OK, but not great. After school, I played baseball.

At first, I didn't play very well, but I learned quickly. In the end, I was one of

3. What was his English like at first?

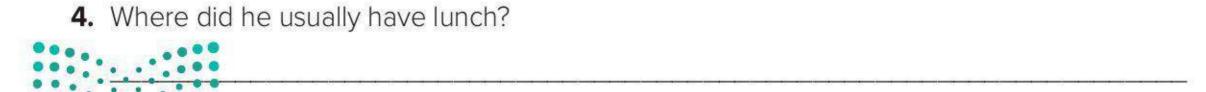






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